

CoH₃

The Coupled-Channels and Hauser-Feshbach Code

Toshihiko Kawano

Los Alamos National Laboratory
Theoretical Division

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Statistical Model Code for Compound Nuclear Reactions

- A main tool for calculating nuclear reactions for $A > 20$, $E_n > 1$ keV (above resolved resonance region)
- Provide complete information of nuclear reactions
 - reaction cross sections
 - energy and angular distributions of secondary particles

CoH₃: Coupled-Channels Hauser-Feshbach code

- 45,000 lines C++ code
- internal optical model / coupled-channels solver
- compound nucleus decay by deterministic or Monte Carlo method
- exclusive reaction cross sections and spectra [JNST 47, 462 (2010)]



Modules and Models Employed in CoH₃

● Optical Model

- spherical and deformed (rotational or vibrational model)
- DWBA for direct inelastic scattering

● Compound Reaction

- Moldauer's width fluctuation correction with LANL parameters [NDS 118, 183 (2014)]
- Engelbrecht-Weidenmüller transformation with direct channels [PRC 94, 014612 (2016)]
- Gilbert-Cameron level density [JNST 43, 1 (2006)]

● Pre-equilibrium Reaction

- 2-component exciton model
- (FKK MSD/MSK still external code)

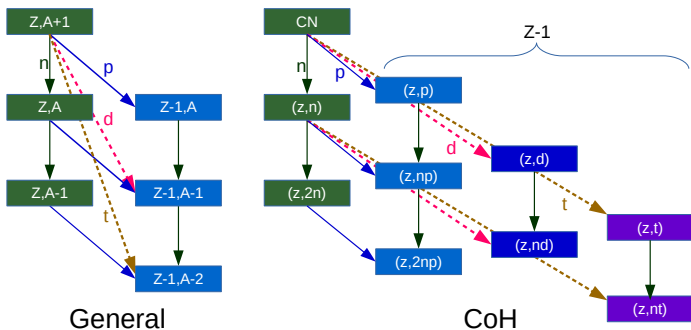
● Prompt Fission Neutron Spectrum

- advanced Madland-Nix model including pre-fission neutrons

● Direct/Semidirect Capture [PRC 75, 054618 (2007)]

● Mean-Field Model (FRDM and Hartree-Fock-BCS) [EPJ 146, 12004 (2017)]

Multi-Particle Emission and Exclusive Cross Section

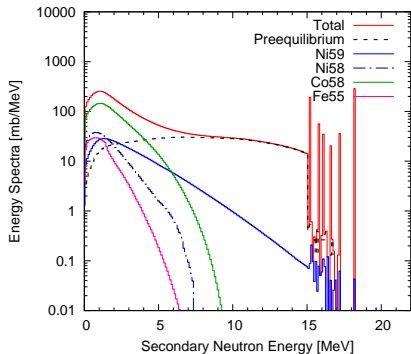


- Nucleus objects for (n,d) and (n,np) channels are different
- The current version of CoH₃ is slow at high energies, because a large number of CN object emerge

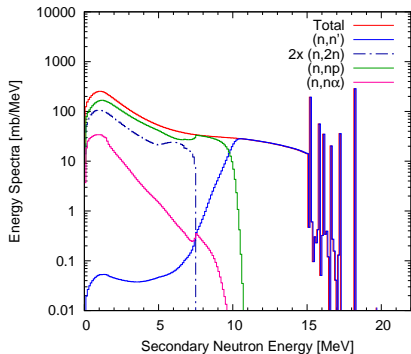
Exclusive Particle Emission Spectrum

n (20 MeV) + ^{58}Ni

Inclusive $\phi(E)$

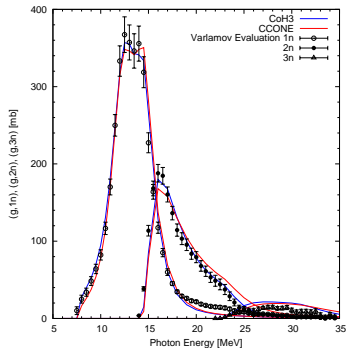


Exclusive $\psi(E)$



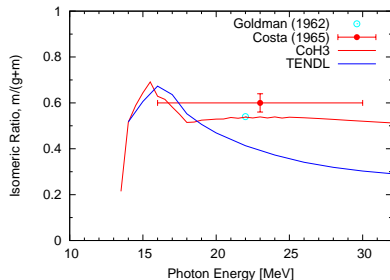
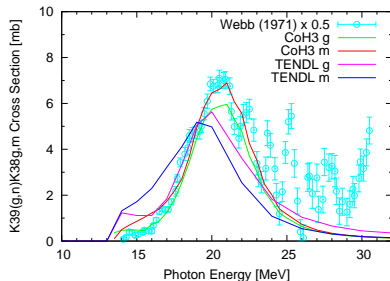
$$\Phi = \phi_{PE} + \phi_{n'x} + \phi_{np} + \phi_{2nx} + \dots = \psi_{1n} + \psi_{np} + 2\psi_{2n} + \dots$$

Photonuclear Reactions



- pre-equilibrium process in the photo-reaction not so well established

[NDS 163, 109 (2020)]



Crucial Development Needed for Isotope Production

Pre-equilibrium reaction

- PE plays an important role at high energies
 - Exciton model works when phenomenological parameters are well-tuned, but crude approximations are always involved
 - New development of quantum mechanical models ongoing at CEA and LANL, although at moderate pace
 - There a wide unexplored area in the composite particle emission

Nuclear level densities

- The nuclear level density is the most important physical quantity for predicting unknown IP cross section
 - It could have the largest uncertainties in the high energy reactions
 - Experimental data of nuclide production in the vicinity of the target reactions essential