

Bayesian parameter estimation in ultra-relativistic heavy-ion collisions

James Mulligan

Nuclear Science Division

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

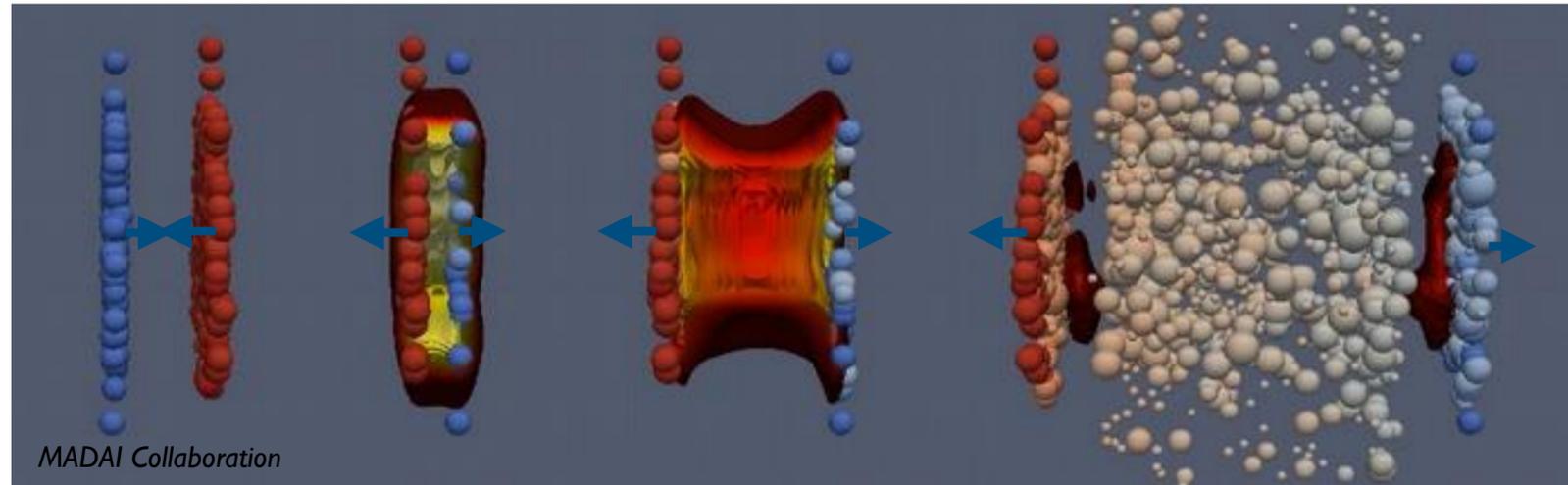


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Overview

Heavy-ion collisions involve multiple stages of physics: initial state, hydrodynamic evolution, jet quenching, hadronic rescattering, hadronization, ...



Global analysis is needed to:

- Extract physical properties of QGP
- Fit models of the physics that are not known from first-principles

Two different regimes of Bayesian analysis so far

Soft sector

Extract $\eta/s, \zeta/s$

Novak, Novak, Pratt, Vredevoogd, Coleman-Smith, Wolpert (2014)

Pratt, Sangaline, Sorensen, Wang (2015)

Bernhard, Moreland, Bass, Liu, Heinz (2016)

...

Hard sector

Extract \hat{q}, D_s

Xu, Bernhard, Bass, Nahrgang, Cao (2018)

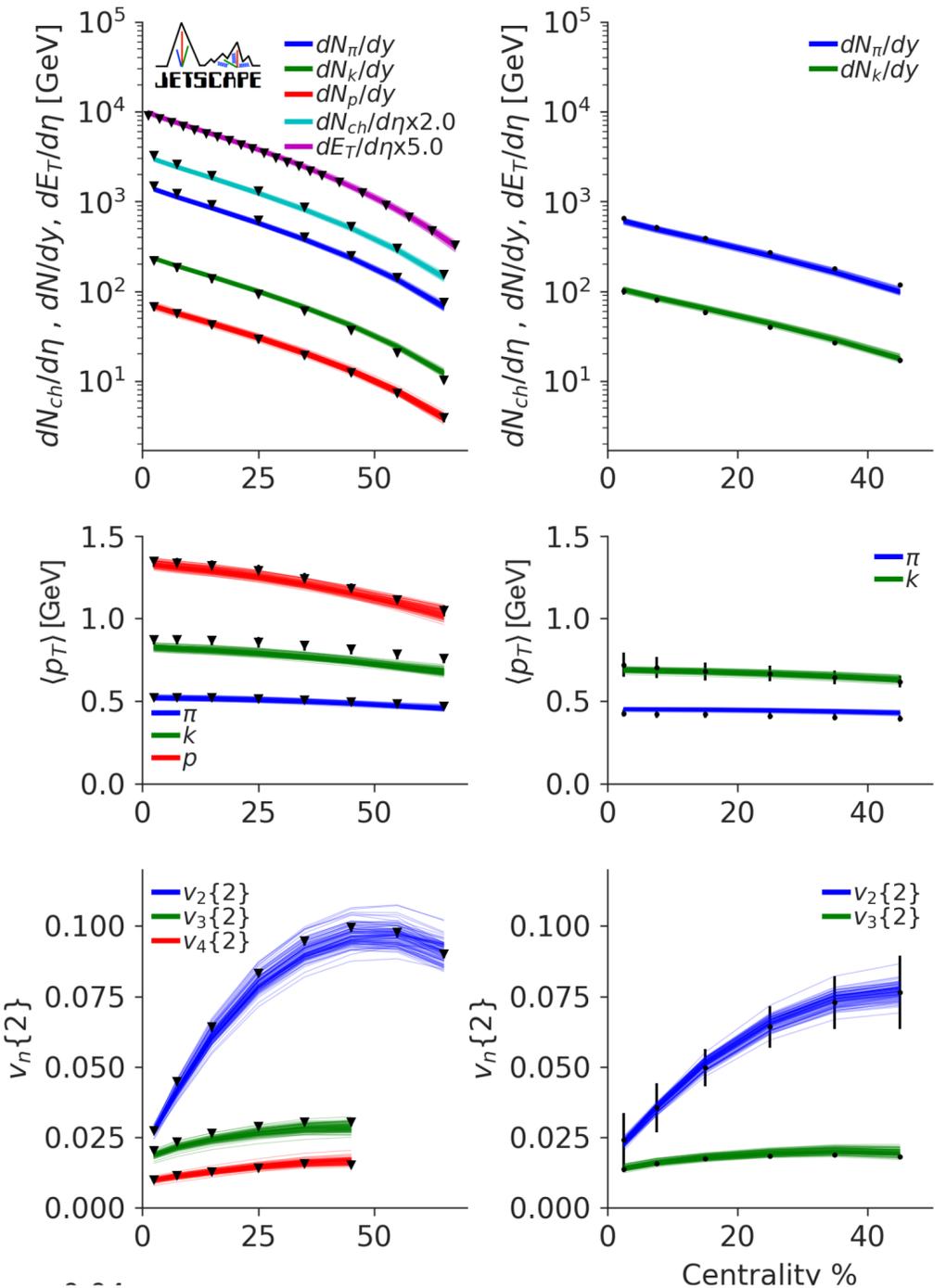
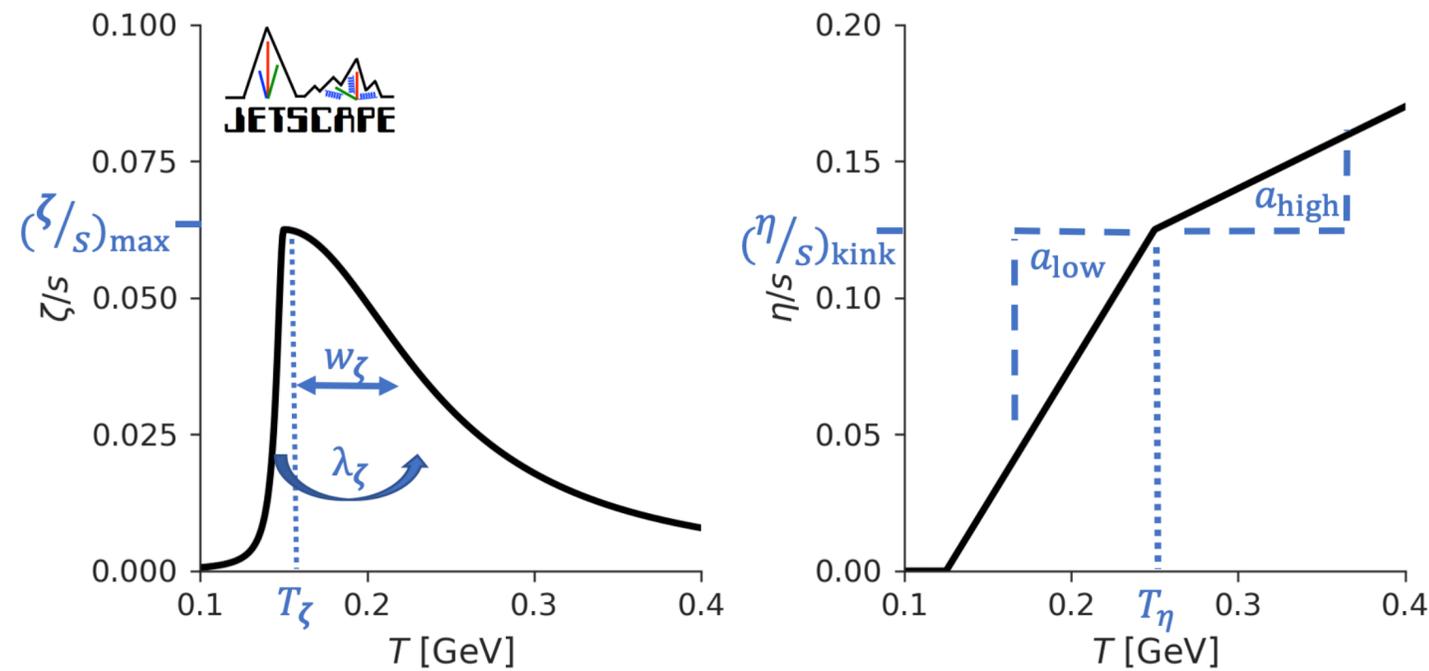
JETSCAPE 2102.11337

Ke, Wang (2020)

Soft sector

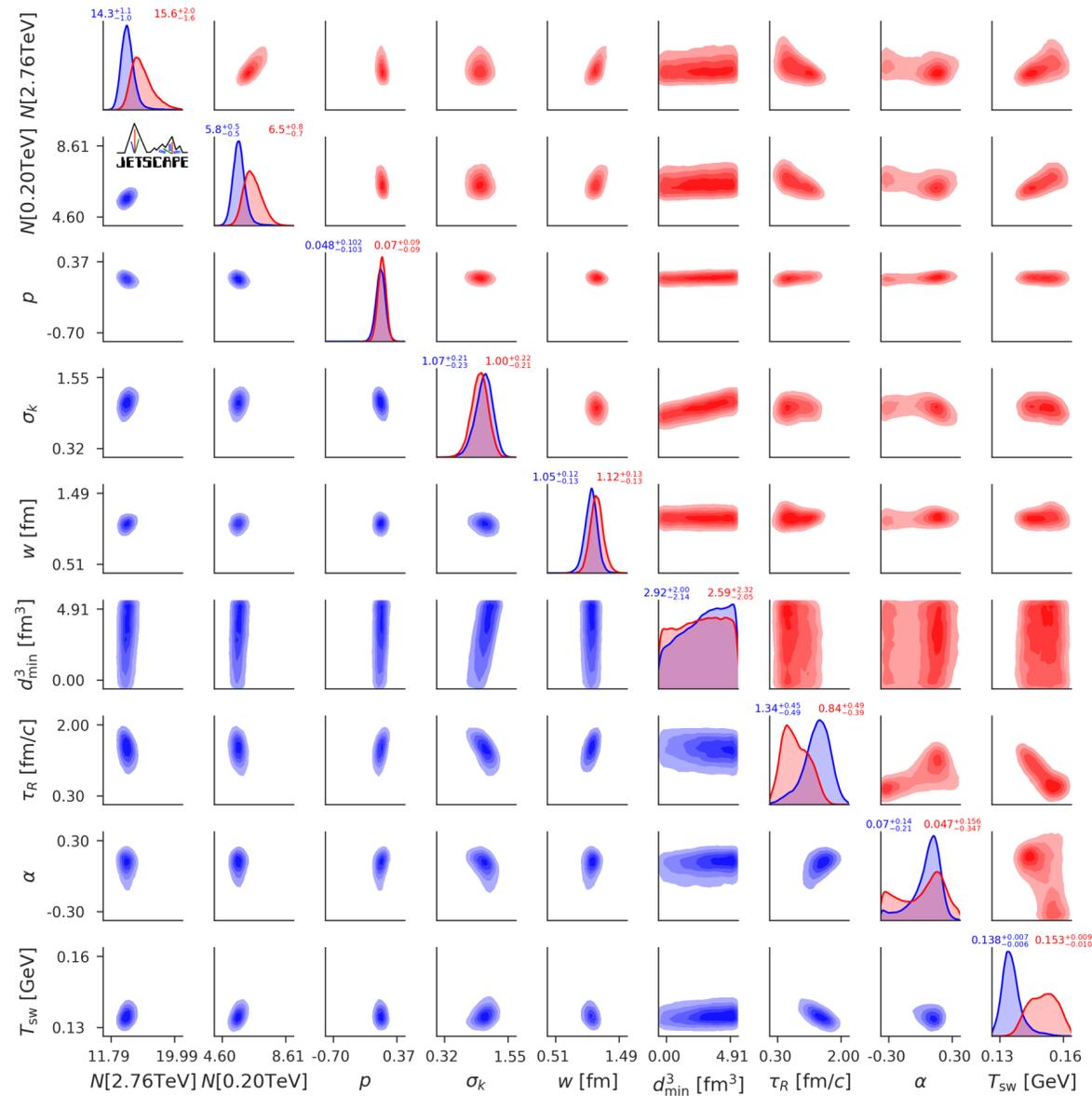
JETSCAPE 2011.01430

- 17-dimensional fit
 - Flexible parameterizations of η/s , ζ/s
- Data: RHIC+LHC soft observables



Soft sector

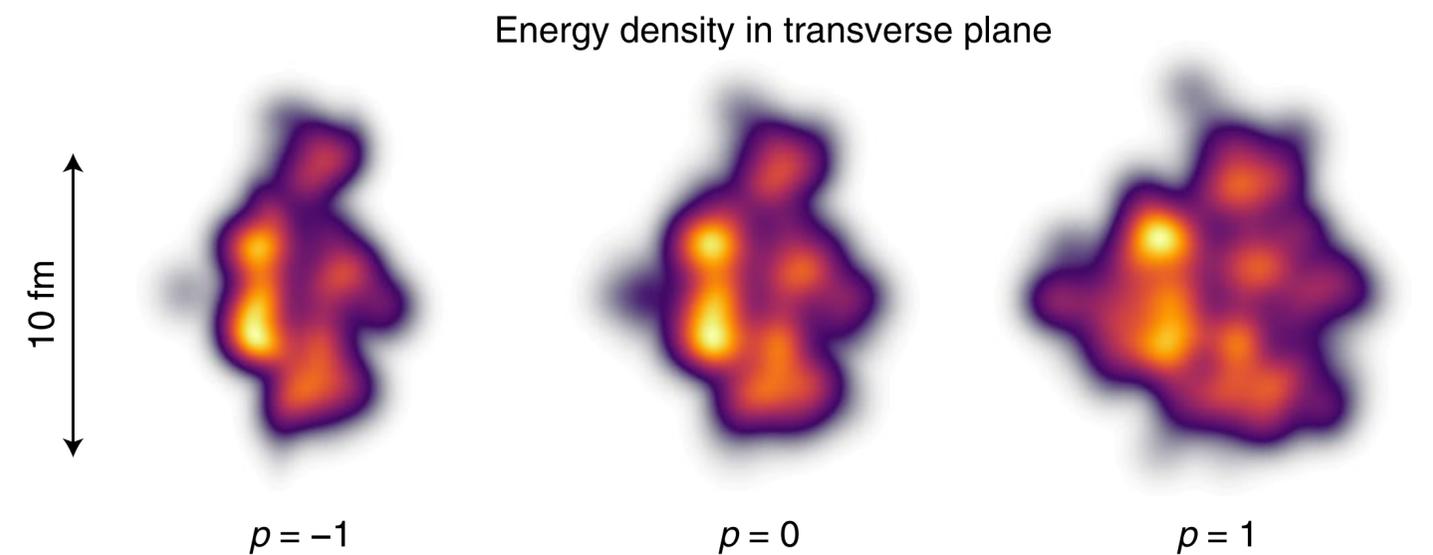
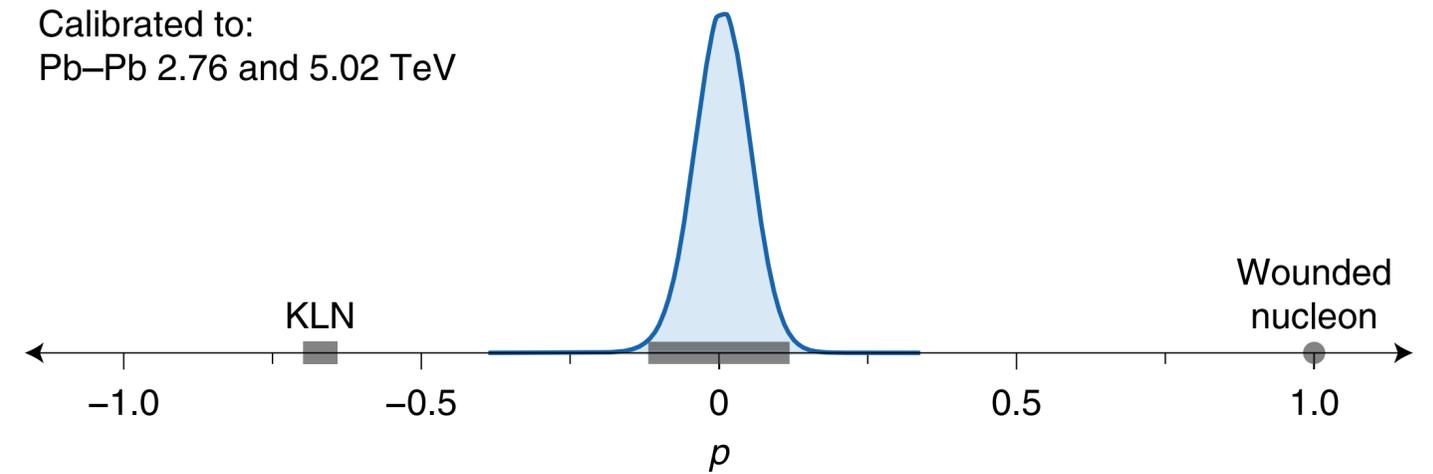
Extracted posteriors



JETSCAPE 2011.01430

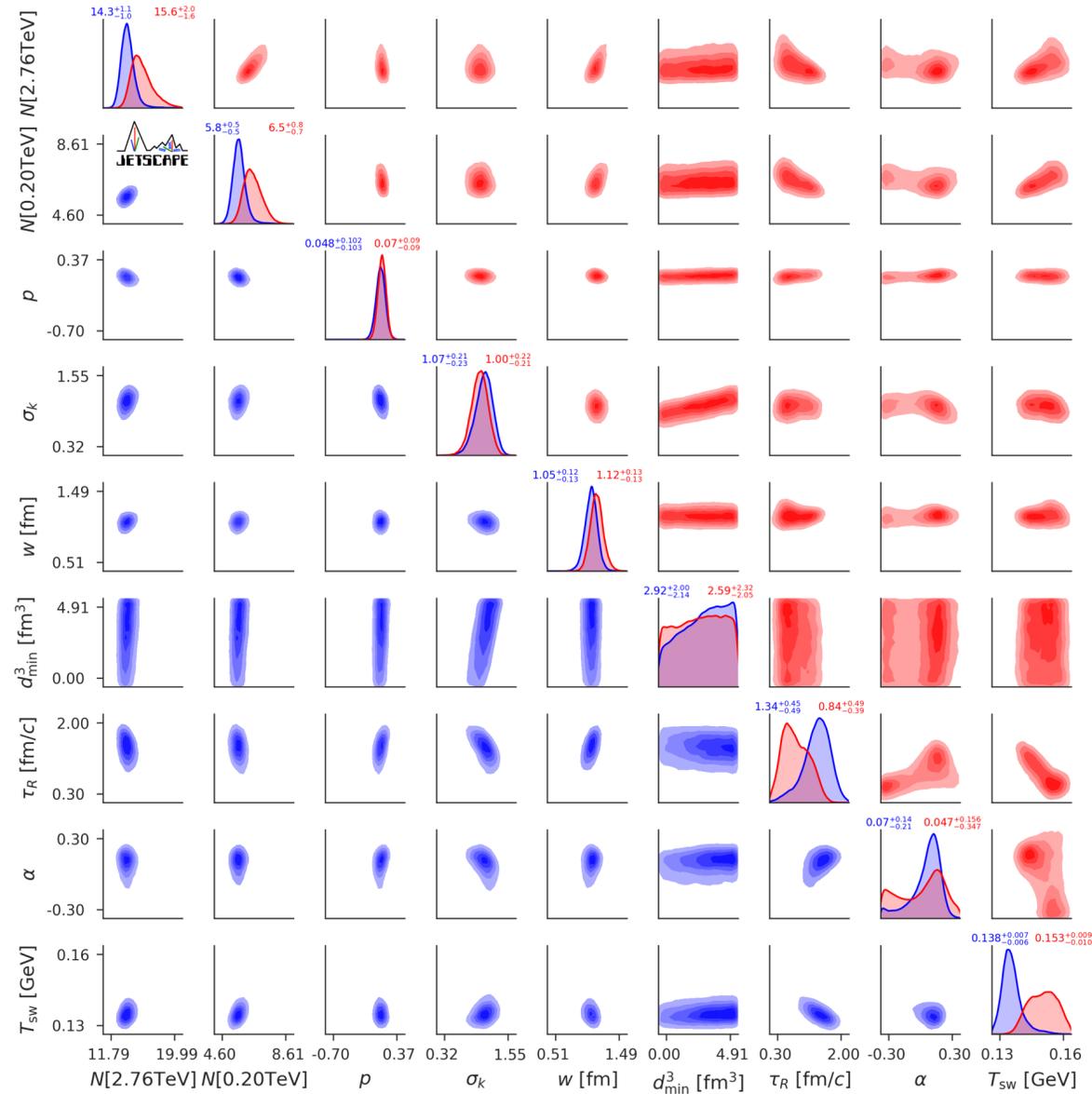
Initial energy density

Calibrated to:
Pb–Pb 2.76 and 5.02 TeV

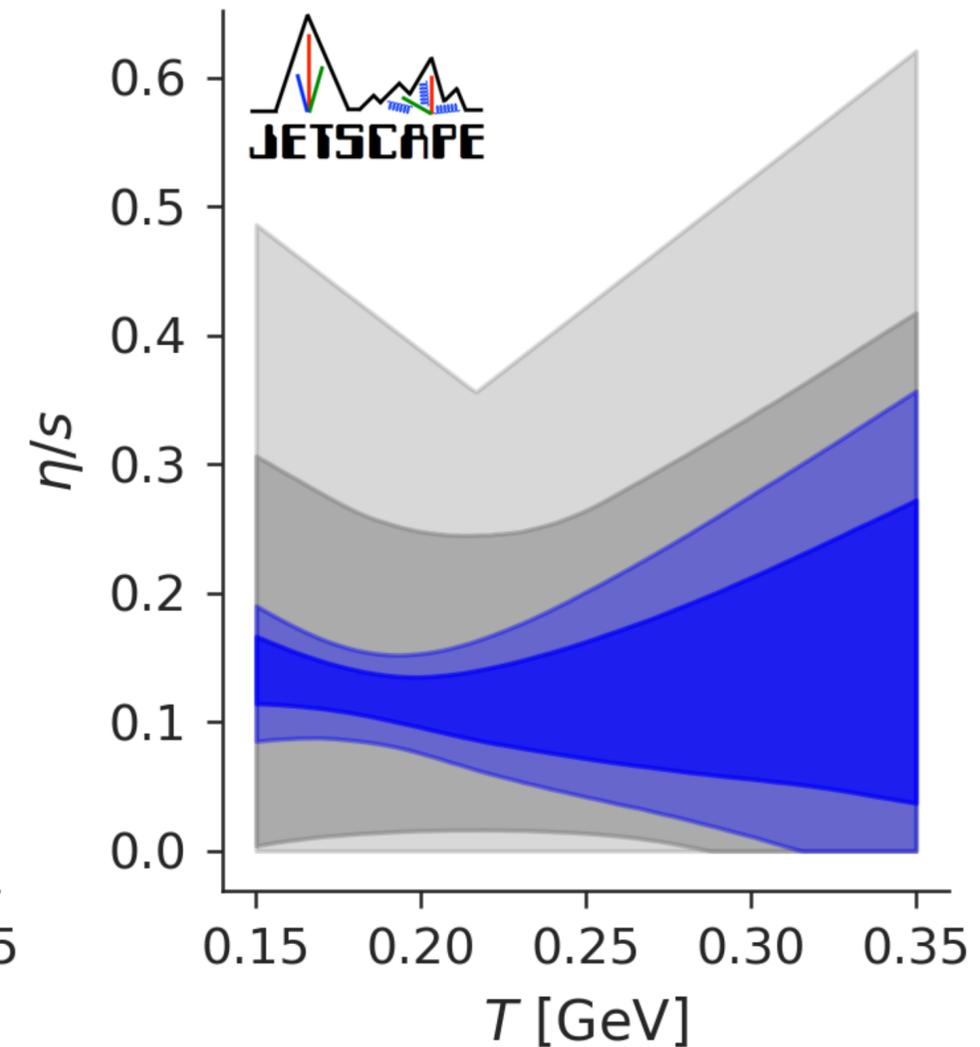
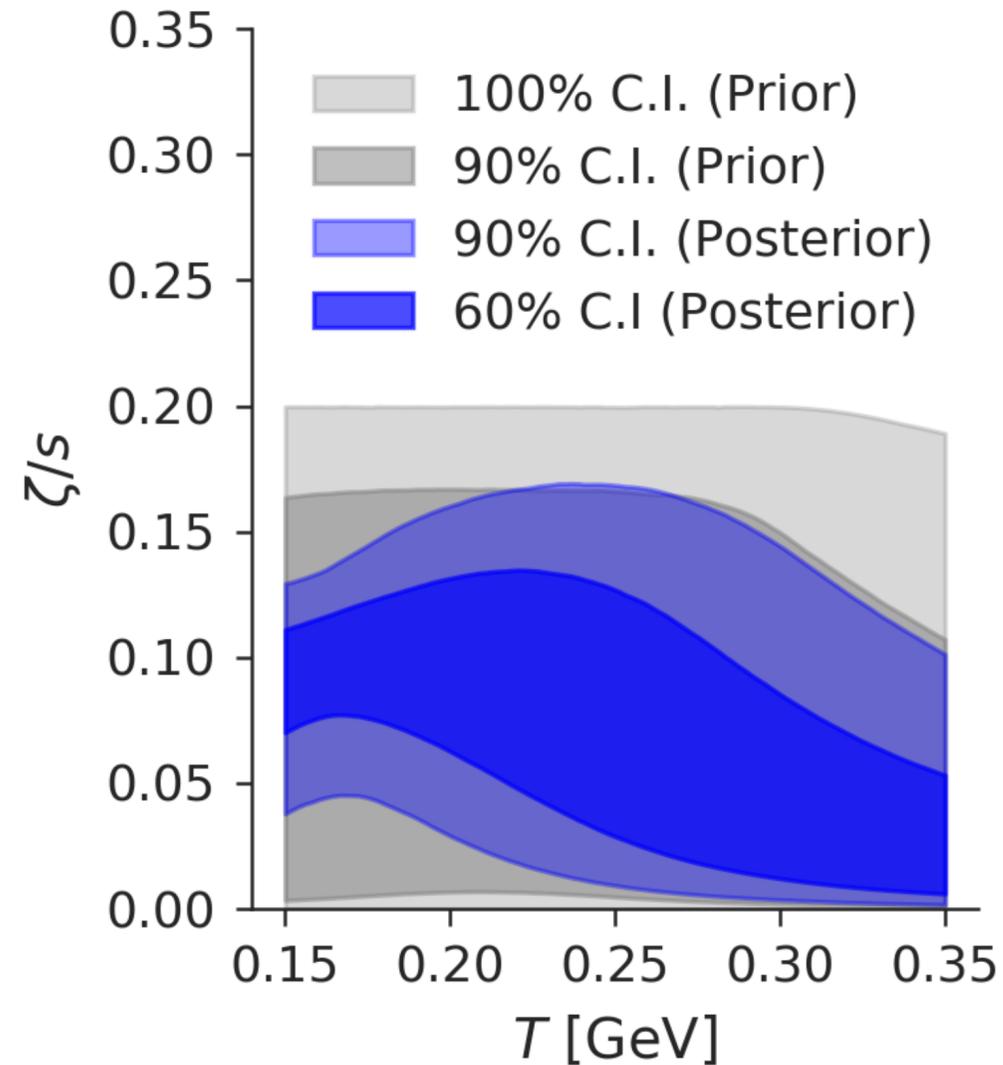


Bernhard, Moreland, Bass
Nature Phys. (2019)

Extracted posteriors



Temperature-dependence of specific shear and bulk viscosities



Bayesian Model Selection

JETSCAPE 2011.01430

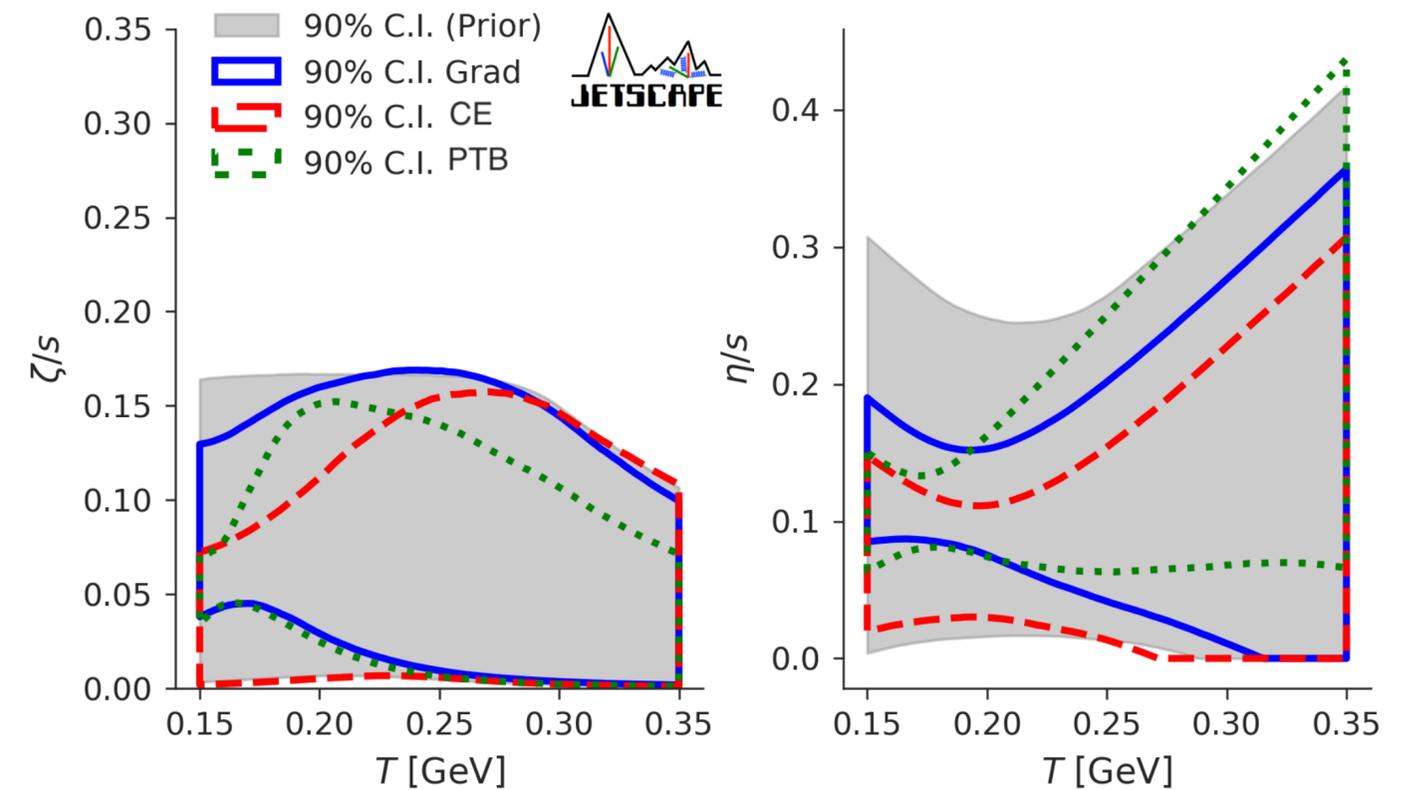
Bayes factor:

$$B_{A/B} = \frac{\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{exp}}|A)}{\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{exp}}|B)}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{exp}}|A) = \frac{1}{\mathcal{V}_A} \int_{\mathcal{D}_A} d\mathbf{x}_A \mathcal{P}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{exp}}|\mathbf{x}_A, A)$$

Model A	Model B	$\ln B_{A/B}$
Grad	CE	8.2 ± 2.3
Grad	PTB	1.4 ± 2.5
PTB	CE	6.8 ± 2.4

Provide relative comparison of 3 particlization models



Sensitivity

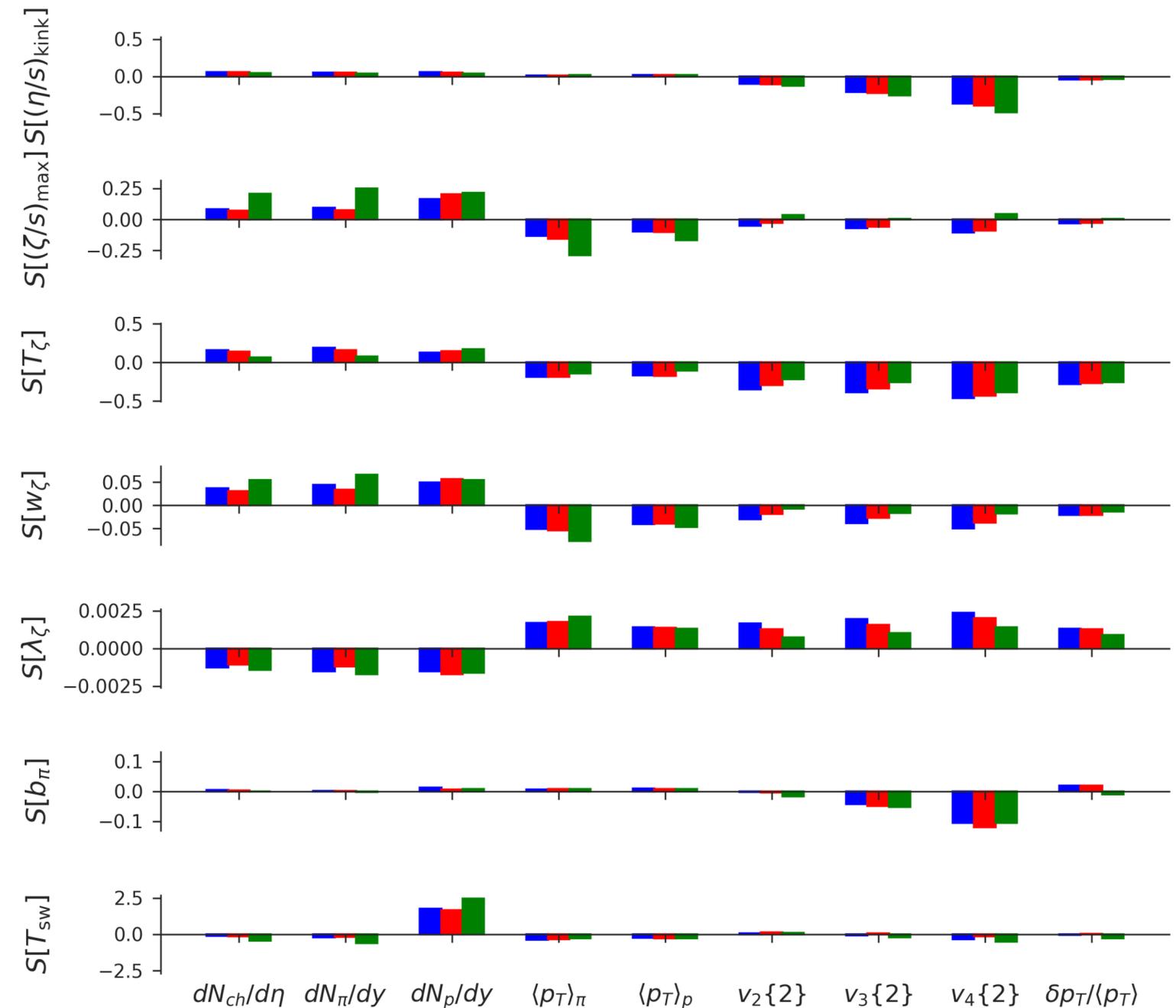
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Sensitivity index quantifies the (local) impact of a model parameter on the measured observables

$$S[x_j] \equiv \Delta/\delta$$

Useful for guiding which observables can best constrain models

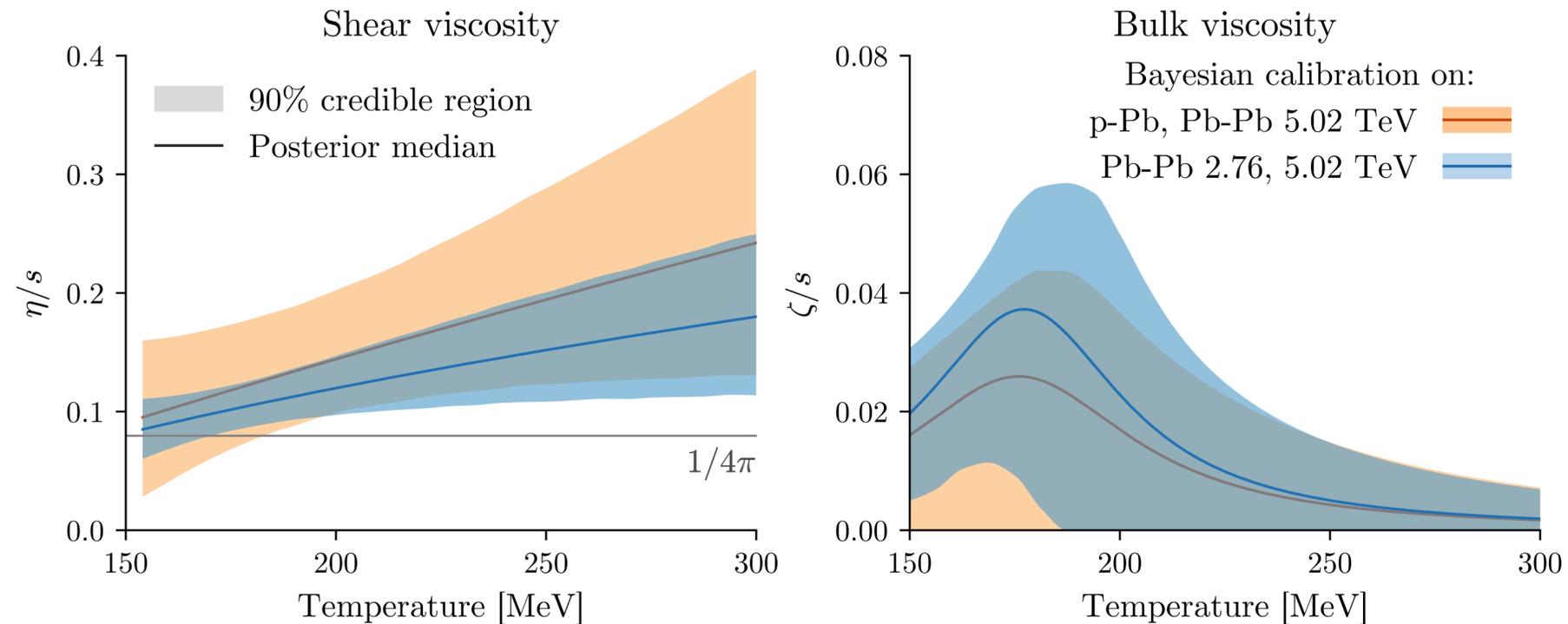
See also:
Sangaline, Pratt (2015)



Small systems

Addition of p-Pb data gives consistent fit — $dN/d\eta$, $\langle p_T \rangle$, v_n

Moreland, Bernhard, Bass (2020)



See also:

Nijs, van der Schee, Gursoy, Snellings (2020)

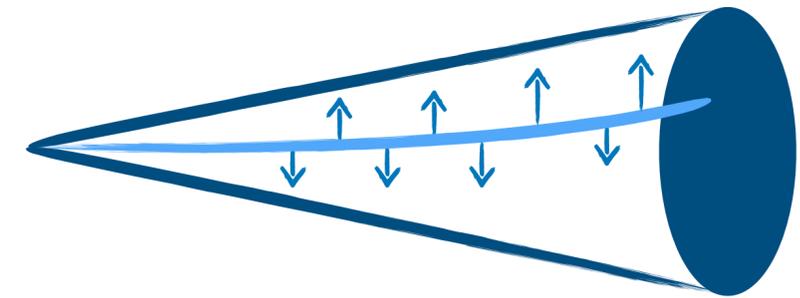
O-O projections

Hard sector

As a parton propagates through the QGP, it will undergo momentum exchanges transverse to its direction of propagation:

$$\hat{q} \equiv \frac{\langle k_{\perp}^2 \rangle}{L} = \frac{1}{L} \int dk_{\perp}^2 \frac{dP(k_{\perp}^2)}{dk_{\perp}^2}$$

where $P(k_{\perp}^2)$ is a scattering kernel.



We **parameterize** \hat{q} in JETSCAPE with a more general form:

$$\frac{\hat{q}(E, T) |_{A,B,C,D}}{T^3} = 42C_R \frac{\zeta(3)}{\pi} \left(\frac{4\pi}{9}\right)^2 \left\{ \frac{A \left[\ln\left(\frac{E}{\Lambda}\right) - \ln(B) \right]}{\left[\ln\left(\frac{E}{\Lambda}\right) \right]^2} + \frac{C \left[\ln\left(\frac{E}{T}\right) - \ln(D) \right]}{\left[\ln\left(\frac{ET}{\Lambda^2}\right) \right]^2} \right\}$$

High-virtuality inspired

T -independent

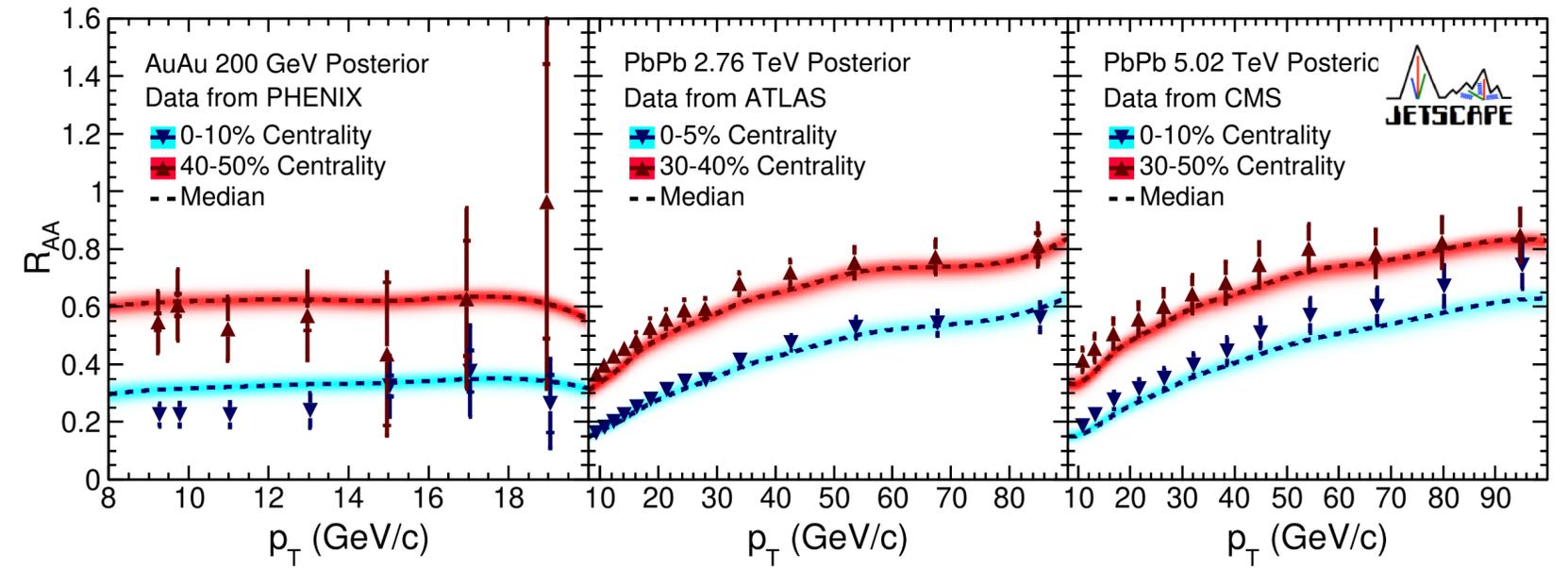
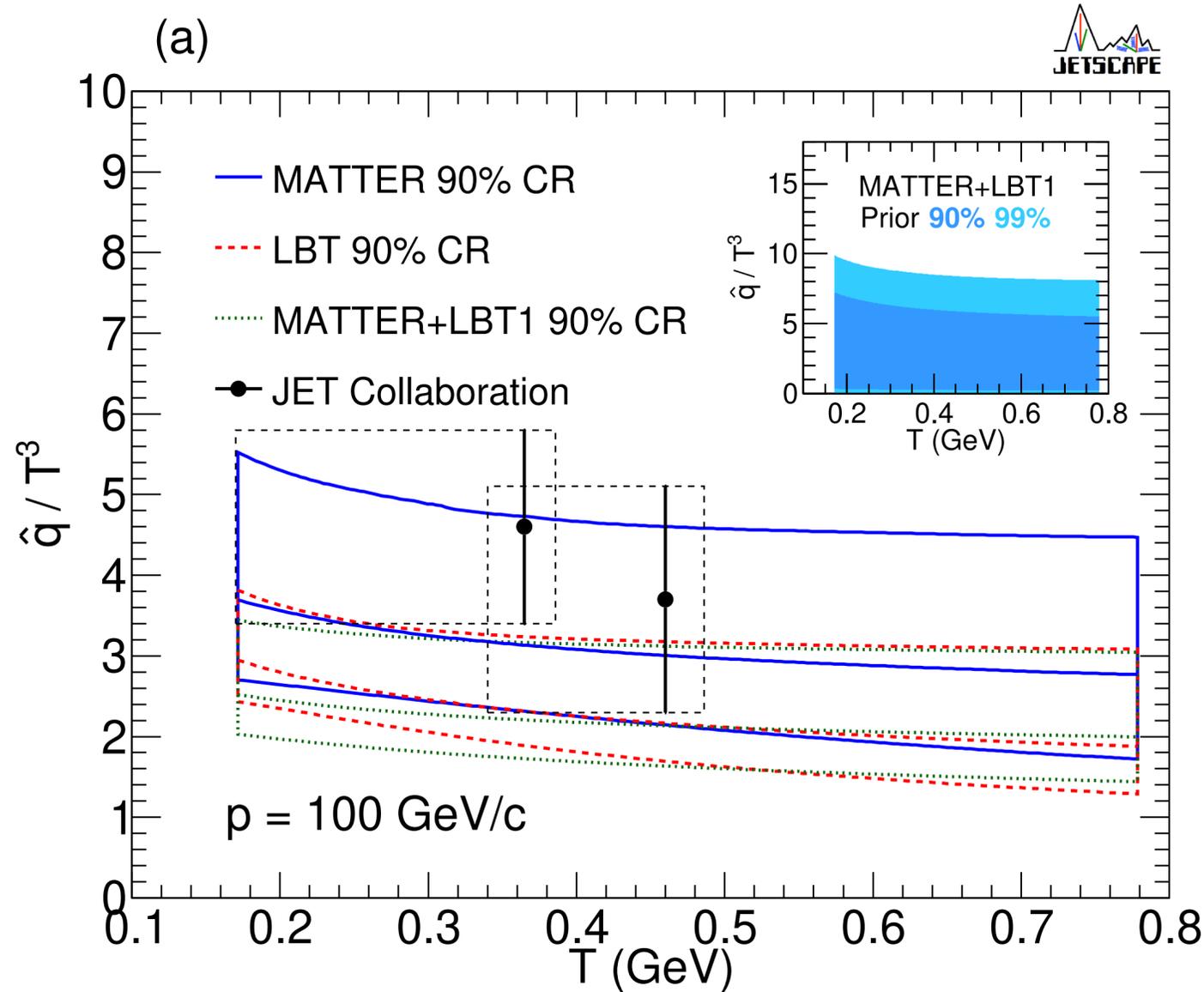
HTL-inspired

elastic scattering off temperature T

Bayesian estimation of \hat{q}

JETSCAPE 2102.11337

Extraction of \hat{q} as a continuous function of T, p using inclusive hadron R_{AA} data from RHIC+LHC



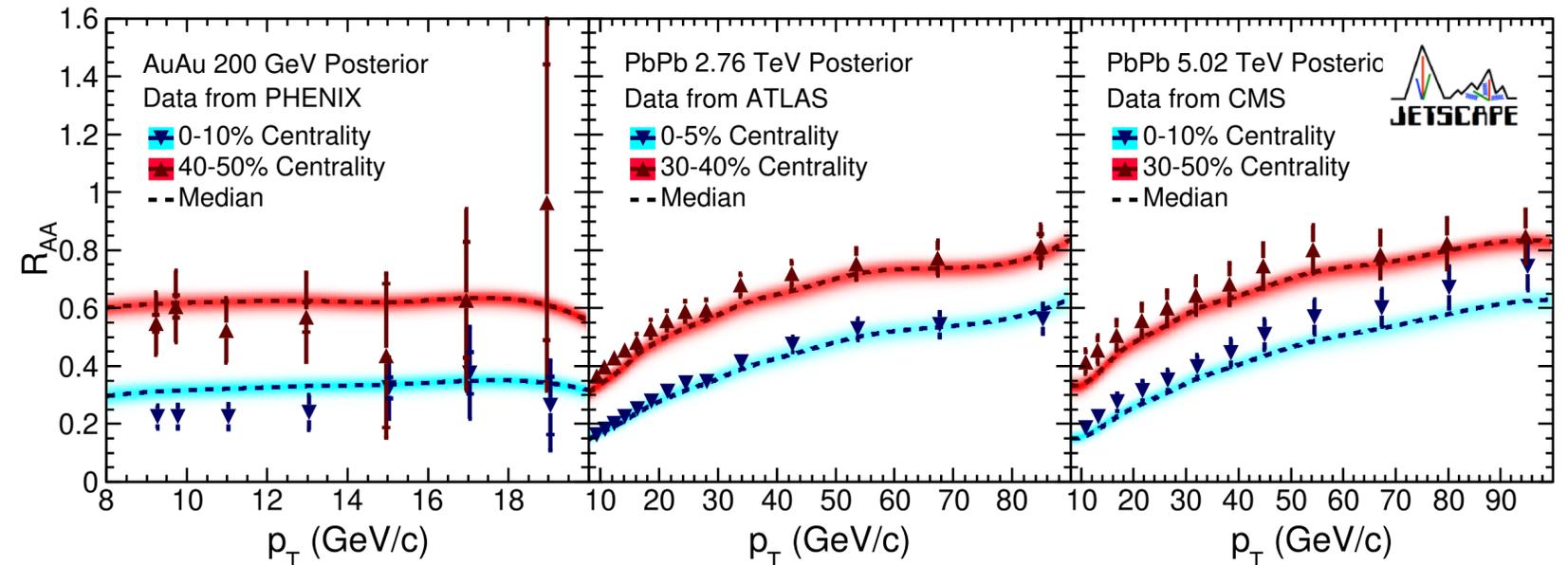
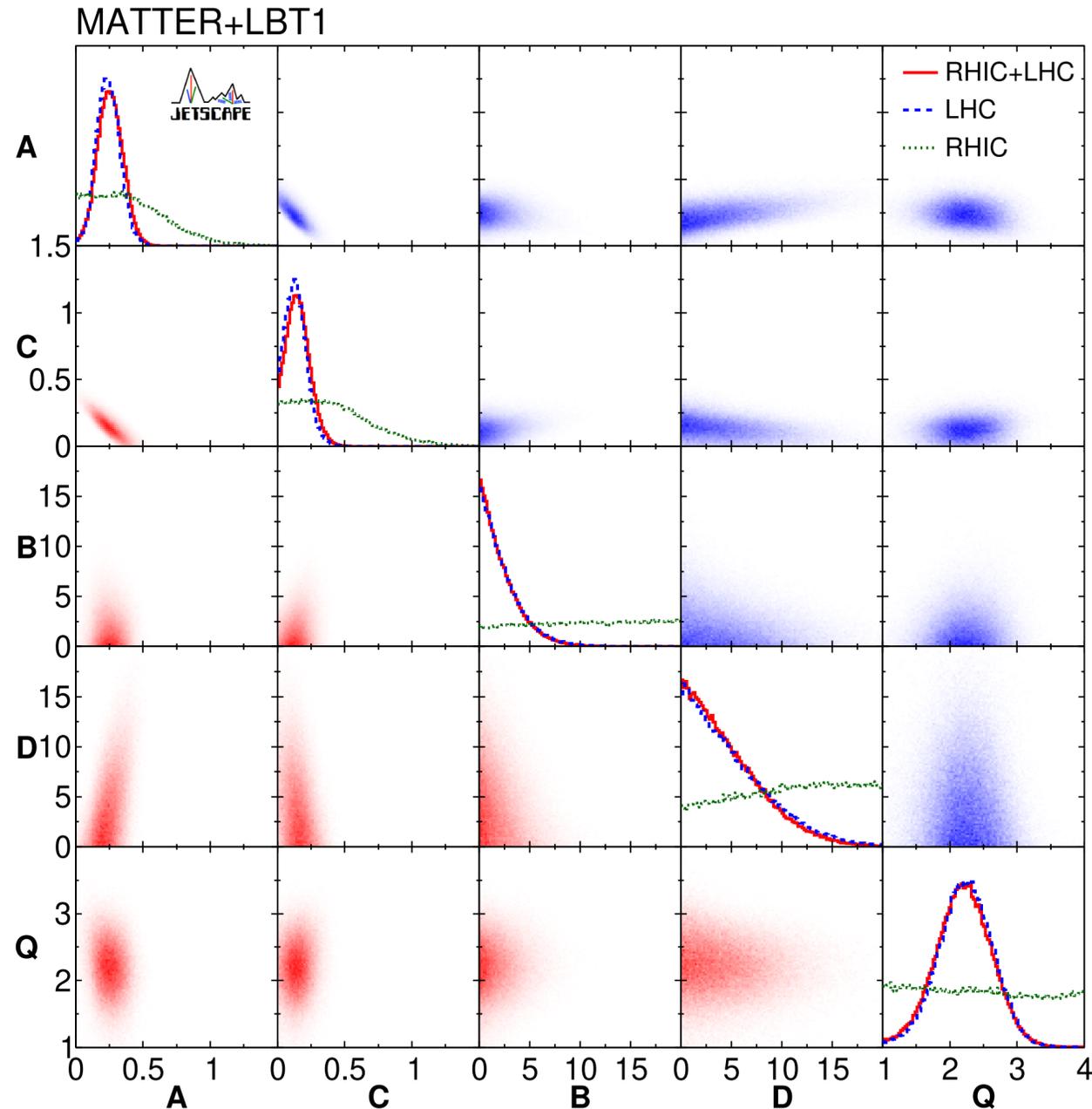
Main conclusions:

- Significant constraints on prior
- No evidence (yet) that multi-stage model improves agreement with data

Bayesian estimation of \hat{q}

JETSCAPE 2102.11337

Extraction of \hat{q} as a continuous function of T, p using inclusive hadron R_{AA} data from RHIC+LHC



Main conclusions:

- Significant constraints on prior
- No evidence (yet) that multi-stage model improves agreement with data
- Fit dominated by LHC data

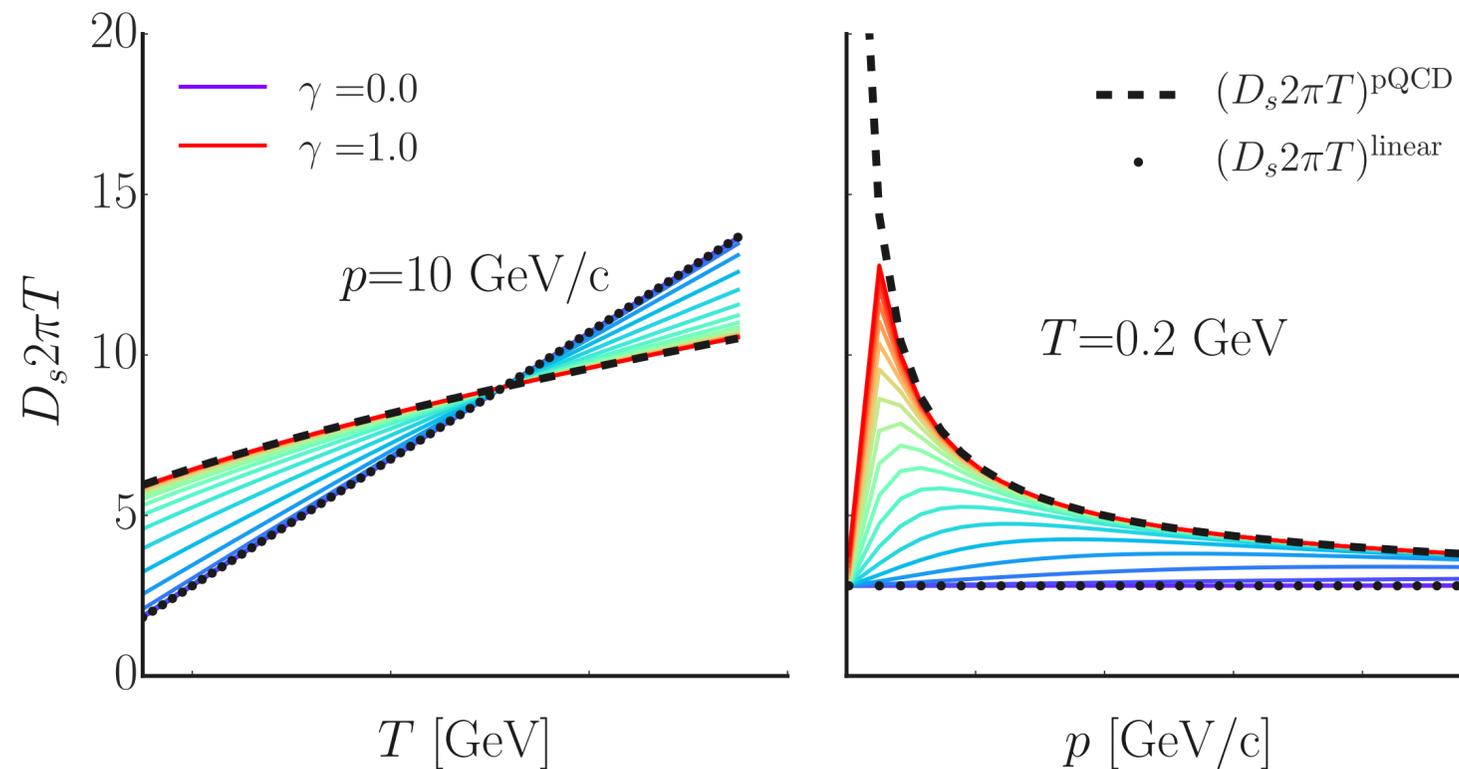
Due to choice of cutoff: $p_T < 8 \text{ GeV}/c$

Heavy quark diffusion

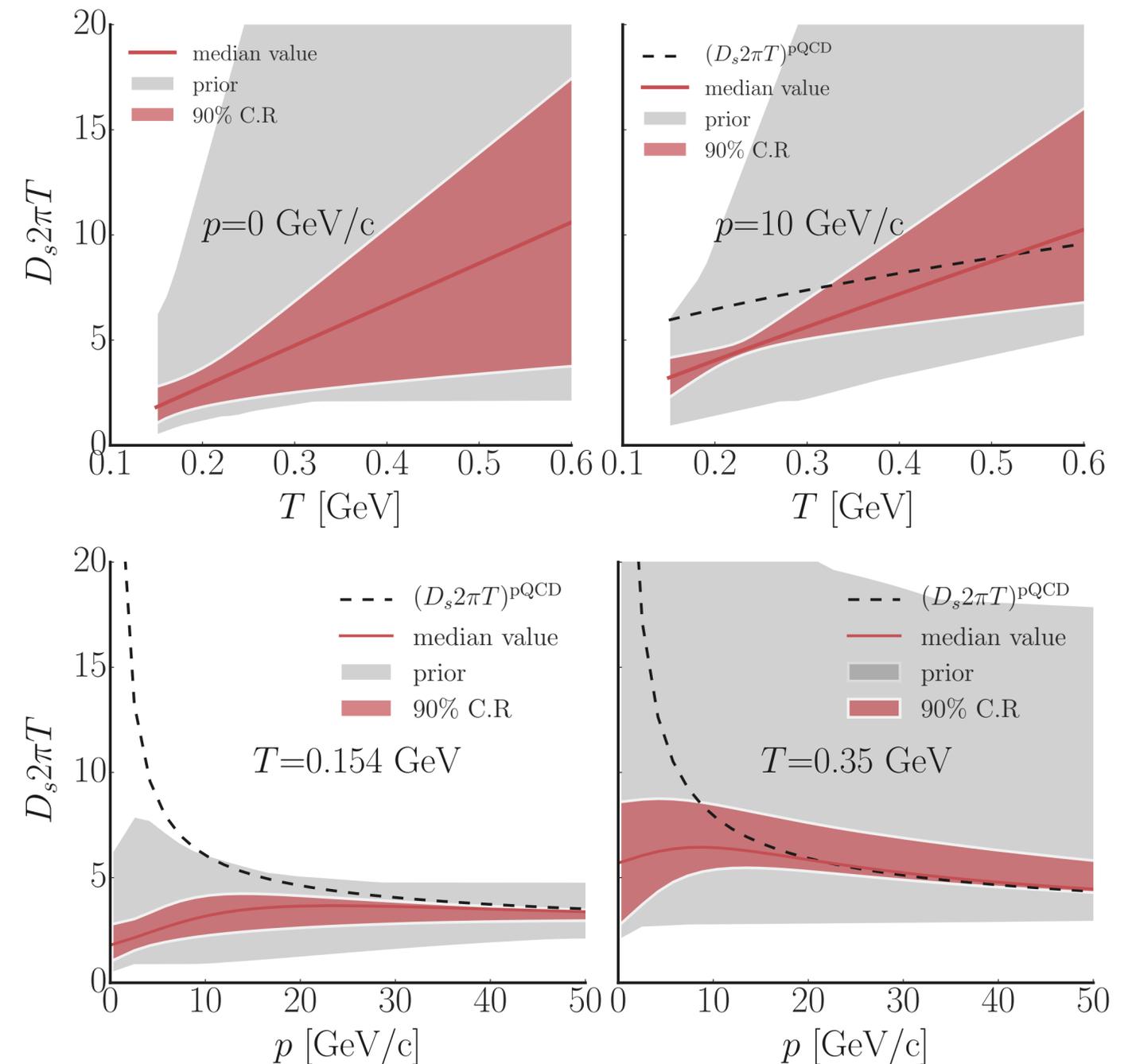
Xu, Bernhard, Bass,
Nahrgang, Cao (2018)

Parameterize spatial diffusion coefficient with nonperturbative and pQCD contributions:

$$D_s 2\pi T(T, \mathbf{p}) = \frac{1}{1 + (\gamma^2 p)^2} (D_s 2\pi T)^{\text{linear}} + \frac{(\gamma^2 p)^2}{1 + (\gamma^2 p)^2} (D_s 2\pi T)^{\text{pQCD}}$$



Bayesian estimation using D -meson R_{AA} , v_2



Summary

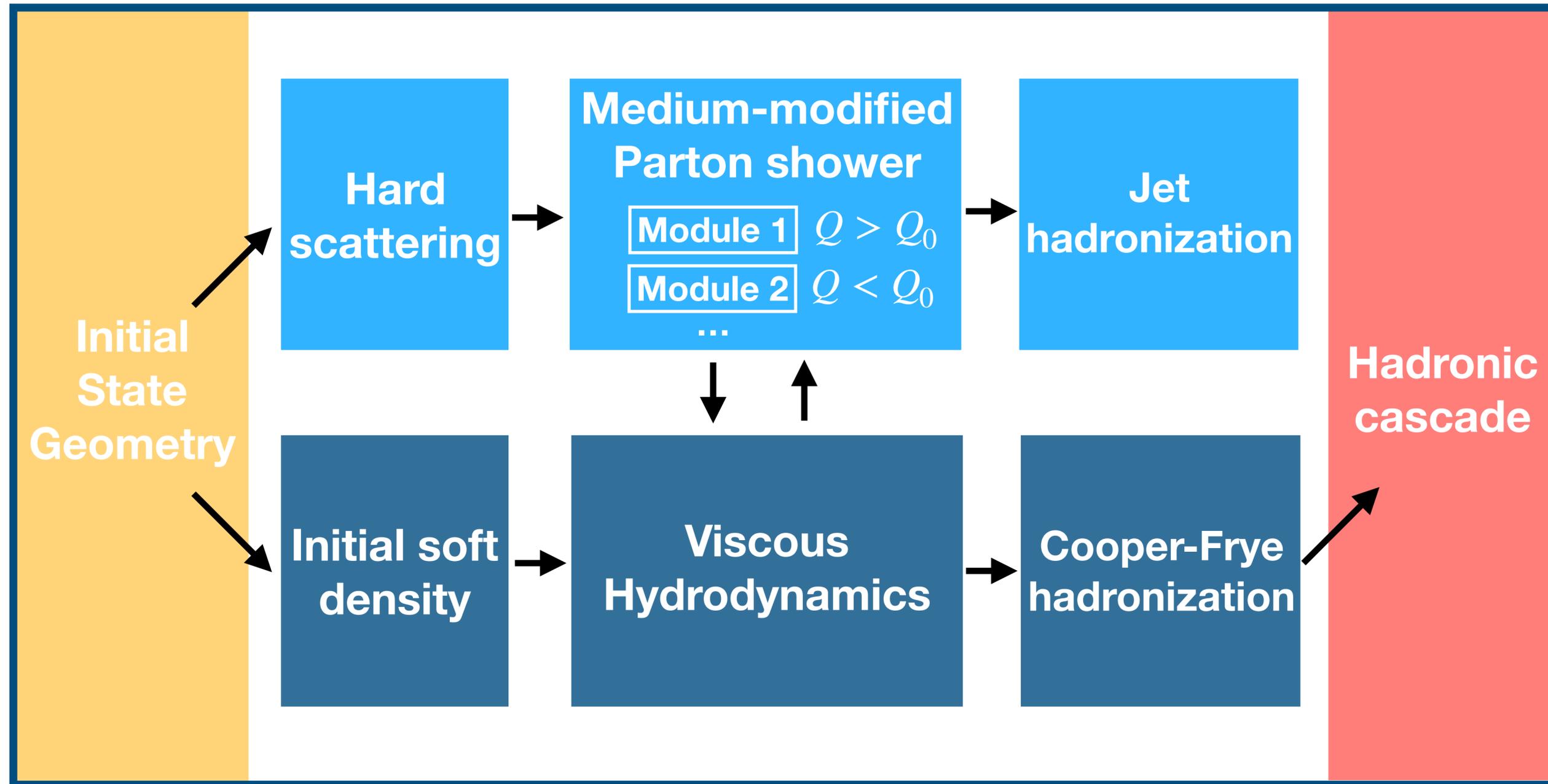
Bayesian parameter estimation has been actively used in recent years to extract a variety of properties of the quark-gluon plasma

- Soft sector
 - Handful of analyses: Shear and bulk viscosity, initial state, particlization, ...
 - Small systems: p-Pb, O-O
- Hard sector
 - Jets: proof-of-principle extraction of \hat{q} using inclusive hadron R_{AA} data
 - Heavy quarks: first Bayesian extraction of D_s using D meson R_{AA}, v_2

Some work done on model sensitivity and model selection
— important for future!

Backup

JETSCAPE



From Least Squares to Bayesian

Previous work: Separate fits of \hat{q} at RHIC and LHC for various pQCD models

JETSCAPE: Extraction of \hat{q} as a continuous function of T, p

