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Measurement of the Neutron Lifetime Using a Magneto-Gravitational Trap

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Precision measurements of the free neutron lifetime τ_n , when combined with measurements of the axial vector coupling, can be used to test unitarity of the CKM matrix. Nonunitarity is a signal for physics Beyond the Standard Model (BSM). Sensitivity to BSM physics requires measurements of τ_n to a precision of 0.1 s. However, the two dominant techniques to measure τ_n (colloquially beam and bottle measurements) disagree by nearly 10 s. UCN τ is a neutron lifetime experiment using a magneto-gravitational trap and an *in-situ* neutron detector. Neutrons in this trap are not susceptible to loss on material walls as in previous bottle measurements. Additionally, the *in-situ* detector allows spectral monitoring of the trapped Ultracold Neutrons. In this talk, I will present our most recent result $\tau_n = 877.7 \pm 0.7_{(\text{stat.})} + 0.4 / - 0.2_{(\text{sys.})}$. I will also present Monte Carlo simulations of systematic effects in the experiment.

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