



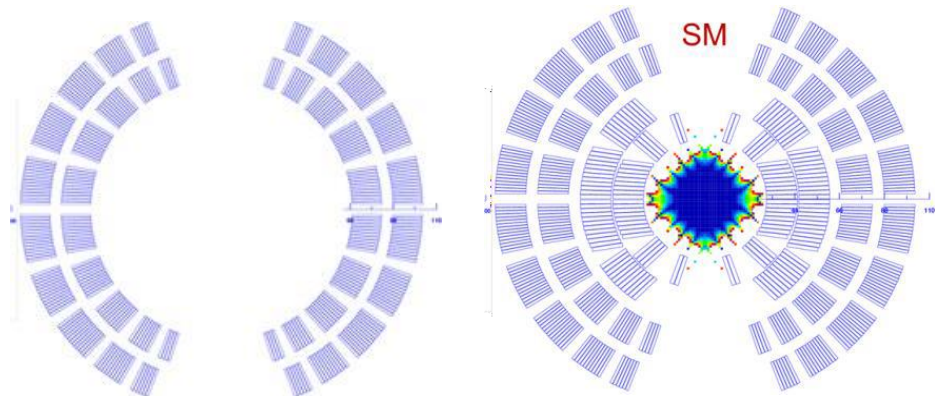
**U.S. MAGNET
DEVELOPMENT
PROGRAM**

SMCT coil status

Igor Novitski
MDP General Meeting
11/9/2022

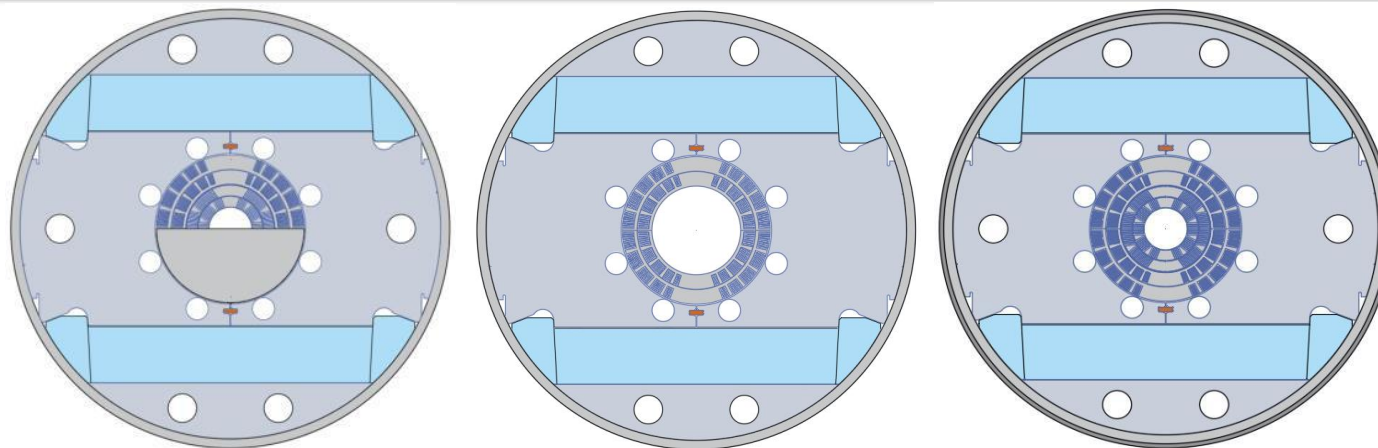


Introduction – Nb₃Sn SMCT R&D goals and milestones



ID=120 mm, $B_{des} \sim 11$ T

ID=60 mm, $B_{des} \sim 17$ T



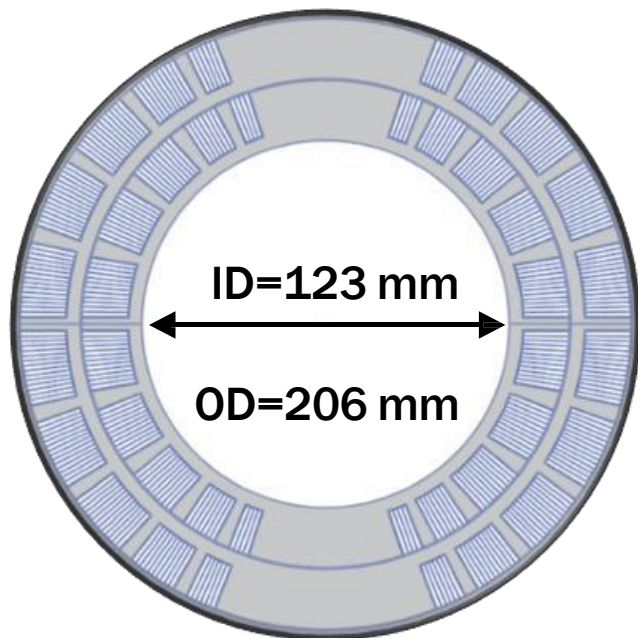
Cos-theta dipole coils with stress management

- Development and test of stress management concept using a 2-layer large-aperture and 4-layer small-aperture cos-theta coils and dipole mirror structure.
- Development, fabrication and test of stress management concept in a 2-layer 120-mm dipole with the field up to 11 T.
- Assembly and test of stress-management concept in a 4-layer 60-mm dipole with the field up to 17 T.

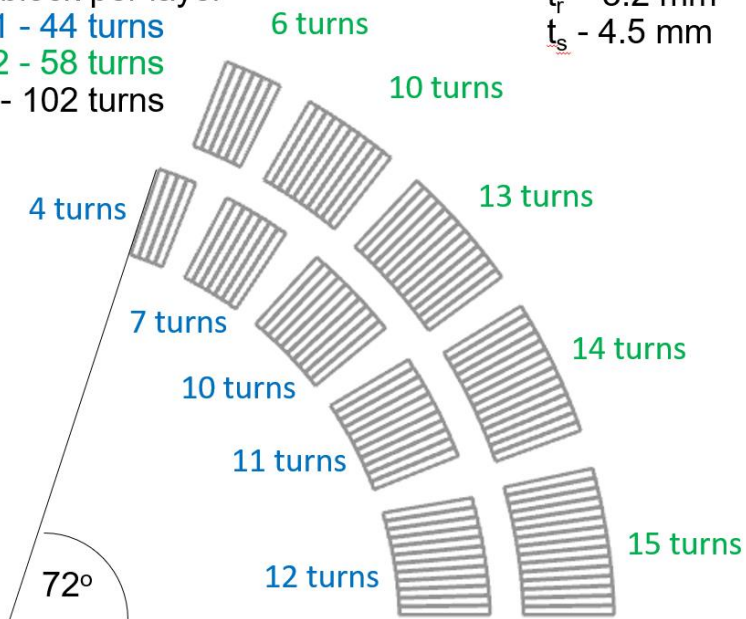


SMCT coil design and parameters

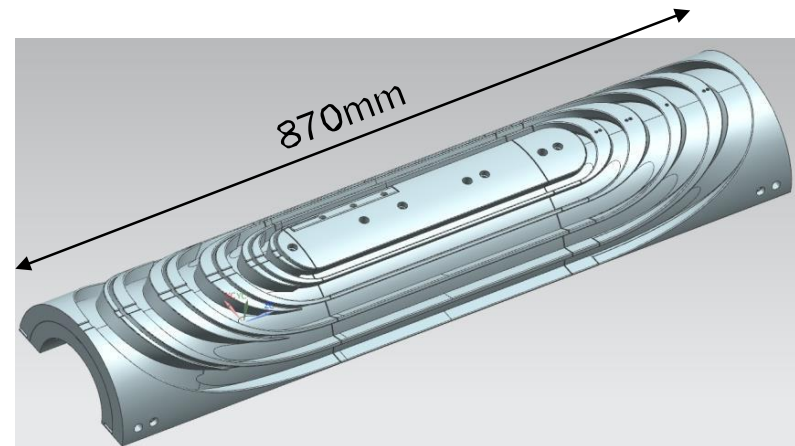
Large aperture dipole coil



5 block per layer
L1 - 44 turns
L2 - 58 turns
 Σ - 102 turns



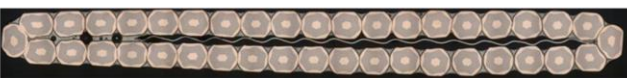
Stress management for whole coil using stainless steel mandrels



Nb₃Sn Rutherford cable

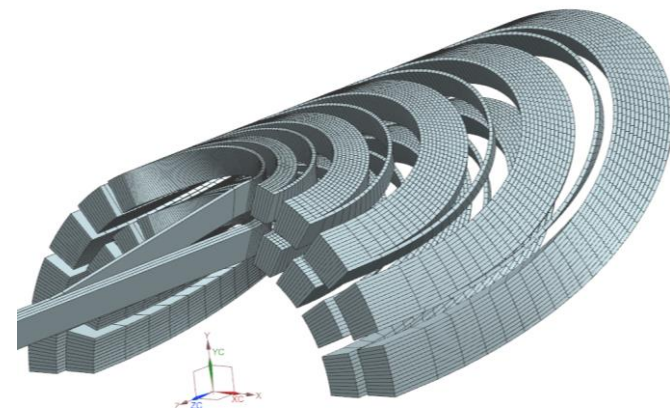


0.7 mm RRP108/127
40-strand cable with SS core from 11T coils



reacted dimensions: 15.1x1.319 mm
 $J_c(12T, 4.2K) = 2650A/mm^2$

Insulation thickness per side:
cable - 0.15 mm
groove - 0.36 mm

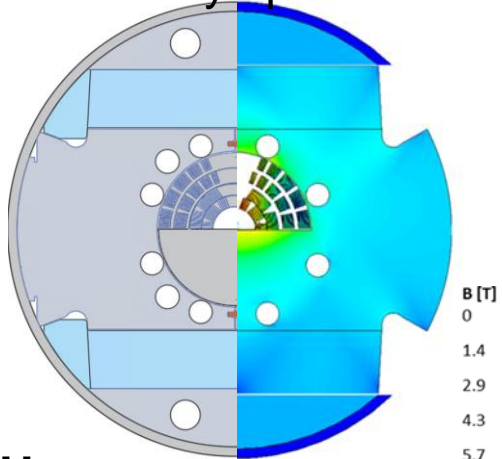


Cable layout at Lead End with ramp

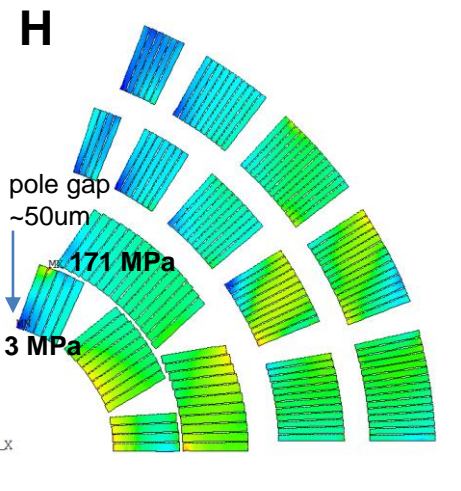
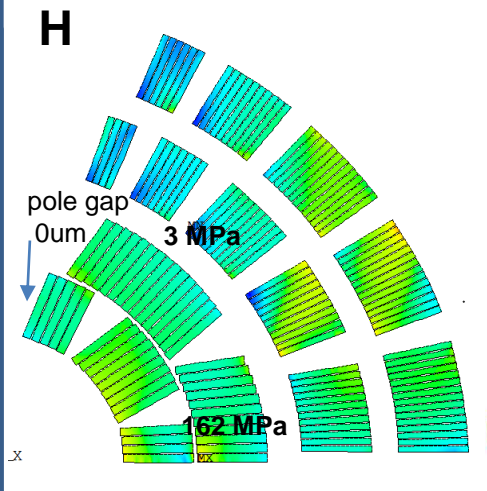
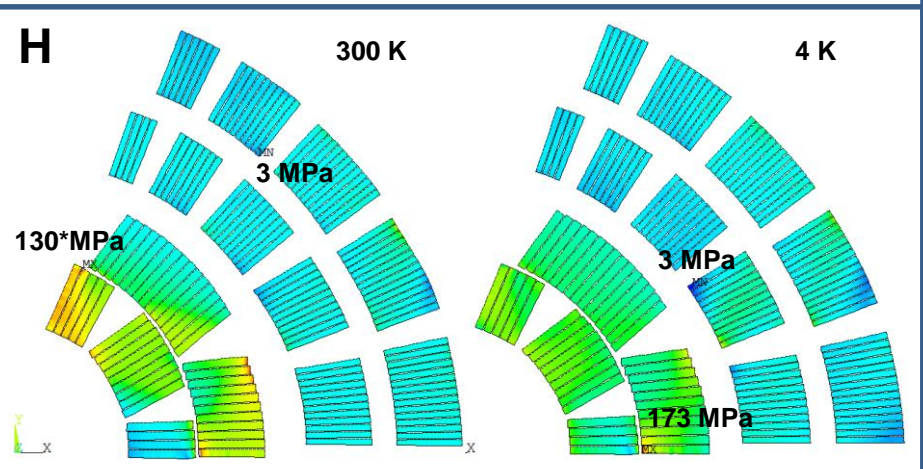
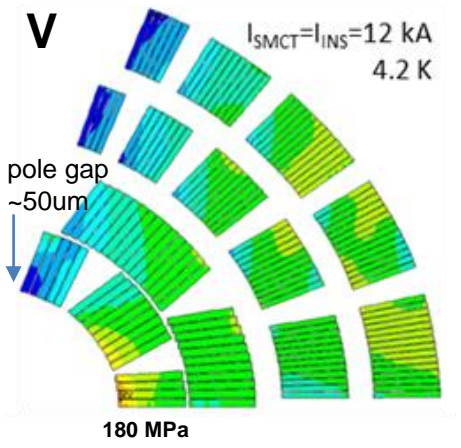
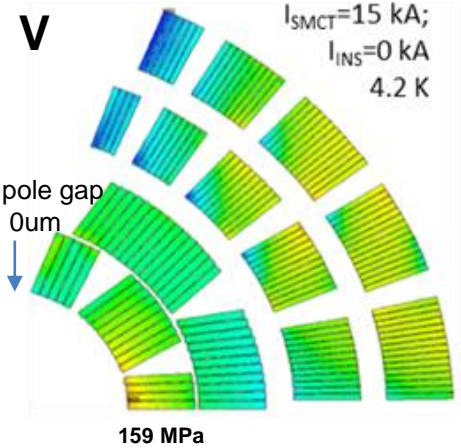
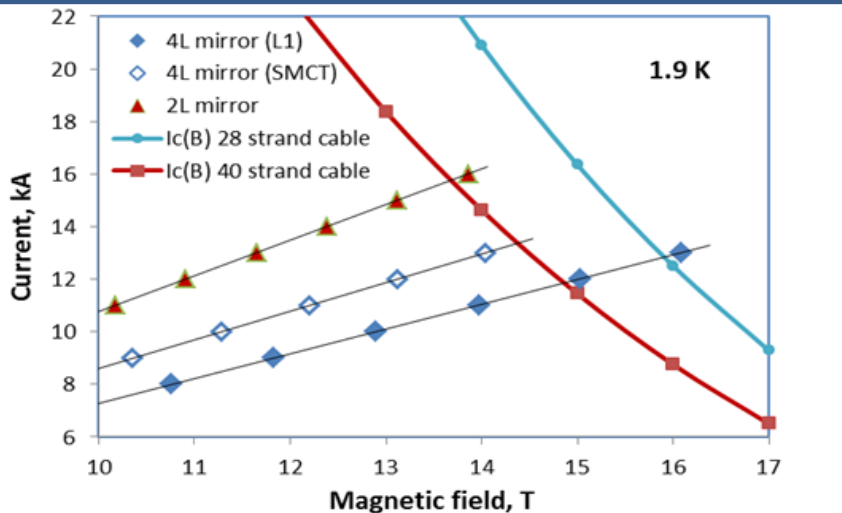
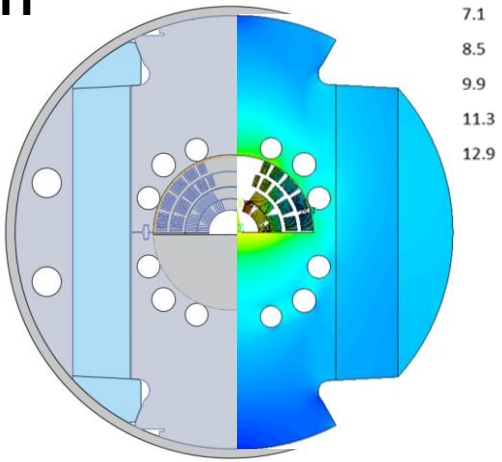


Magnetic and mechanical analysis

V-vertically split iron



H

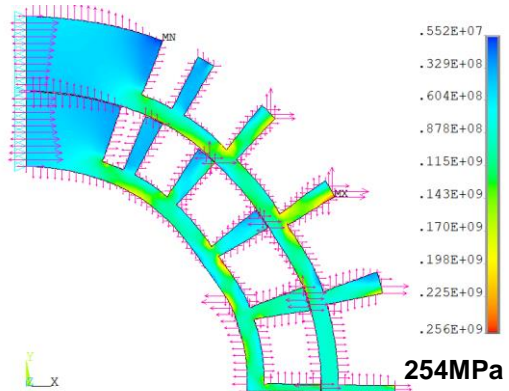


Coil loading with 130MPa (pick) at 300K leads to 180MPa at max current of 12kA for 4-layer case in two designs

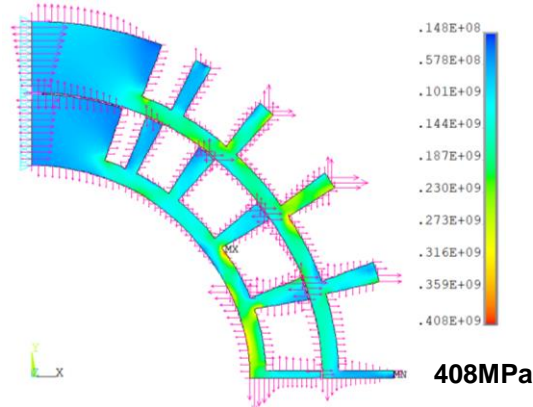


Mechanical analysis

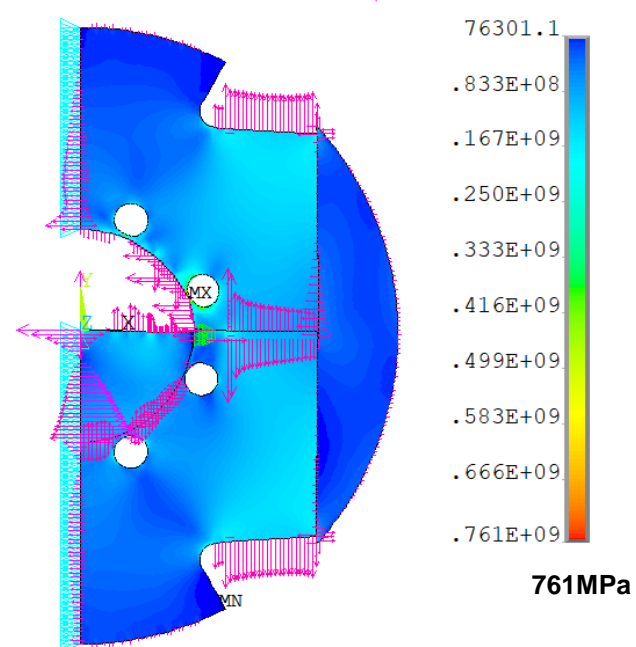
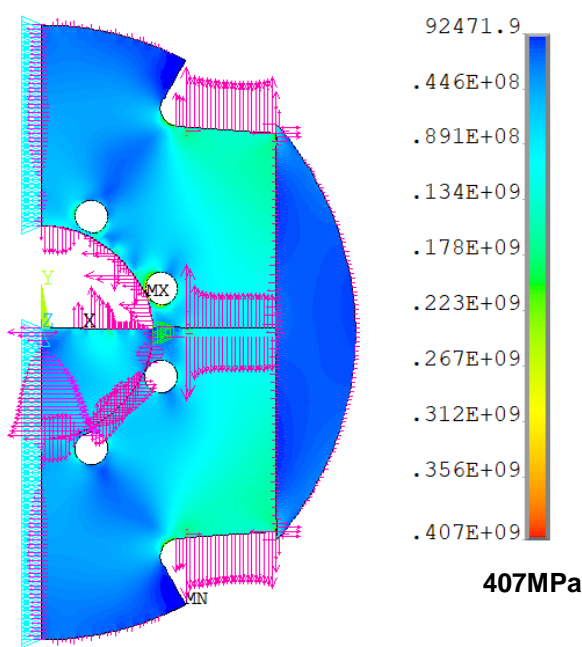
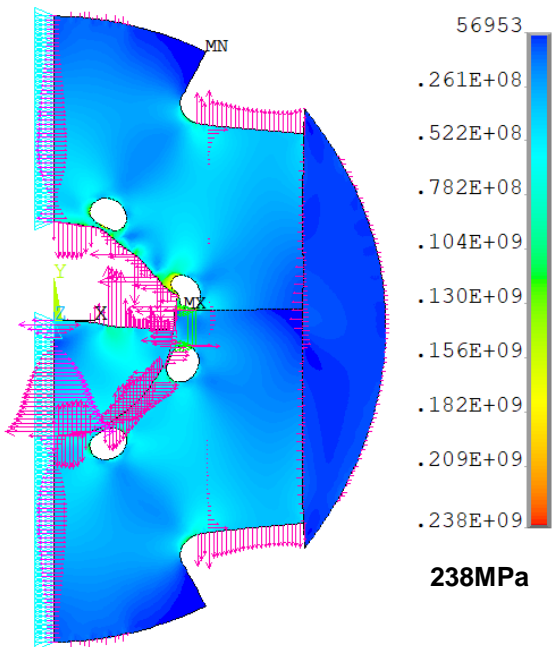
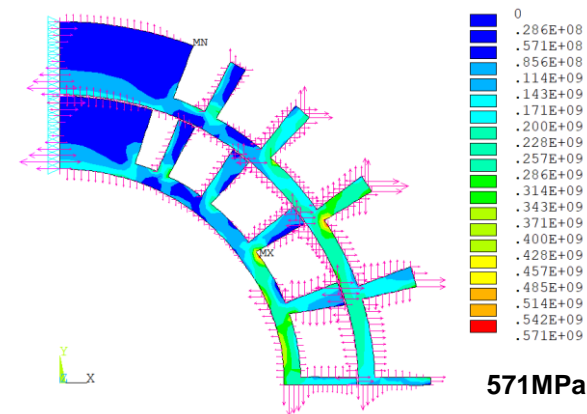
300 K



4 K



4 K + Bmax





Practice coil SM structure



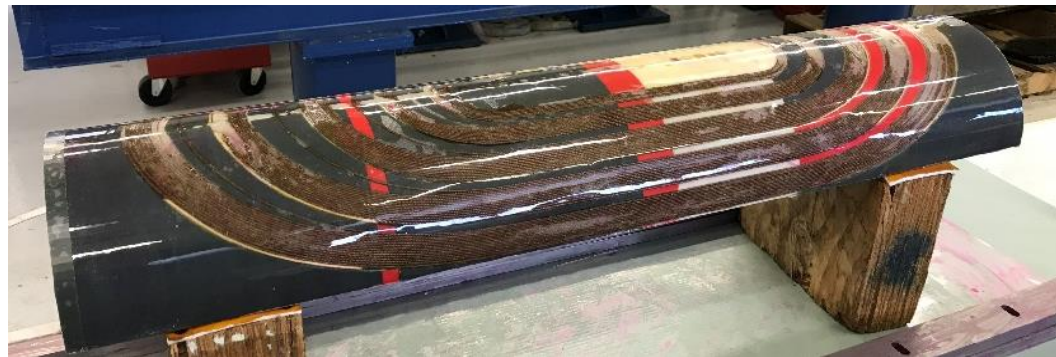
Printed plastic parts for inner and outer layers



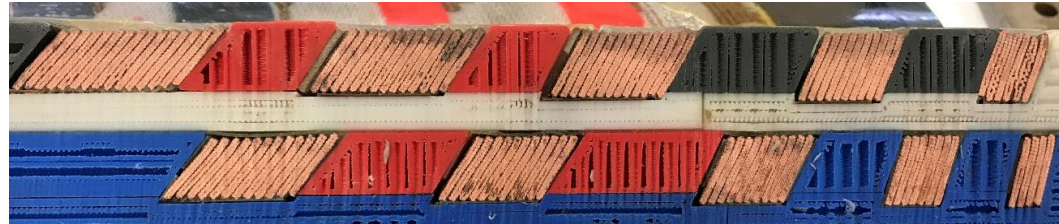
Coil winding process



- Plastic coil parts printed on site
- Copper cable with real insulation
- Winding in slot
- Room for cable expansion during reaction



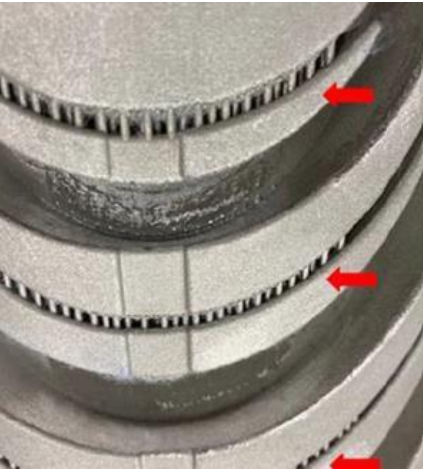
Impregnated coil



Cable turn positioning at the coil return end



SMCT coil part fabrication by GE Additive



Direct Metal Laser Melting (DMLM) technology

- 316L stainless steel powder
- Vertical orientation of end part printing:
 - reduce the number of prints
 - require support of some surfaces (red arrows)

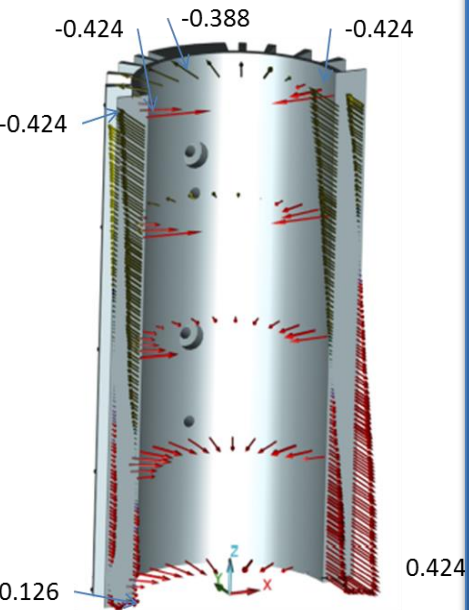
SMCT coil parts printed as two-layer cylinders

- surface support inside large blocks has been removed at GE Additive
- narrow inter block channels in LE with surface supports were removed at Fermilab

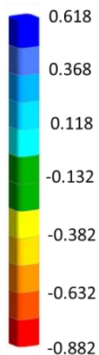
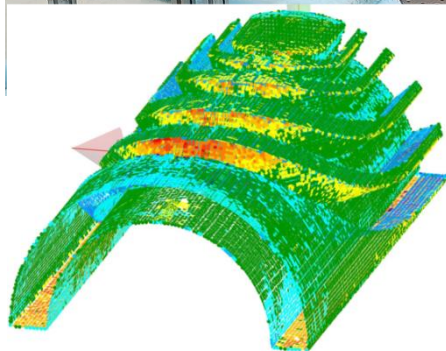
Contact signed in December 2020, parts delivered in February 2021

SMCT Coil structure measurement and postprocessing

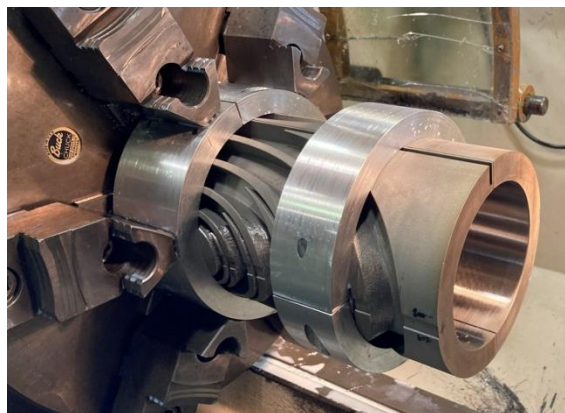
CMM measurements of surface deviation from CAD of SMCT coil straight section.



Laser Scanning measurements of surface deviation from CAD.



Inner coil ID increase and adding pole slots and technological holes.



SM part
post-
processing

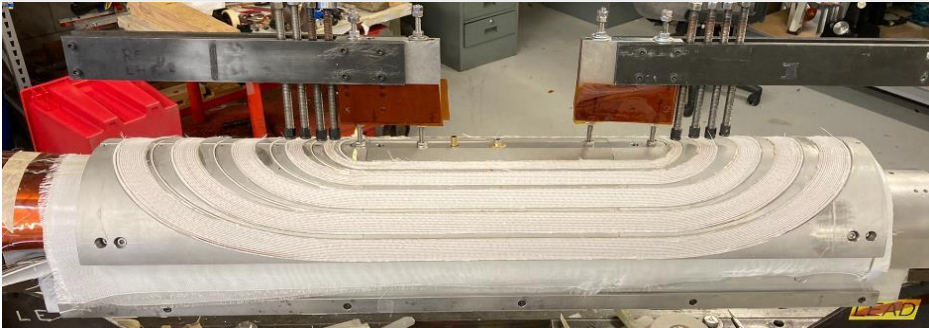




Coil winding and reaction



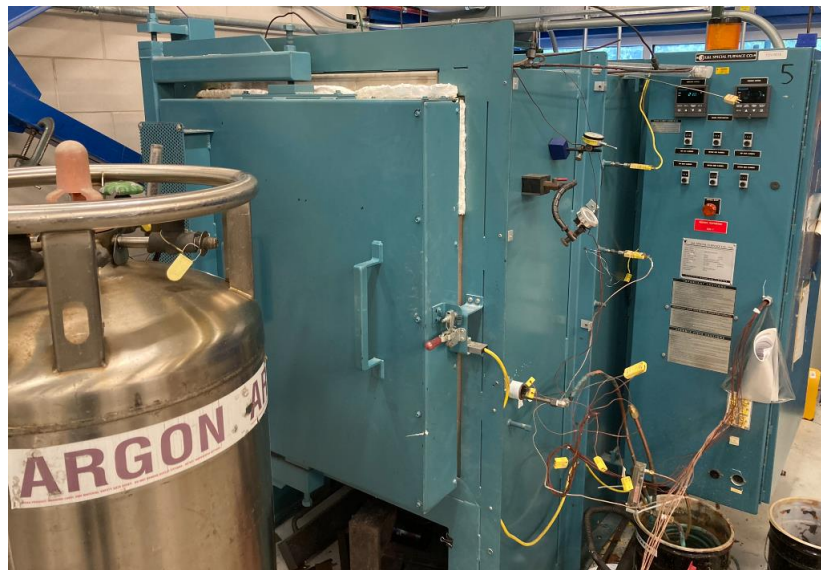
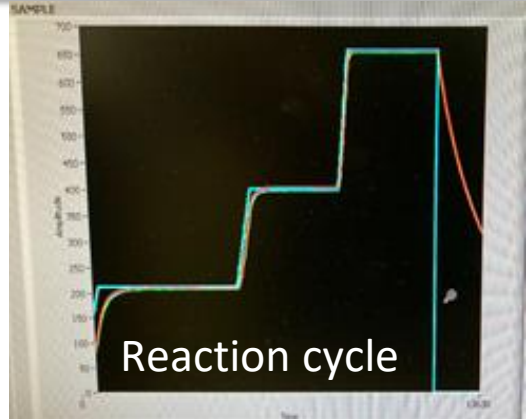
Coil winding process



Completed coil winding



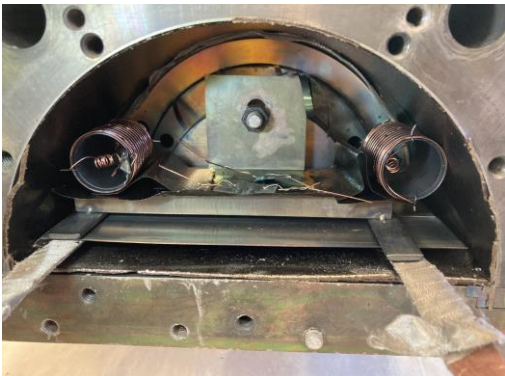
Reaction tooling on the loading cart



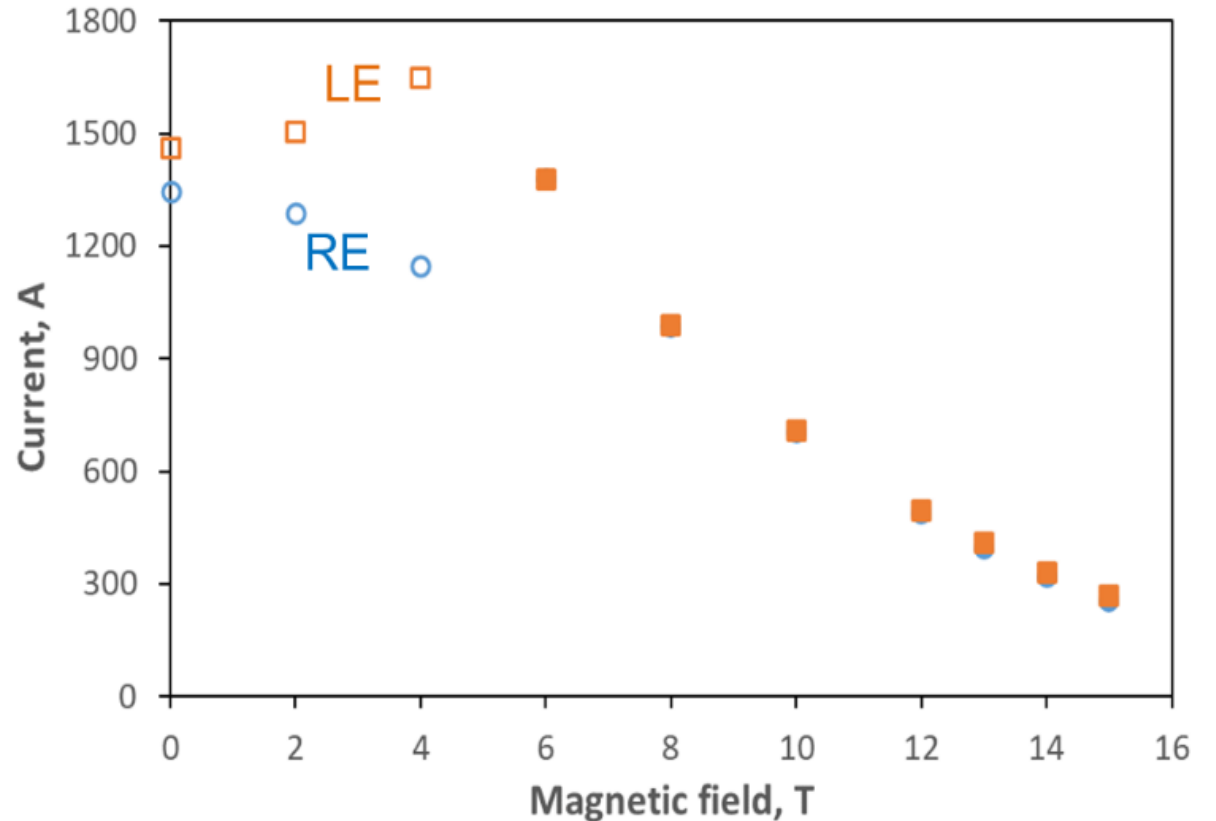
Coil reaction in argon atmosphere

Witness Sample test results

- I_c vs B for two witness samples are shown in Figure
 - SMCT coil I_c at 15 T is 254 A for the RE and 268 A for the LE
 - I_c data are in a good agreement with WS data for the three 15 T dipole outer coils 266 A, 256 A and 258 A which used the same cable and were reacted ~4-5 years ago
- Instabilities are seen at low fields below 6 T. The level of instability currents is well above the coil operation currents.
- The WS RRR values measured at 19 K are 156 and 101 for the LE and 77 and 74 for the RE
 - Measurements for two 15 T outer coils were within 70-100.



Two witness samples at LE and RE in the reaction fixture





NbTi leads splicing



Nb3Sn cable trimming



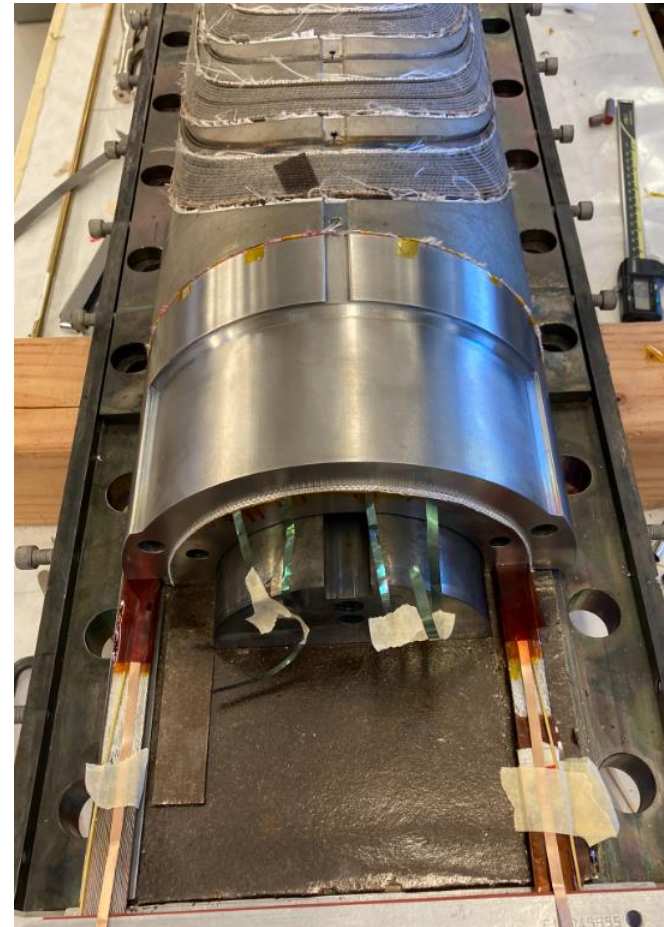
Nb3Sn cable pre-tinning



Splicing
setup



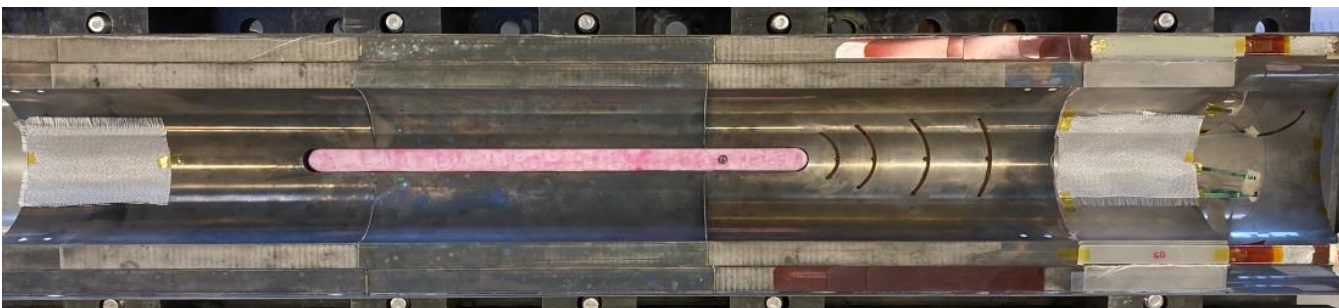
Splice with VTs



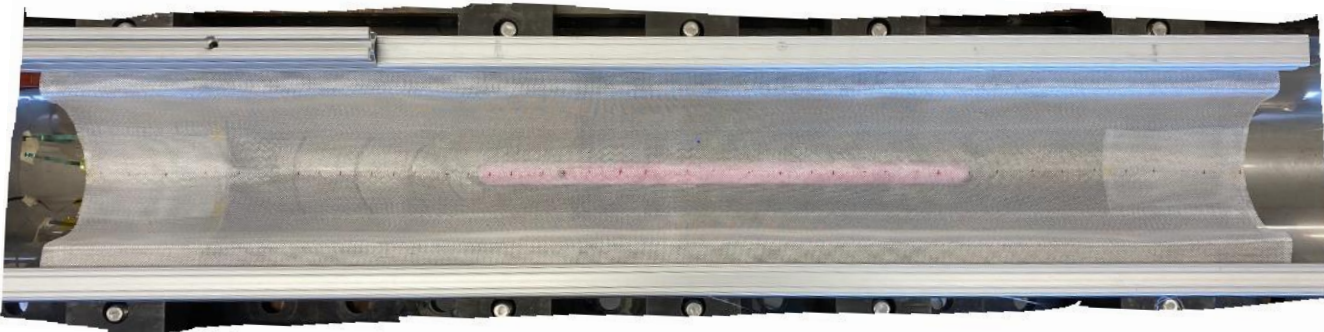
Splice blocks installed



Preparation of surfaces for impregnation

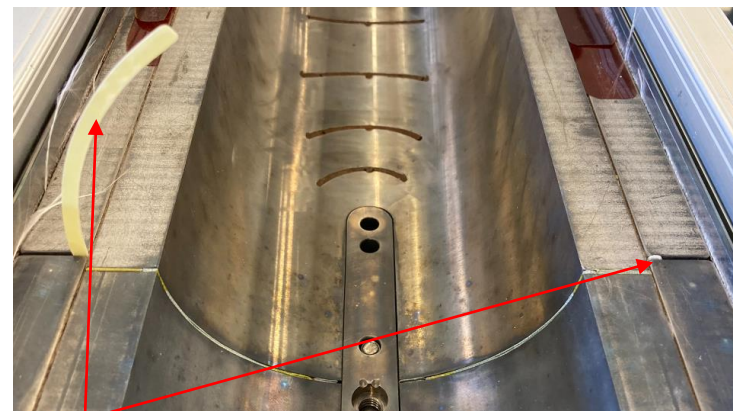


ID view

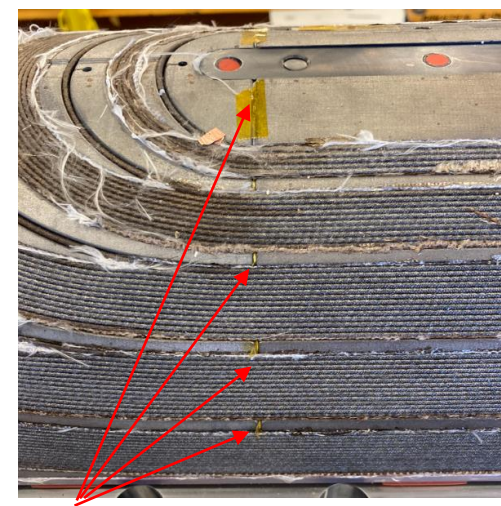
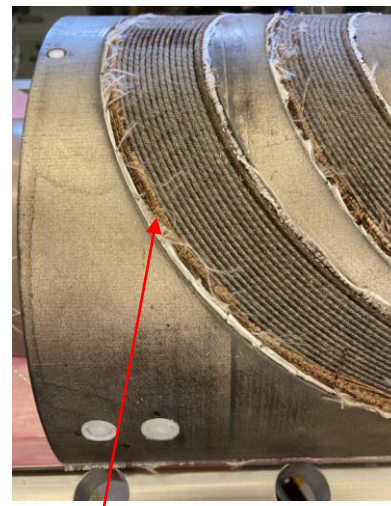


S2 blanket covers inside surface and MPs

All accessible gaps were filled with S2 or G10 plugs
Teflon and silicon fillers protect technological grooves and holes



G10 filler insertion into interlayer space

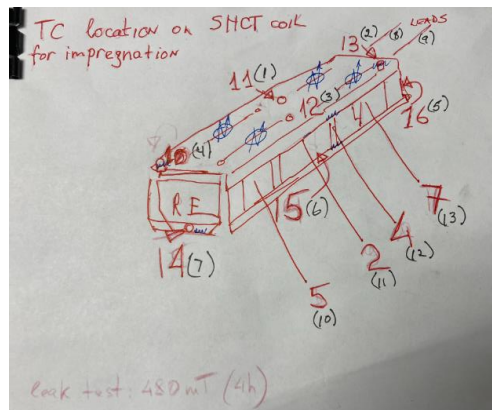


S2 fillers at RE area and G10 between metal parts

Coil impregnation using AUP procedure



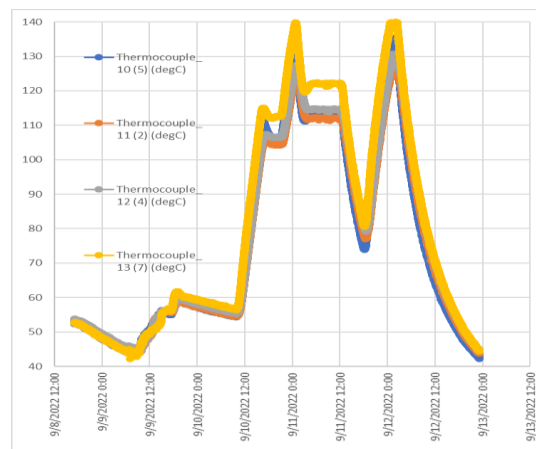
Impregnation fixture



TC's location schematic



Impregnation setup in the vacuum oven

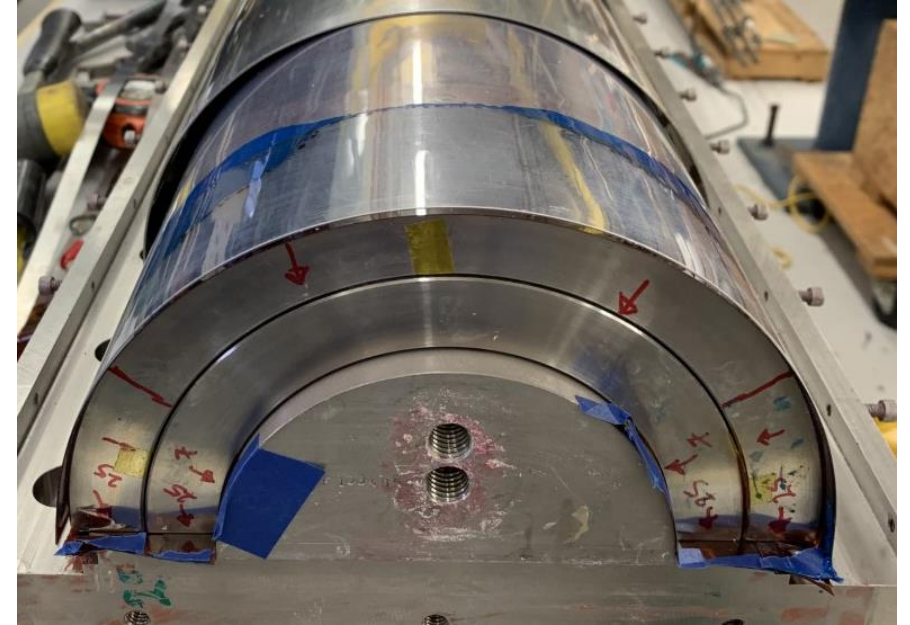
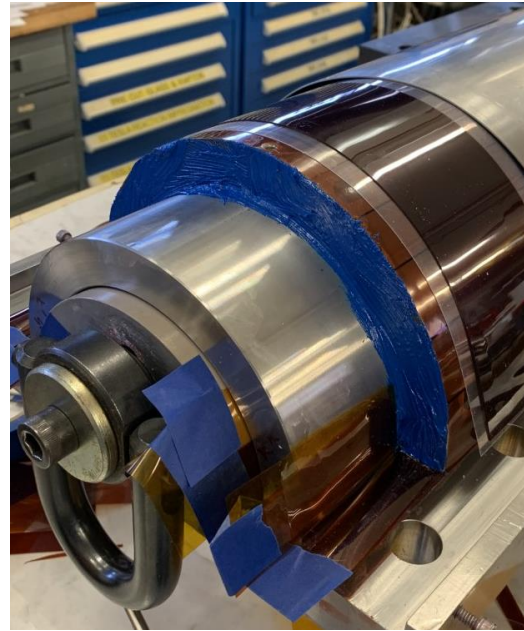
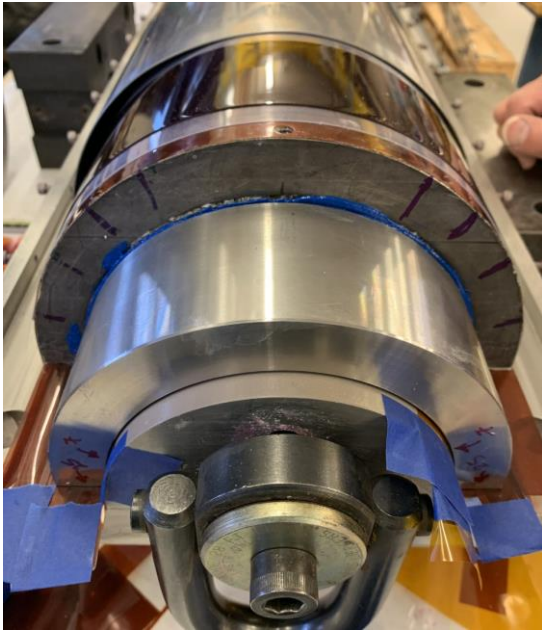


Epoxy curing cycle



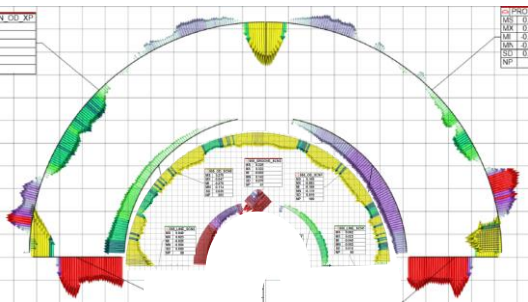
Impregnated SMCT coil

Coil RE extension

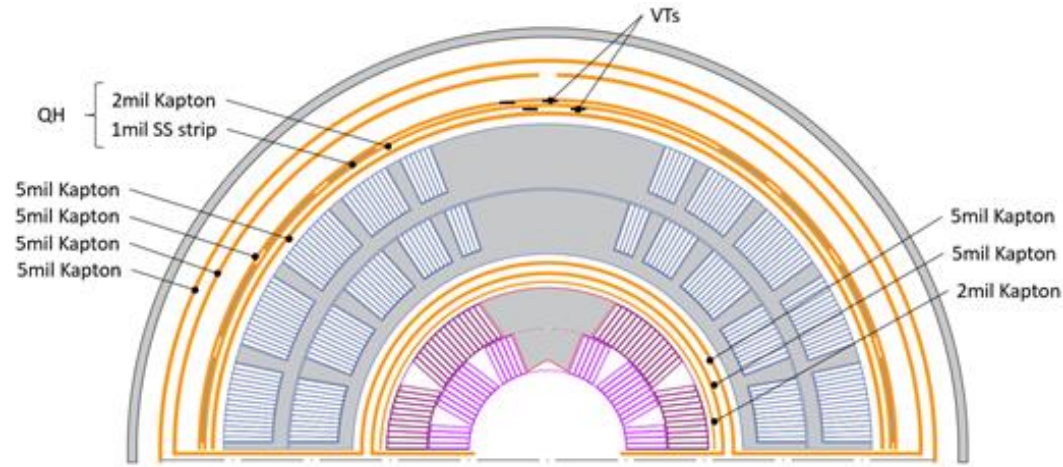


The length of the coil has been increased by two metal extensions on the RE to match the size of the inner coil. The process is carried out in an impregnation fixture using Stycast as an adhesive.

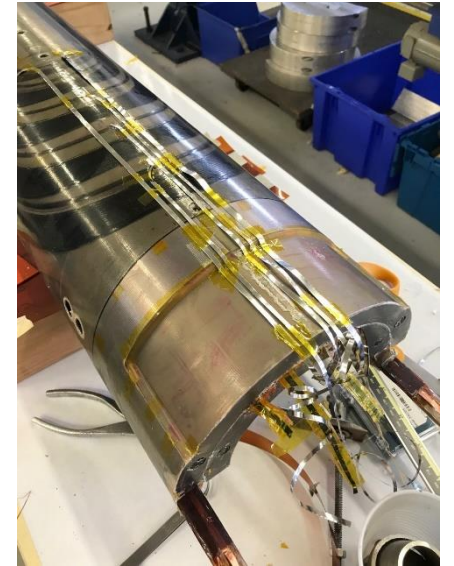
Coil measurements, instrumentation and insulation



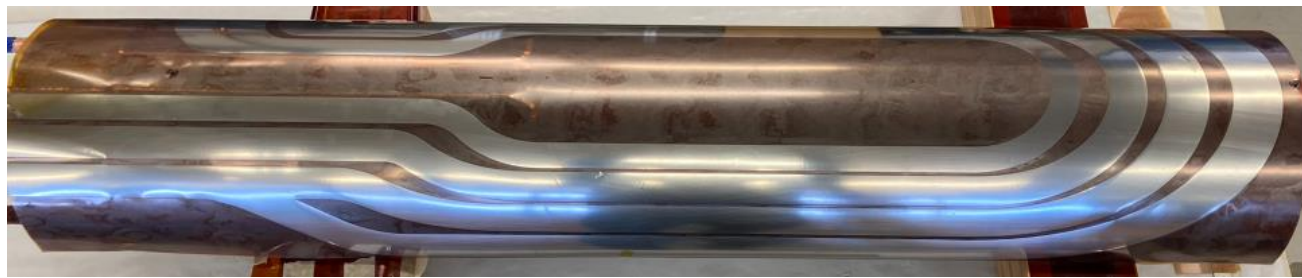
CMM of impregnated coils



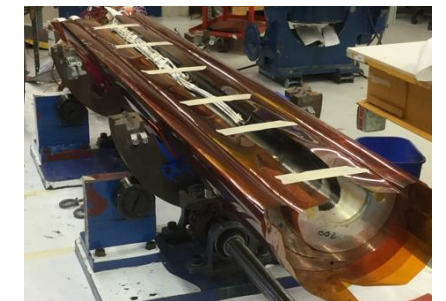
Coil ground insulation and instrumentation schematic



VT's location on OD



Protection heater for SM coil

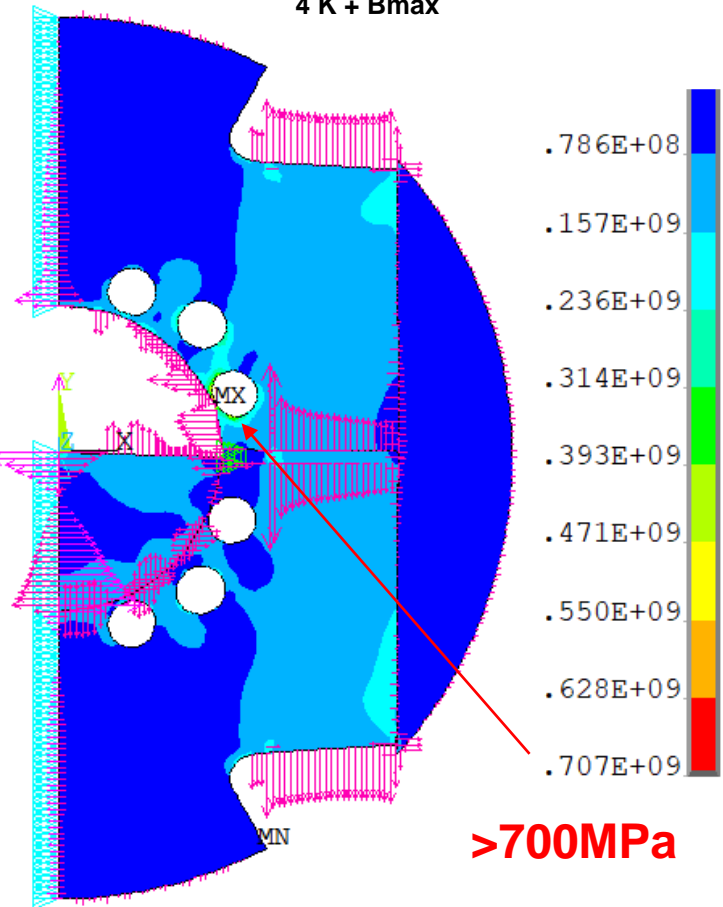


Coil block insulation

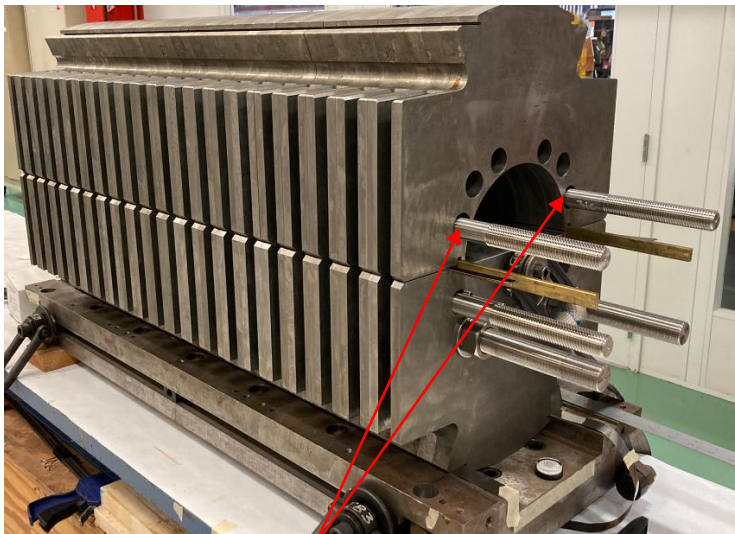


Mechanical analysis – yoke lamination

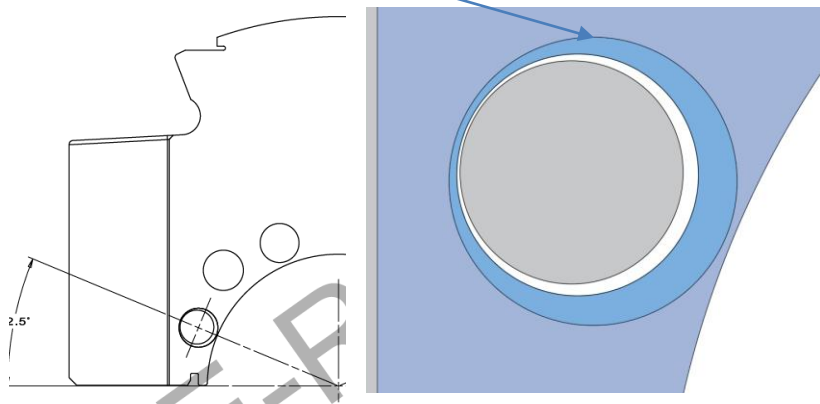
4 K + Bmax



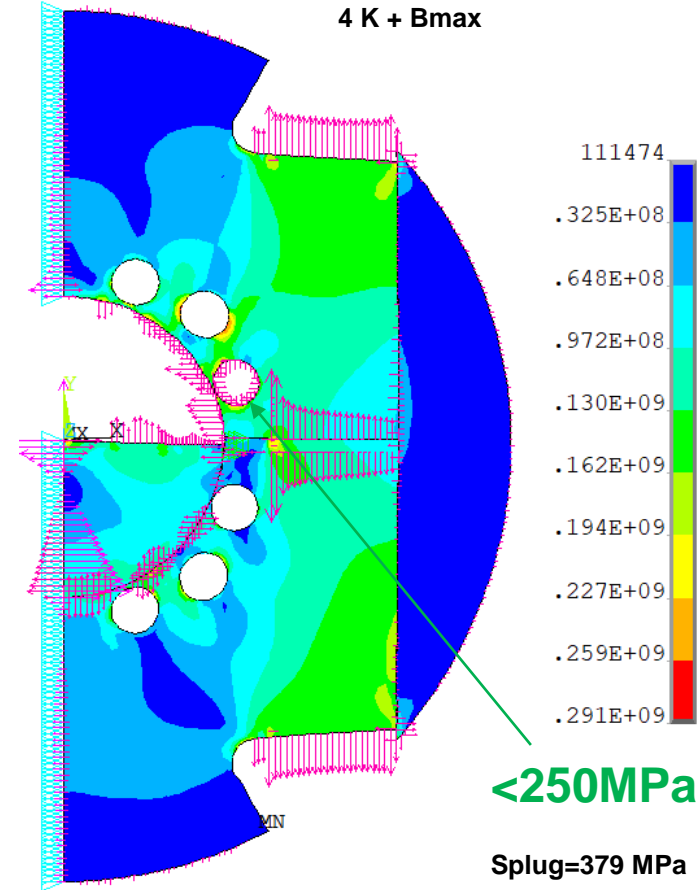
Stresses in iron lamination



Steel plugs for two holes



4 K + Bmax

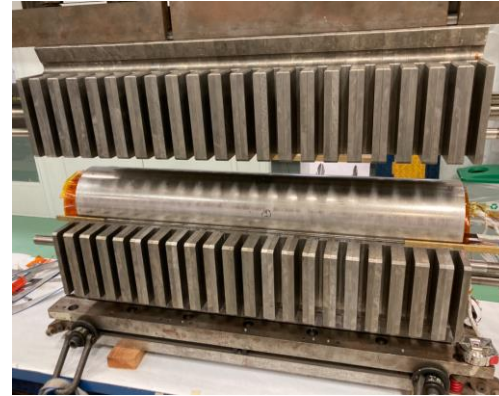


Stresses in iron lamination with steel plug will decrease by ~2.5 times

Mirror assembly steps



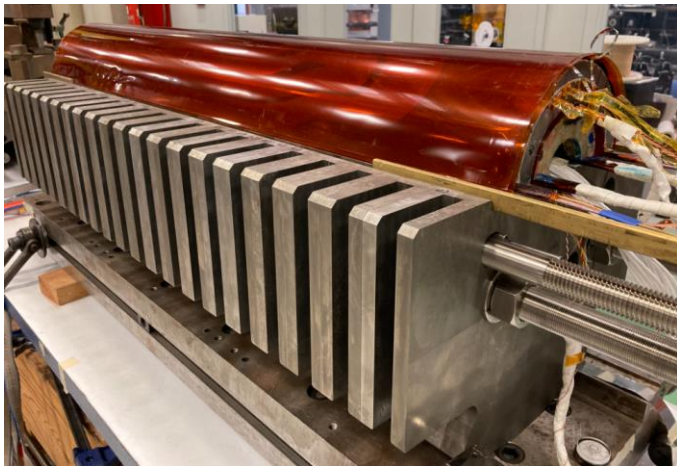
Mirror insertion into the lower yoke



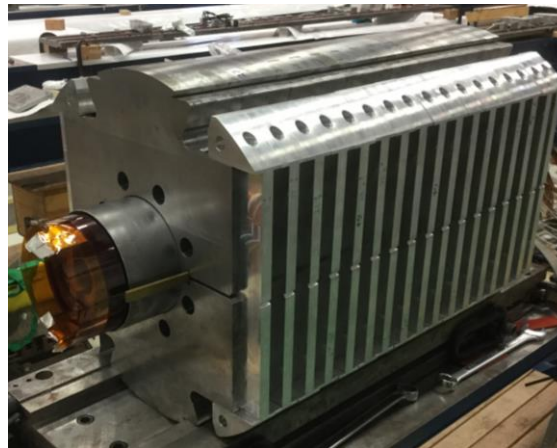
Iron yoke assembly



Skin welding*



Coil block on the mirror



Iron yoke clamping*



Ends loading and electrical connections*

* planned

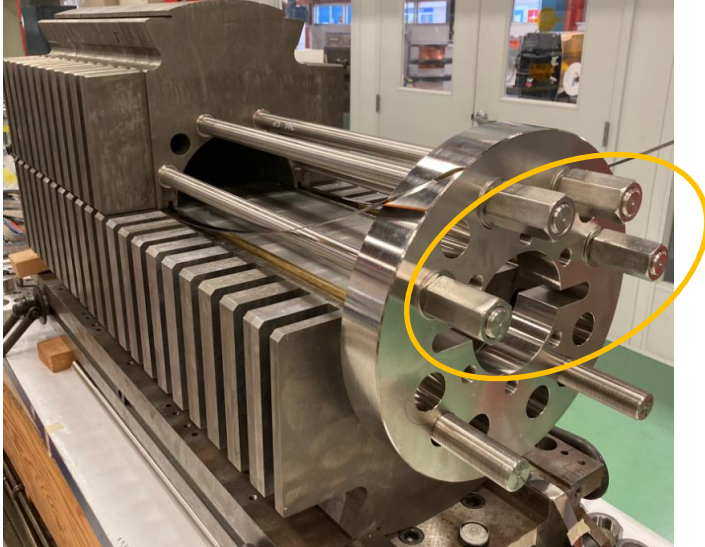


Structure Status

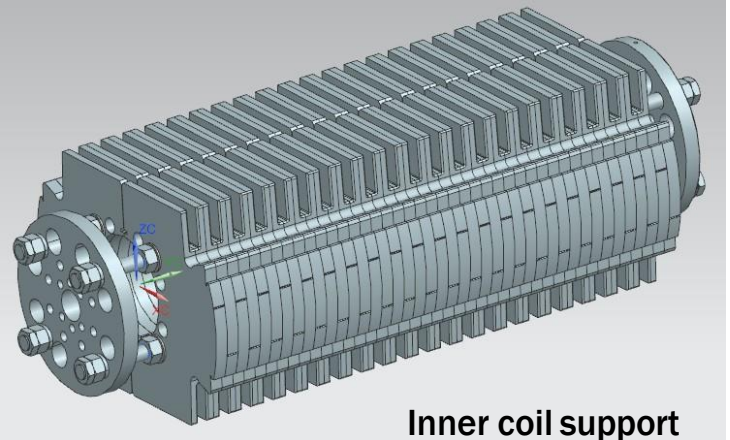
- End support parts in house
- Assembly prechecked
- All parts will be reused from the 15T magnet structure



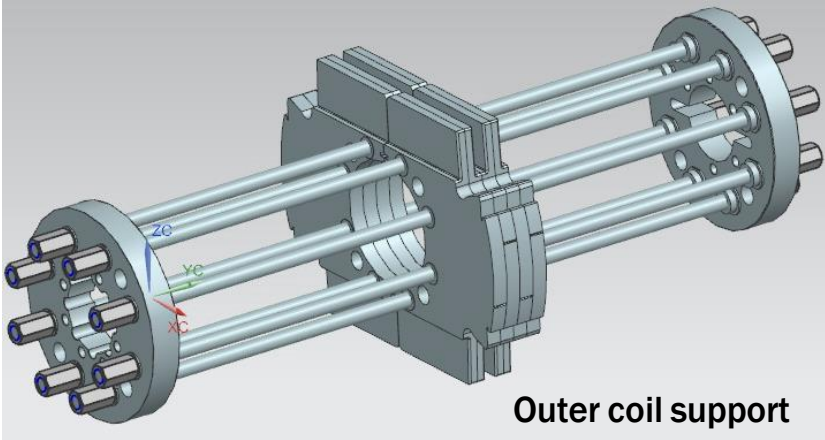
Inner coil support attaching to the iron ends



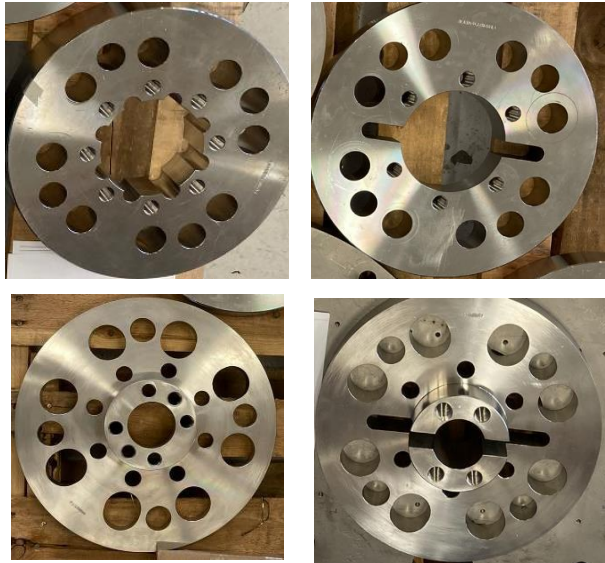
Outer coil support anchoring in the iron middle



Inner coil support

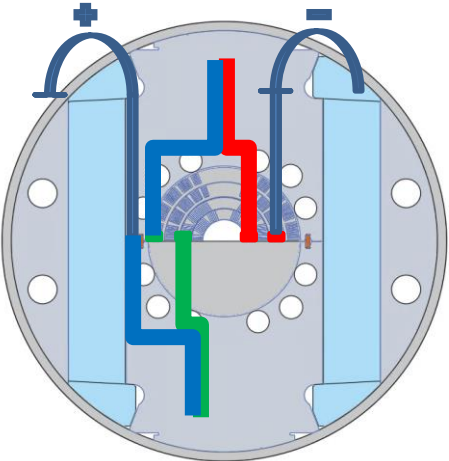
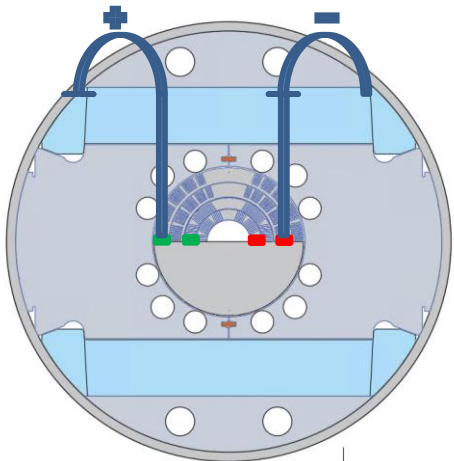


Outer coil support



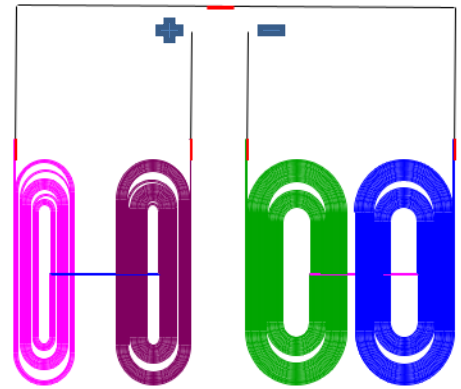
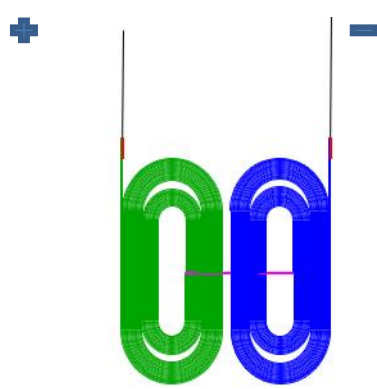
End plates

Leads connections for two tests

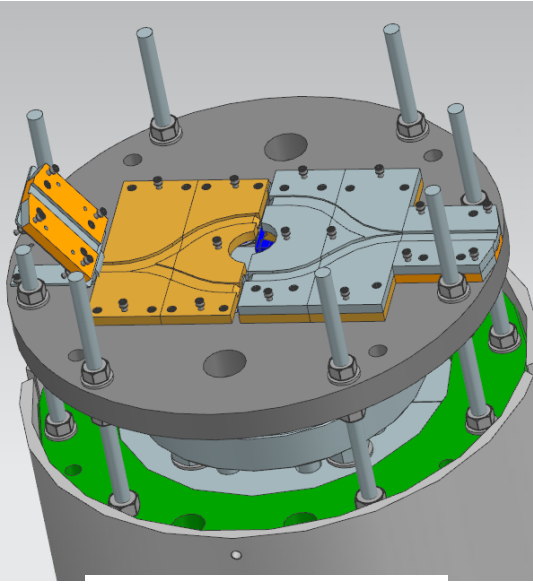
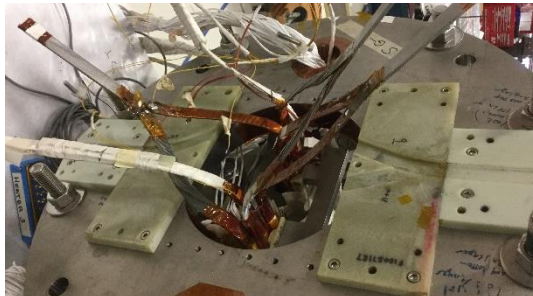


Test 1:
Only SMCT (outer) coil
powered

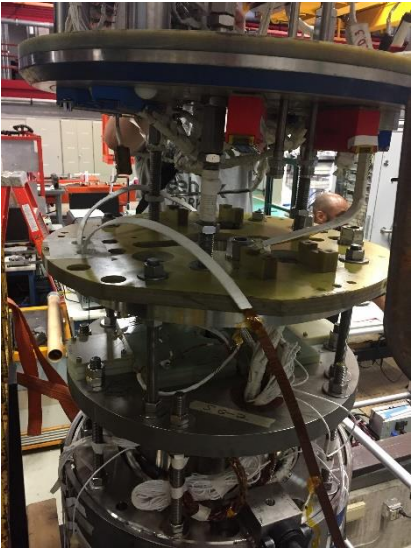
Test 2:
15T inner and SMCT
(outer) coils powered



Magnet leads and G10 insulators



Modified "pizza box"



Magnet current leads
connection area



Working space for
leads reconnection

SMCT concept R&D is a key part of the updated MDP plan

Noticeable progress has been made since last year:

- SMCT 2L and 4L Mirror 2D magnetic and mechanical analysis is complete

- MDPCT1 structure for the SMCT 4L Mirror and 4L Dipole has been modified

- SMCT coil parts were built, checked and post-processed

- Reaction and impregnation tooling were modified and are ready for a coil fabrication

- SMCT coil fabrication is complete

- Mirror assembly is in progress