Collectivity from pp collisions at the LHC

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What is collectivity?

a group of entities that share a common property



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Collectivity \longleftrightarrow Emergent phenomena of a many-body **interacting** system

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Collectivity Emergent phenomena of a many-body interacting system

What is the **underlying mechanism** driving the collectivity?

QCD matter in high energy collisions

Classical view of a pp collision



- Hard probe (HP): pQCD
- Underlying event (UE): multiple (independent) parton interaction (MPI)

Color (re)connection between HP and UE

No "matter" formed

QCD matter in high energy collisions

Classical view of a pp collision



Relativistic Nuclear collisions



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Discovery of **rescatterings** at the partonic degree of freedom – *Collectivity*

QCD matter in high energy collisions





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Deconfined matter over large distances, interact and evolve nonperturbatively, approaching ideal hydro. limit (small η /s)

Long-range near-side "ridge" in pp collisions

Early surprises at the LHC!



Is there collectivity in pp? Is it partonic (onset of deconfinement) or hadronic? (How many "fishes" and how they interact to behave collectively?)

How does the partonic collectivity emerge?



How does the *partonic* collectivity emerge?



Experimental condition:

$$\left(\frac{L}{\lambda_{m.f.p.}}\right)^3 \sim (LT)^3 \sim N_{ch}$$

Smaller system starts at higher T and is more explosive





Connection between N_{ch} (centrality) and initial geometry well established in AA but NOT in pp



"Nonflow" subtraction in small systems is a subtle and should always be taken with a grain of salt State-of-the-art hydro. simulations:

- Excellent descriptions of large AA
- Not yet satisfactory for pp/pA how to model the geometry of a proton?



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Alternative origins?

• Initial momentum correlations from gluon saturation relevant at low multiplicity?

- inconclusive and no clear evidence



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Is there an onset of collectivity from low- to high multiplicity? – *possibly but inconclusive*

Radial flow and mass ordering



Radial flow and mass ordering



pp has higher T₀, and more explosive Shorter duration of hadronic rescatterings

Radial flow and mass ordering



Strangeness enhancement



Relative strangeness yields are enhanced as a function of N_{ch}

- AA is not simply a superposition of pp •
- HM pp is not a superposition of more MPIs ۲

- Collectivity

Ratios across all systems scales with N_{ch}, regardless of system size, initial T, etc.!

"Geometric size" from HBT correlations

1-D HBT radii vs N_{ch} in pp



Increases as $(N_{ch})^{1/3}$ but saturate at very HM? (CGC?)

NPA 916 (2013) 210

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1-D HBT radii vs m_T (motivated by hydro.) PbPb 0.607 nb⁻¹ (5.02 TeV) CMS pp (13 TeV CMS HCS method 0.4 Centrality Minimum-bias $h^{-}h^{-}$ +0-5% Syst.: HCS 0.8 2<mark>7/1 0.3</mark>₹ Intramethod variation $1/R_{inv}^2$ [1/fm²] High-multiplicity + 20-30% 0.6 Syst.: HCS + 30-40% Intramethod variation 0.25 40-60% Linear fit ····· Linear fit 0.2 0.15 0.2 0. 0.0 0.2 0.8 'n 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 m_⊤ [GeV] m_{τ} [GeV/c²] $R_{\rm inv}^{-2} \propto a + bm_{\rm T}$ "Geometric size" "Hubble constant" • 4-5 fm in pp Smaller for HM events Striking similarity between pp and PbPb

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How small is too small?



Overwhelming evidence for partonic collectivity and QGP signatures in HM events across all system!

• Excitation of QCD vacuum → collectivity

Is collectivity or "QGP" an intrinsic feature of any non-pert. many-body QCD system?

How small is too small?

the ultimate limit



A. Baty, P. Gardner, WL, PRC 107 (2023) 064908



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Is collectivity or "QGP" an intrinsic feature of any non-pert. many-body QCD system?

Can hydro. be generalized as an effective tool to describe the dynamics of any manybody QCD system (e.g., jet fragmentation)

Collectivity initiated by a single parton!?

A HM jet with N_{ch} >100 inside the cone



Two-particle correlations in the jet frame



A near-side ridge in HM jets?

"Elliptic flow" and collectivity in HM jets!?



Observation of enhanced elliptic anisotropies – onset of collectivity? Other "QGP" signatures in a jet: radial flow, HBT, strangeness, ...?

Future LHC program



Summary



Small systems (pp/pA) exhibit strong collectivity and "QGP" signatures as AA

- Dominated by final-state partonic rescatterings for HM events
- Gradual onset as a function of multiplicity

AA vs. a vacuum jet fragmentation not that fundamentally different?: *is collectivity a "built-in" feature in any excited, dense state of QCD vacuum?*

A very rich program ahead at the LHC of high-density QCD physics

Backup

Extracting the speed of sound



Collectivity in nuclear collisions



NCQ scaling in small systems



"Elliptic flow" and collectivity in HM jets!?



- N_{ch}<80 trend captured by models
- **Rising trend for high multiplicity jets!**

Observation of enhanced elliptic anisotropies – onset of collectivity? Other "QGP" signatures in a jet: radial flow, HBT, strangeness, ...?

0.9

0

< N' > = 103

-1

3

2

 $\Delta \phi^*$

Ω

 $\Delta \phi'$

Elliptic anisotropy or "flow" in jets



Enhancement of v_2 observed at multiple j_T ranges

- Slightly stronger at higher j_T, similar to pp/pA/AA
- Signals NOT from the potentially flowing underlying event

QGP droplet initiated by a "single parton" in the vacuum?!

Two-particle correlations in the jet frame



No near-side ridge in low N_{ch}^{J} data and any MC model

Anisotropy flow coefficients in the jet frame

$$\frac{1}{N_{\rm ch}^{j}} \frac{\mathrm{d}N^{\rm pair}}{\mathrm{d}\Delta\phi^{*}} \propto \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} V_{n\Delta} \cos(n\Delta\phi^{*})$$

Fourier fit coefficients vs. N_{ch}

- Positive even & negative odd harmonics
- > Magnitudes decrease with $N_{ch} < 80$

• Agrees well with PYTHIA 8 prediction

Deviation of V_{2 Δ} (and V_{3 Δ}?) for N_{ch} > 80

Onset of new physics phenomena?



Underlying event



Basic distributions



Strangeness enhancement



Radial flow in jets

Average kinetic energy vs N_{ch}^{j} in jets



"Radial flow" effect is qualitatively in PYTHIA jets

Color reconnection as for in the lab frame?

HBT correlations in jets

1-D HBT correlation functions



HBT radii of a jet:



Non-zero but dropping toward low k_T^* , opposite to AA collisions