

CORC Common Coil Subscale

Heater Integration

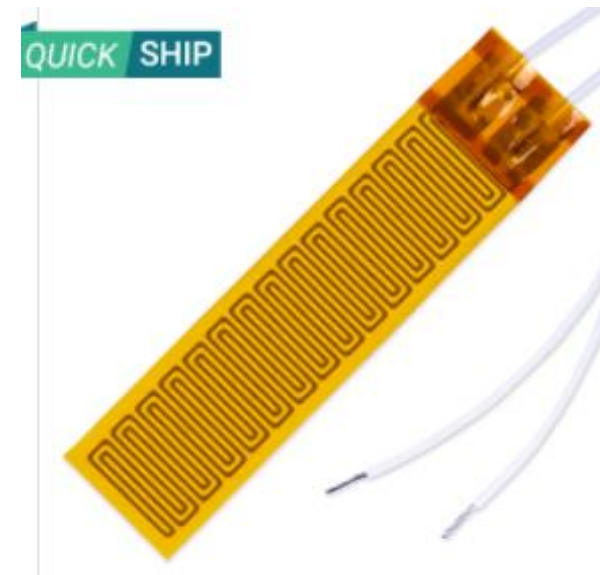
January 7, 2021

Overview

- Want to include heaters in CORC common coil test
 - Need to induce quench / normal zone for diagnostics R&D
- Danko gave helpful advice on heater locations
 - Reduce risk – place on inside plates, away from Lorentz force
- Today's slides: design details on possible heater implementation
 - 1) Heater locations
 - 2) Heater implementation
 - 3) Installation procedure

Recap: Heater option

- Omega Polyimide film heater (~\$50)
 - 0.5" width x 2" length
 - 10 W (at 28 V)
 - <https://www.omega.com/en-us/industrial-heaters/surface-heaters/flexible-heaters/p/PLM-Series>
- Heater wire in plate is also a promising option, but film heater is more straightforward to implement



Edit Options [View all models](#)

Not all combinations are valid. Options compatible with previous selections will be in bold.

Shape

Rectangular

Temperature range

-57°C (-71°F) to 232°C (450°F)

Power Density

10 W/in2

Power (watts)

10

Supply Voltage

28 Vac

Diameter

None

Width

0.5 in

Length

2 in

Thickness

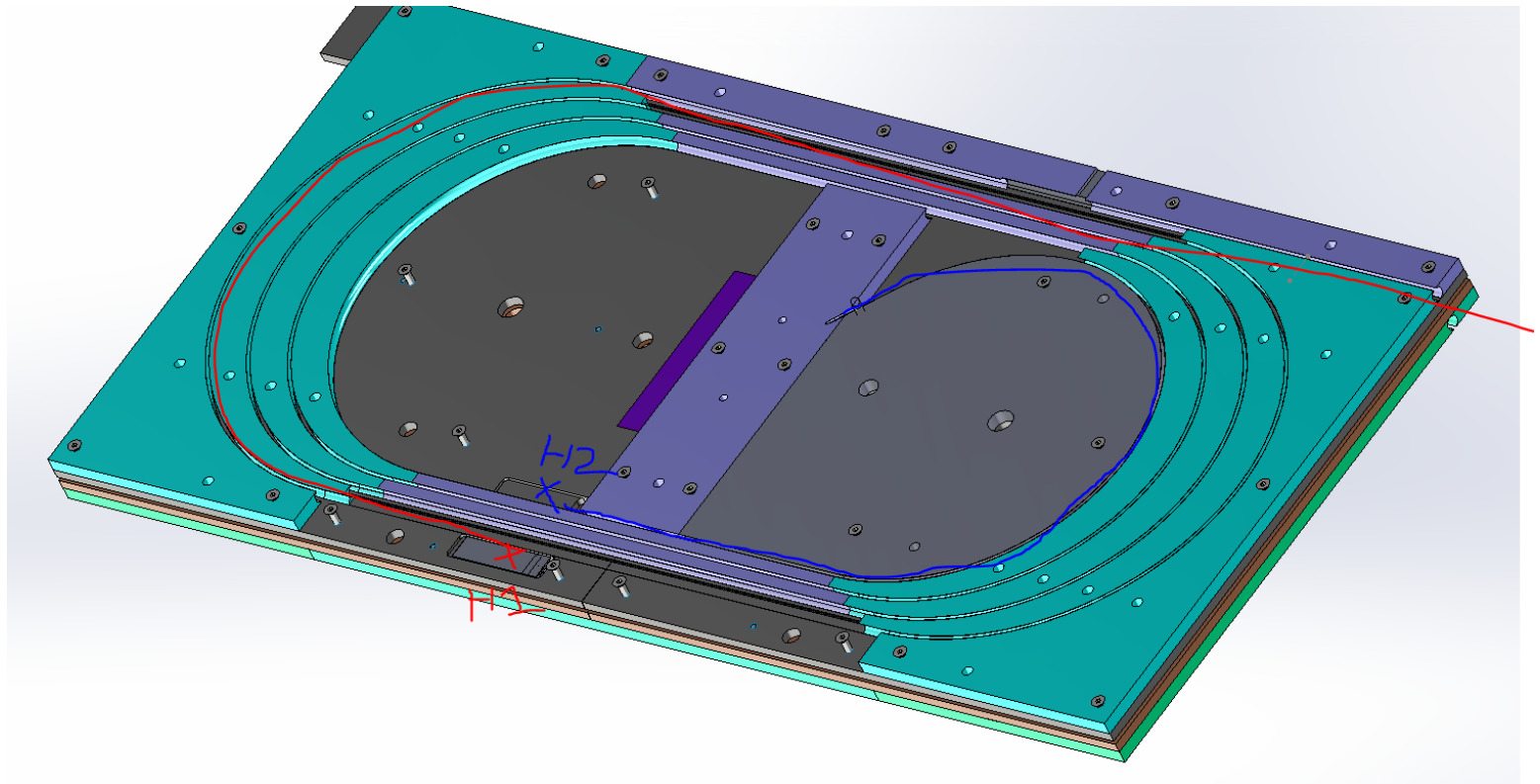
0.01 in

Heater Material

Polyimide

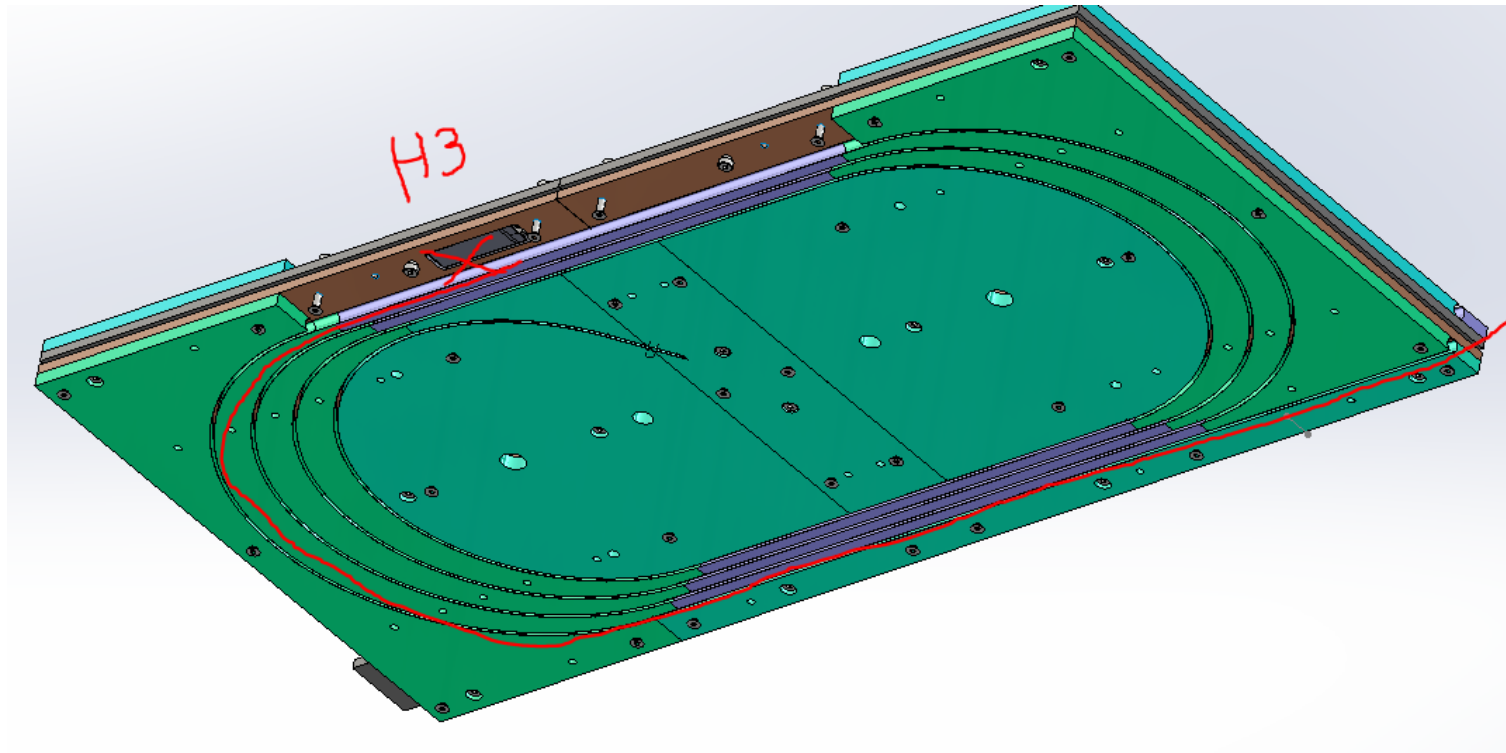
Heater Locations

- Top plate – heaters 1 (H1) and 2 (H2)
 - H1 close to injection (lead), H2 close to middle



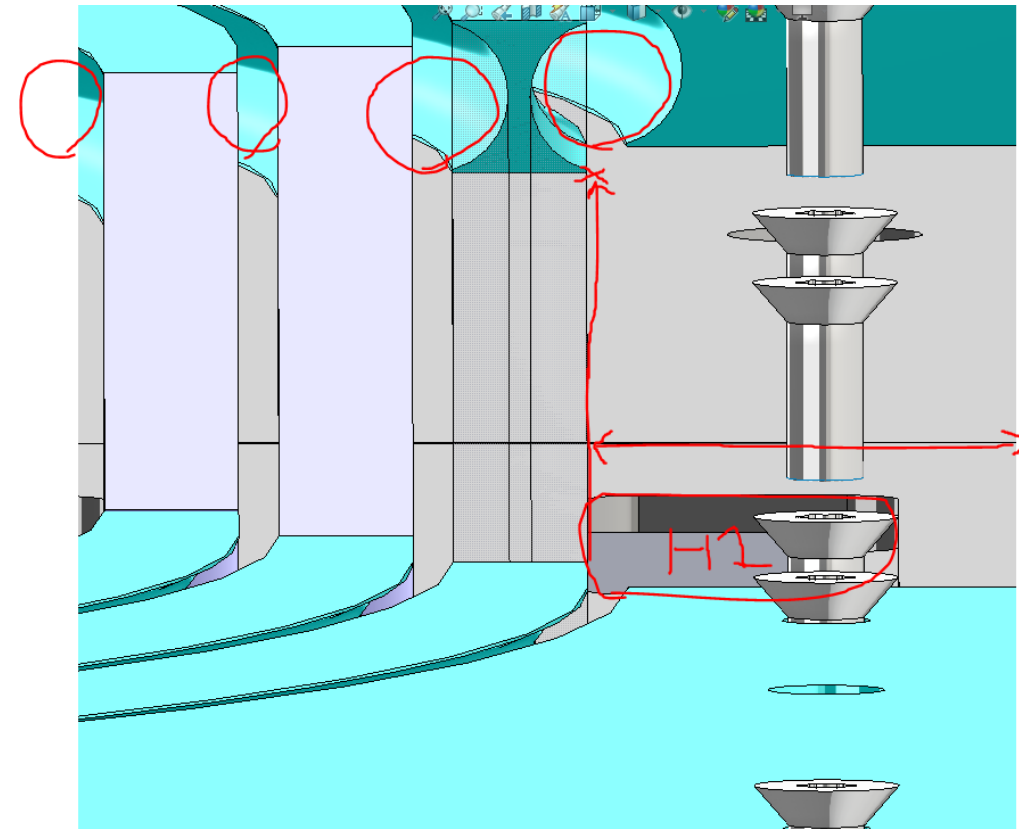
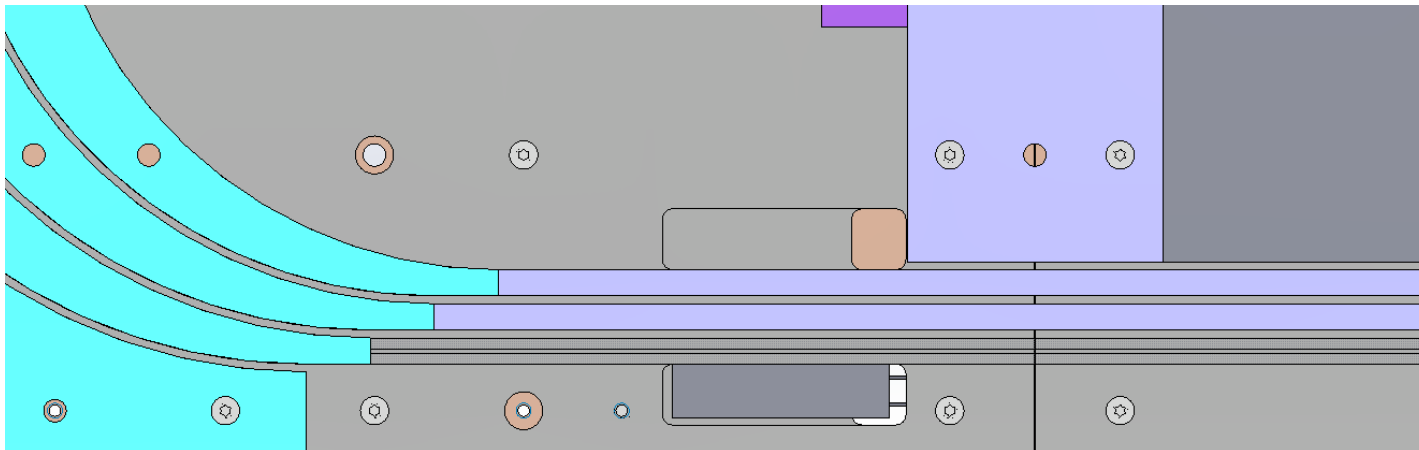
Heater Locations

- Bottom plate – heater 3 (H3)
 - H3 close to extraction (lead)
 - It would be best to have 3 heaters, but if needed we could only modify single plate and just use heaters 1 and 2 (no H3)



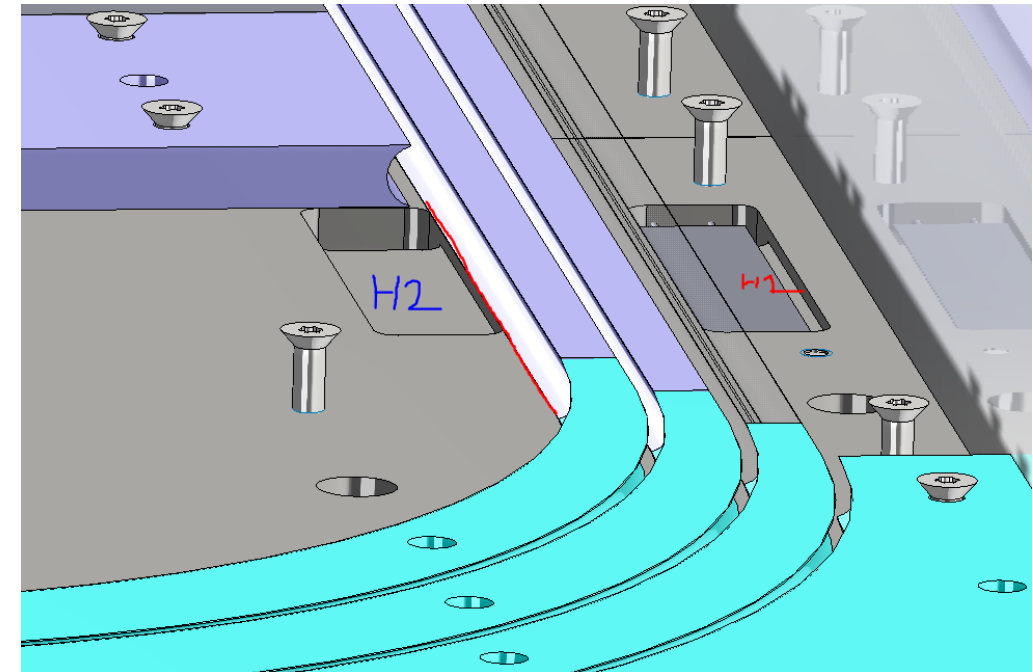
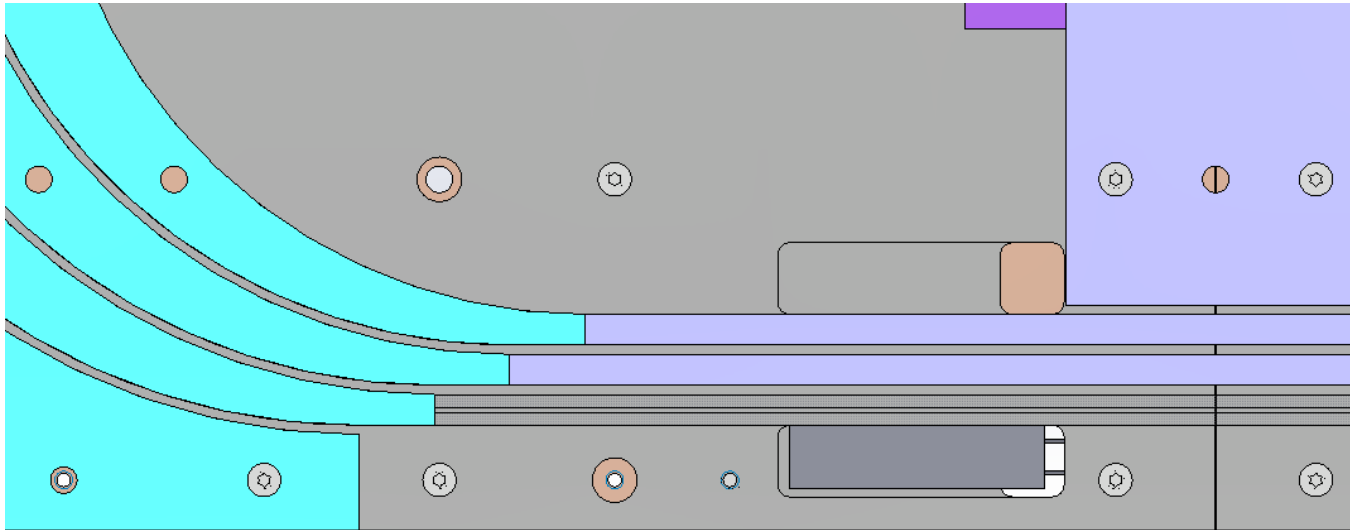
Heater Locations

- Heater 1 and 3: aligned to barely overlap with outer-most turn
 - Want to avoid heating all cable sections
 - Open to suggestions



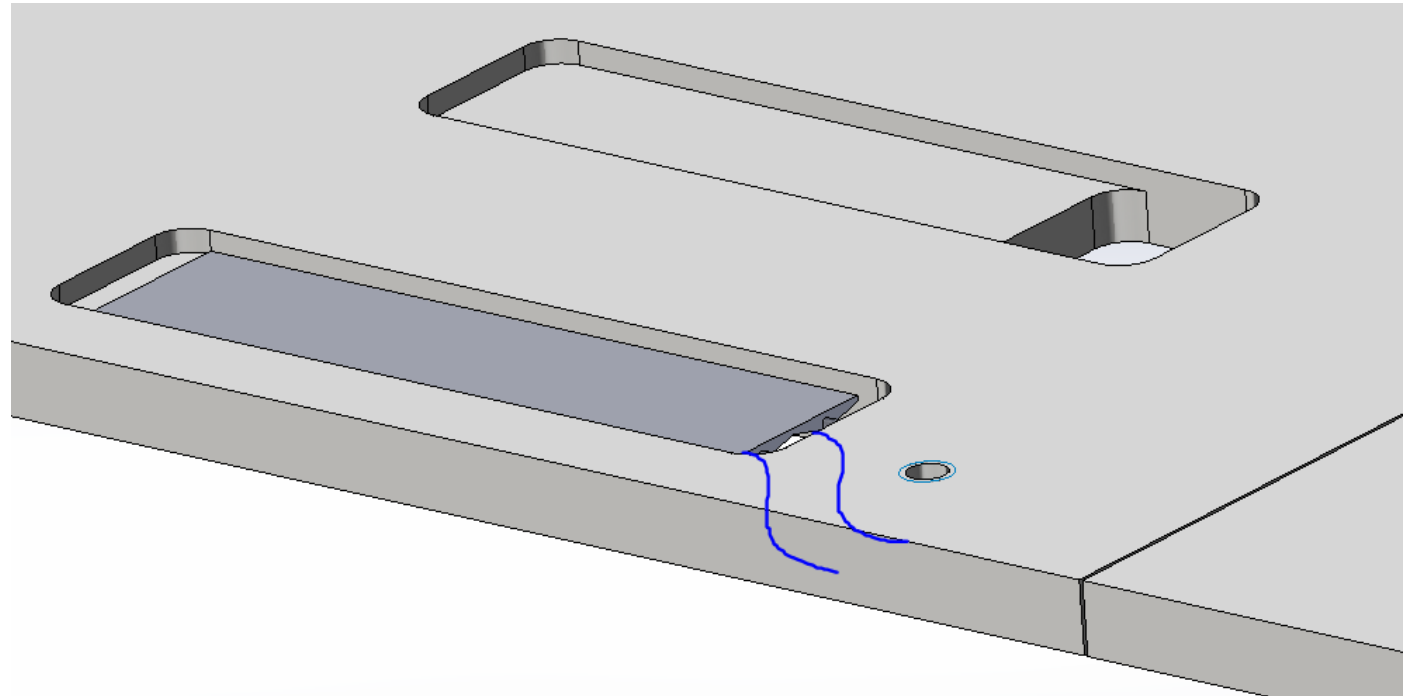
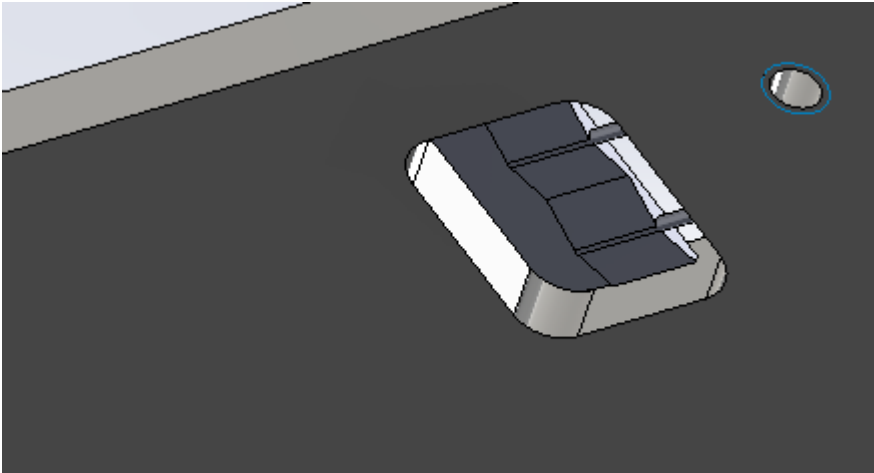
Heater Locations

- Heater 2: aligned to barely overlap with inner-most turn
 - Want to avoid heating all cable sections

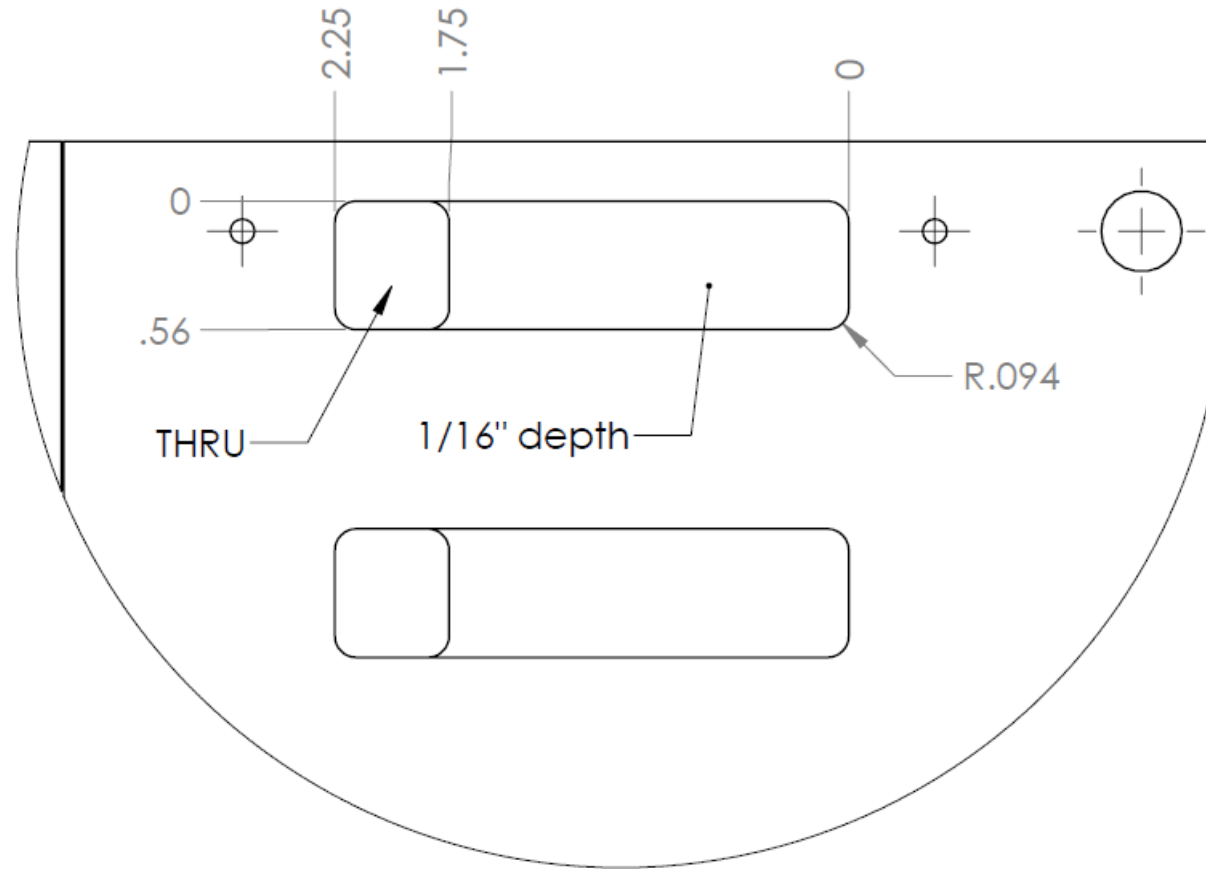


Heater implementation

- Small pocket with loose tolerance around heater
 - 1/16" deep blind pocket, allow room for epoxy (more details to follow)
 - Route wires out of pocket (machined through)

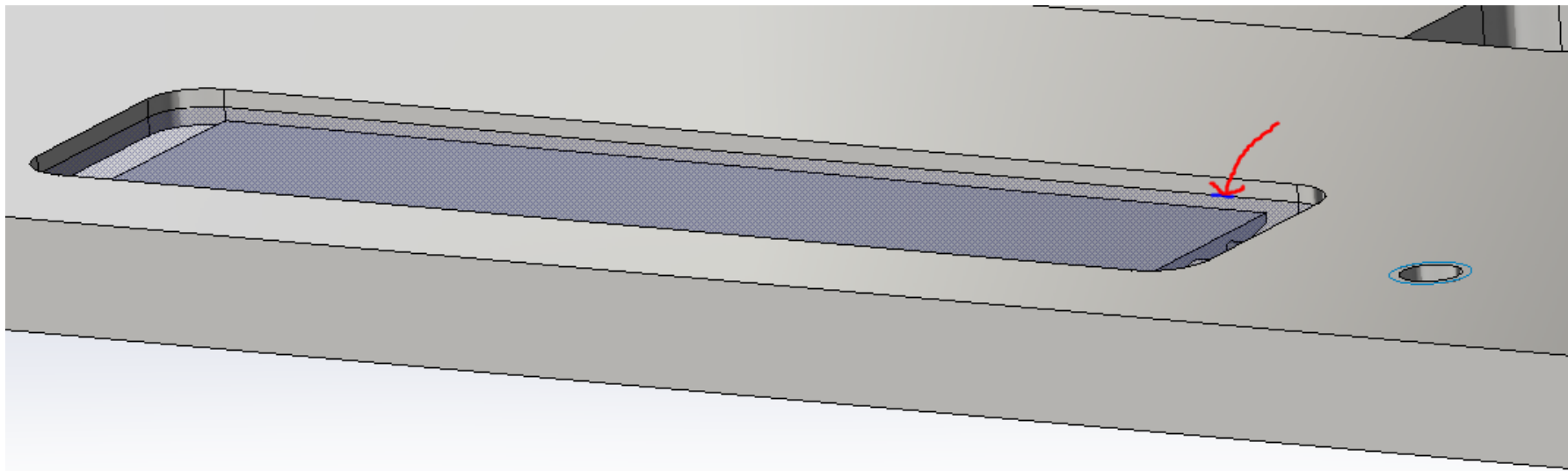


Heater implementation



Heater installation

- (1) Epoxy heater to plate
 - Need to route wires out of bottom & seal with tape to keep epoxy in pocket
 - Under-fill with epoxy and remove any excess – need top smooth!
 - Should probably solder long wires to heater before winding CORC
- (2) After curing, wind CORC on plate, allow excess epoxy to fill any gap



Final thoughts

- Pros:
 - Film heater in baseplate poses minimal intrusion to CORC
 - CORC cable will not be pushing against machined features
 - Simple design, straightforward implementation
- Cons:
 - Poor thermal contact with CORC
 - Much of heater energy will go to helium bath
 - Difficult to e.g. explore quench energy
 - Will somewhat reduce ability to raise CORC temperature
 - Heater may elevate temperature of multiple turns
- Implementation seems like a reasonable path forward
 - Input appreciated!