

Dynamic Jahn-Teller effect in the expanded fullerenes Cs₃C₆₀

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The mechanism of superconductivity in fulleride superconductors (A₃C₆₀, where A is an alkali metal) is being reconsidered from BCS towards another model, similar to cuprates: a phase diagram where an antiferromagnetic Mott insulator is changing into a strongly correlated superconductor. Typical model systems are the so-called expanded fullerenes where Mott localization happens because the distance between fullerene ions exceeds a critical value. Two cubic Cs₃C₆₀ polymorphs (A15 and fcc)¹ are the newest members of this class, with transition temperatures around 35 K at a few kilobars. The normal state of these compounds is low-spin ($S=1/2$) indicating a spin-pairing mechanism for which the Jahn-Teller-effect was proposed. We will present evidence by infrared spectroscopy for a dynamic Jahn-Teller effect in the insulating state of the expanded fullerene Cs₃C₆₀ in the temperature range 28-480 K at ambient pressure. Jahn-Teller distortions of the size ~ 0.04 Angstroms can be easily detected by vibrational spectroscopy, due to the symmetry lowering of the fullerene balls. The temperature dependence of the spectra can be explained by a molecular effect, the gradual transformation of two temperature-dependent solid-state conformers to a single one, typical and unique for Jahn-Teller systems in solids.² These results unequivocally establish the relevance of the dynamic Jahn-Teller effect overcoming Hund's rule local exchange interactions, leading to a magnetic Mott-Jahn-Teller insulator.³

¹ Y. Takabayashi, A.Y. Ganin, P. Jeglic, D. Arcon, T. Takano, Y. Iwasa, Y. Ohishi, M. Takata, N. Takeshita, K. Prassides, M.J. Rosseinsky: *Science* 323, 1585 (2009)

² I.B. Bersuker: "The Jahn-Teller Effect", Cambridge University Press, 2006

³ M. Capone, M. Fabrizio, C. Castellani, E. Tosatti: *Rev. Mod. Phys.* 81, 943 (2009)

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