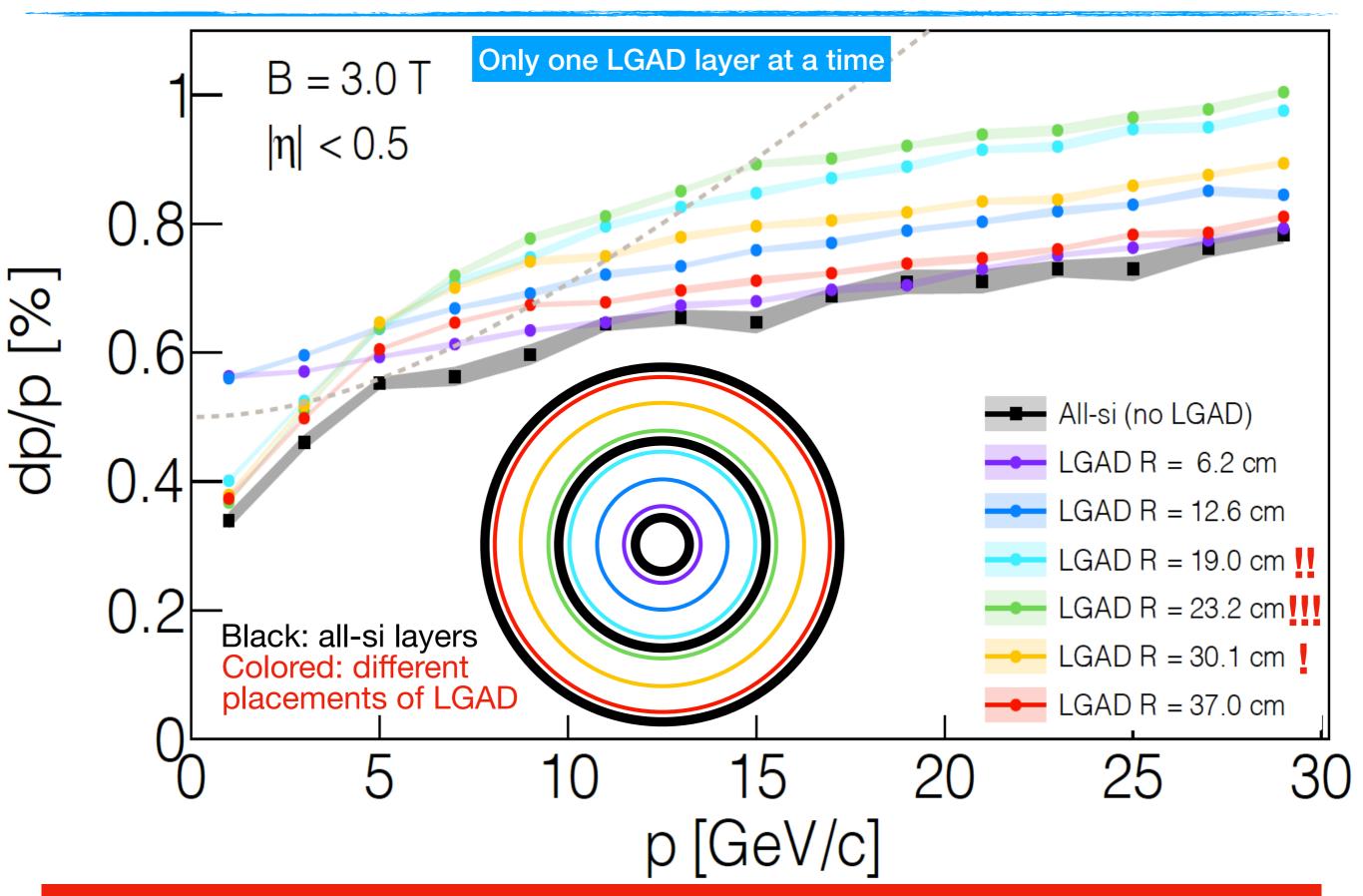
Barrel middle-layer material budget

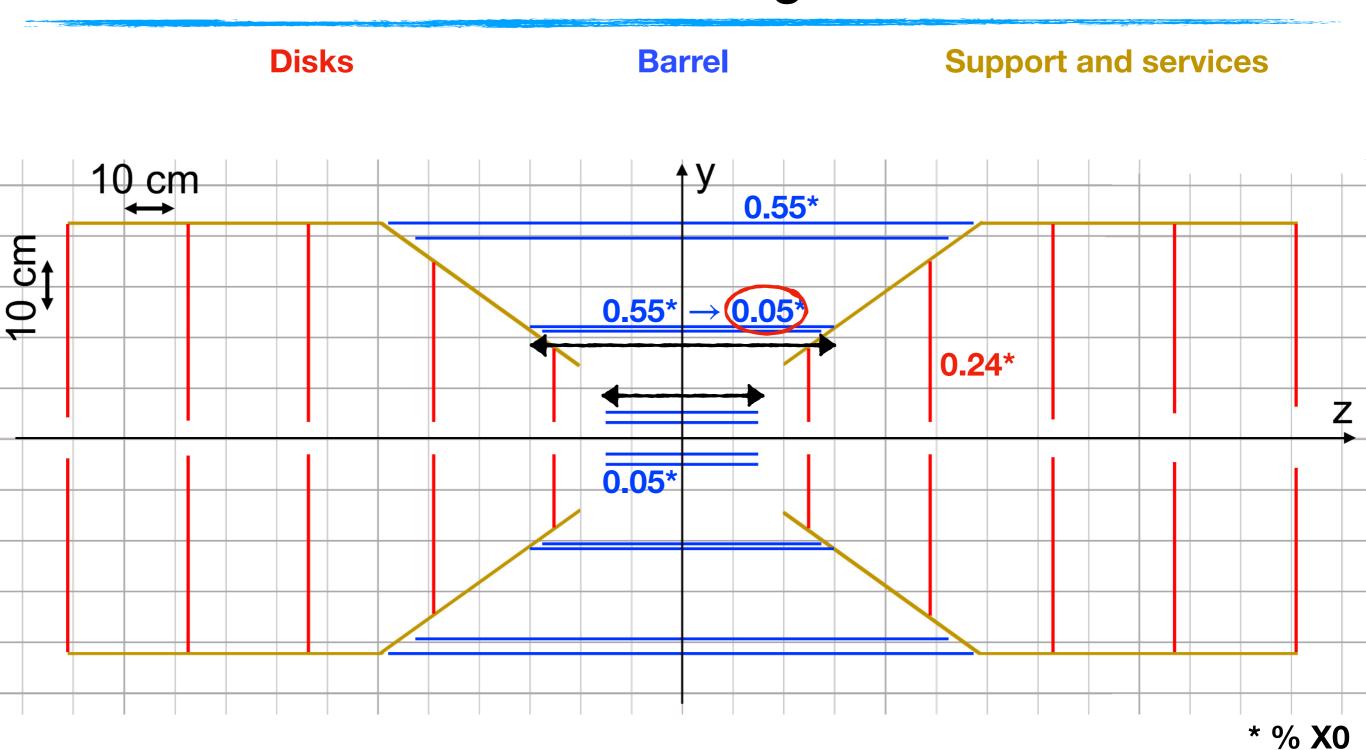


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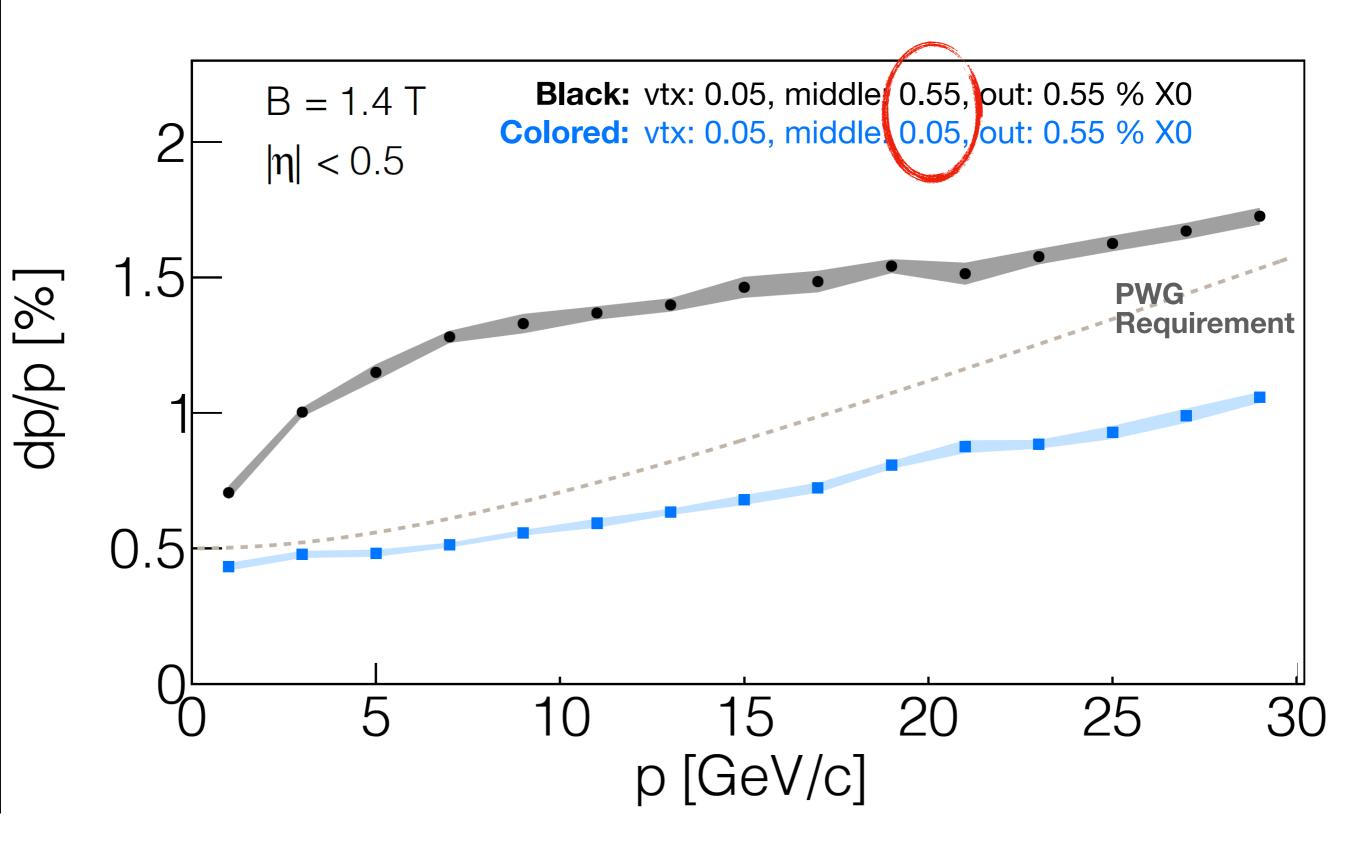
Placement of material inside the tracking volume



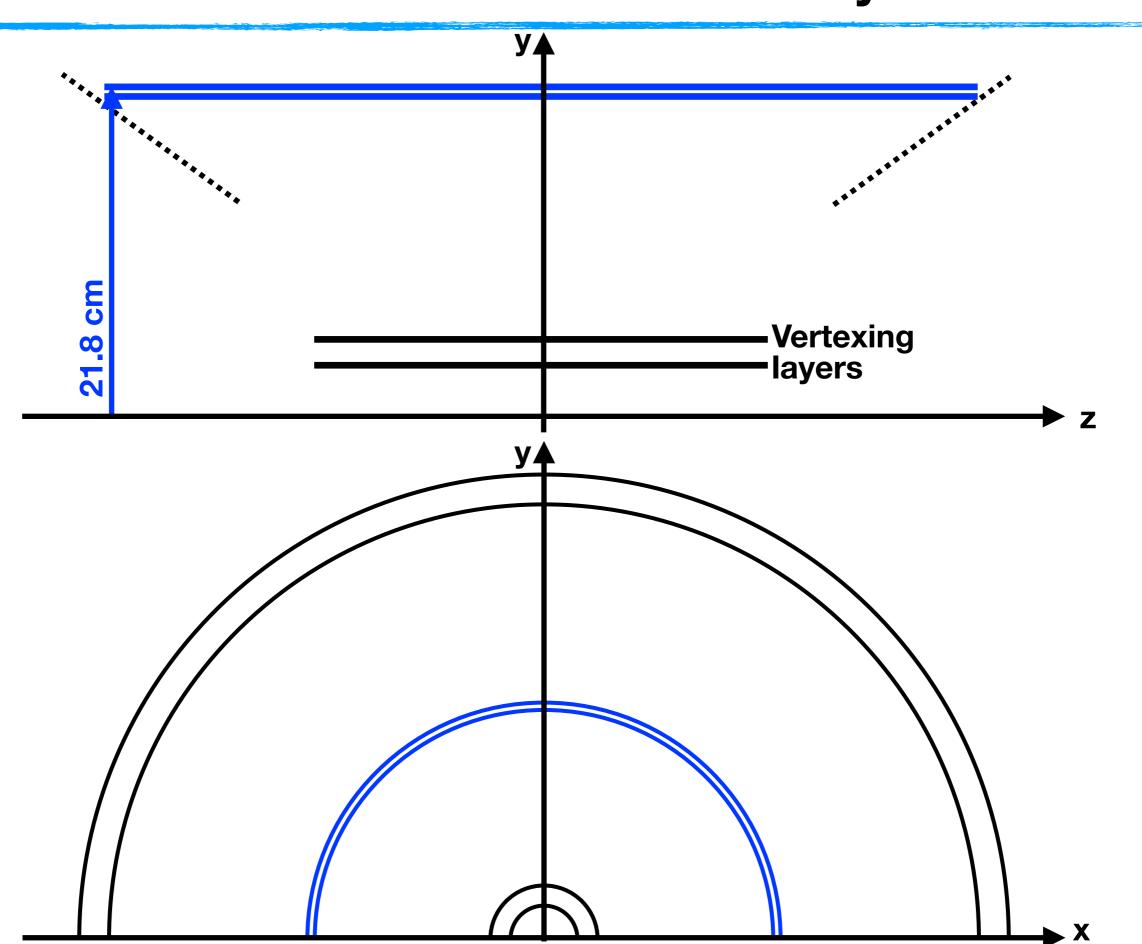
Detector diagram



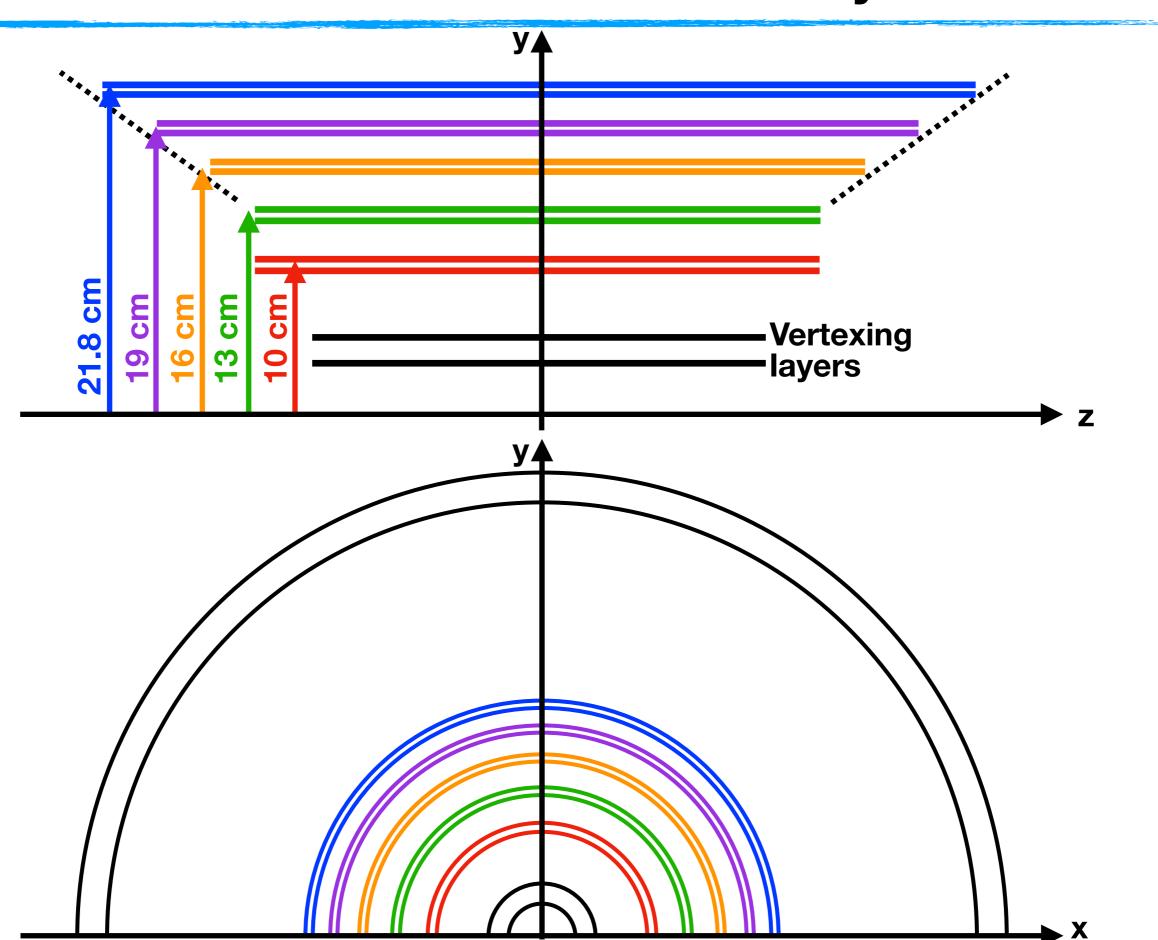
The middle layers are not much longer in z than the vertexing layers. Can we use the ultra thin (0.05 % X0) bent-silicon technology there? What do we gain?

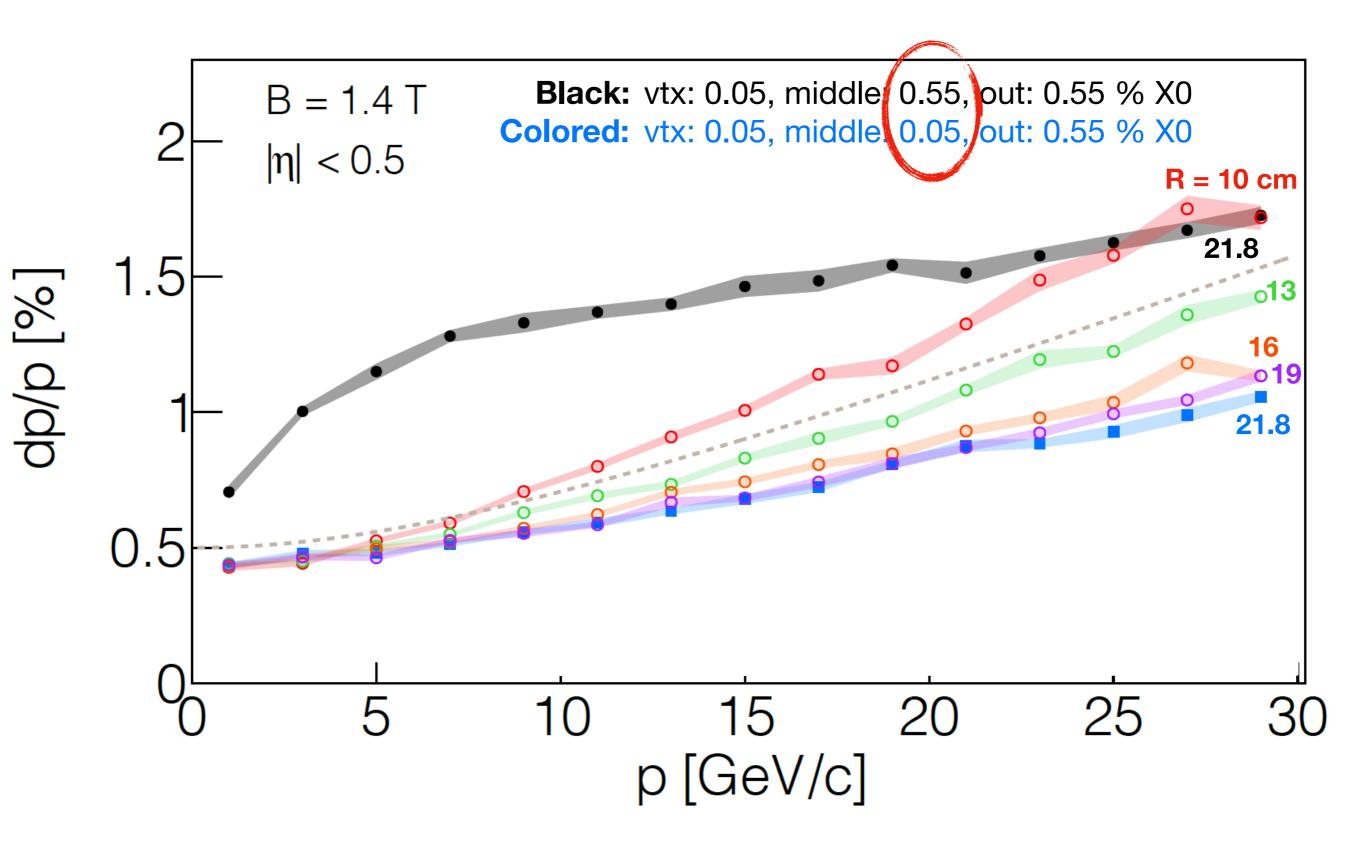


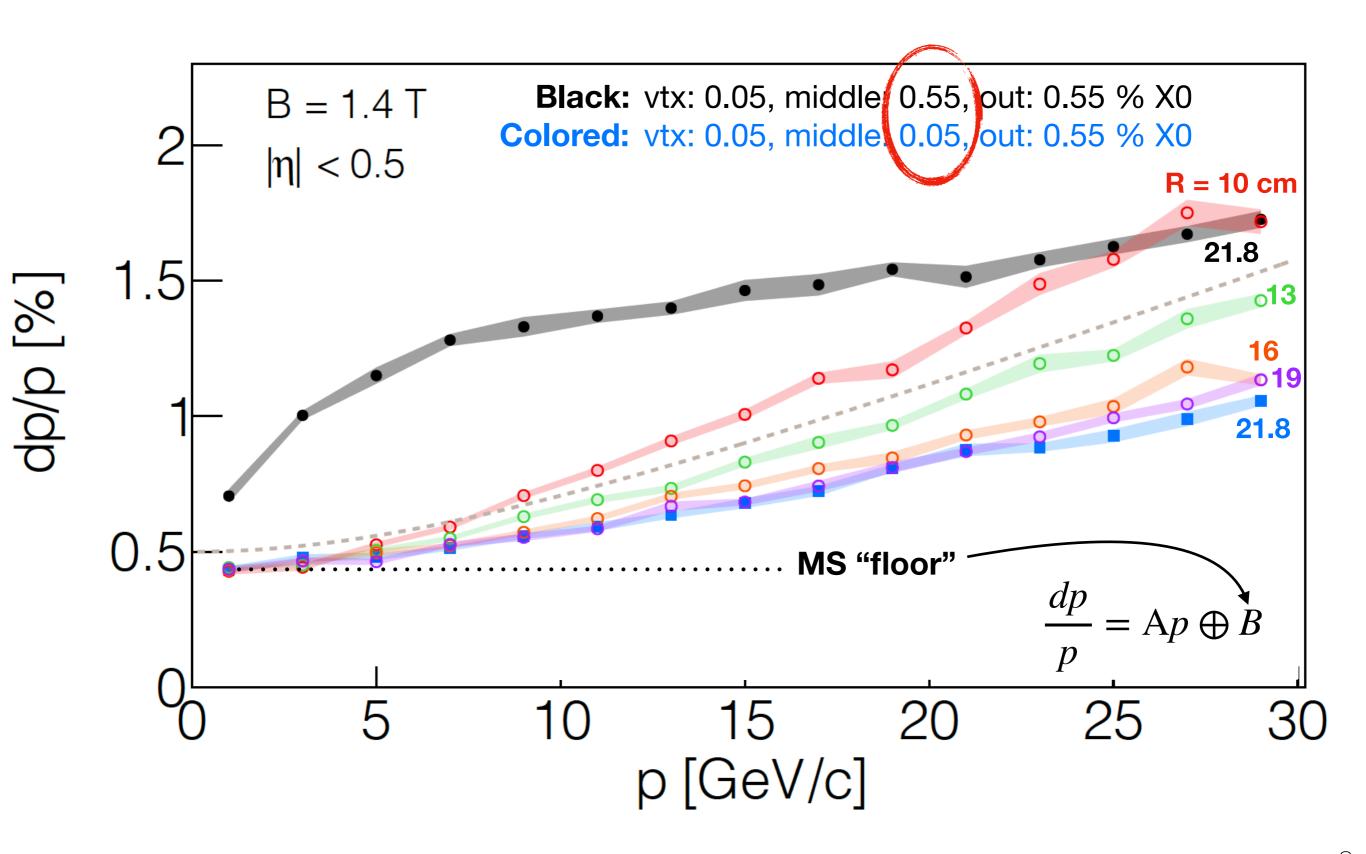
Placement of barrel middle layers

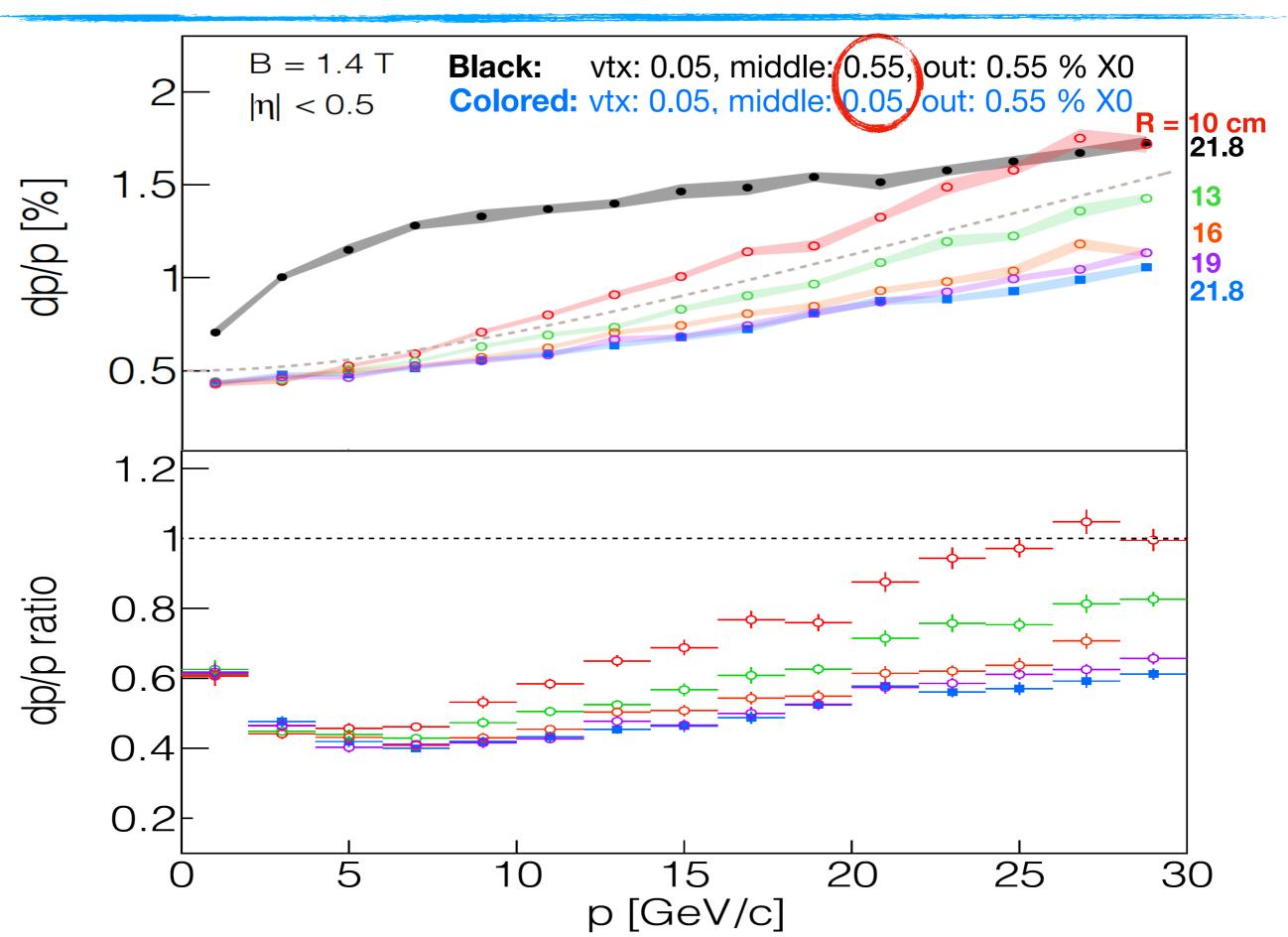


Placement of barrel middle layers

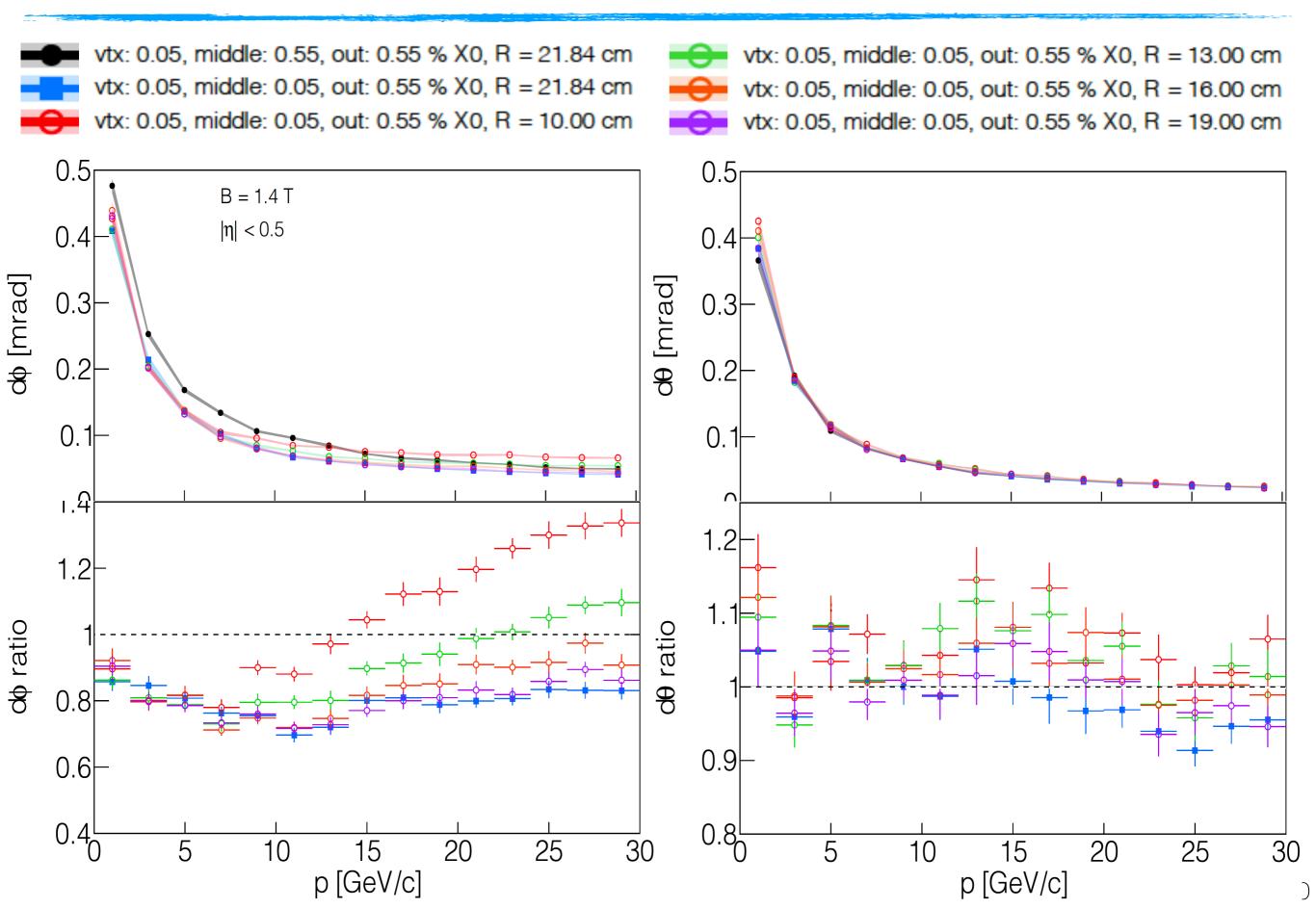








Angular resolution (at vertex)



Summary

- ☐ Momentum resolution can be significantly enhanced (~50%) if the ITS3 ultra-thin (0.05%) bent silicon technology is used for the middle (sagitta) barrel layers.
- This sets the detector momentum-resolution performance (for $|\eta| < 0.5$, B = 1.4 T) below the PWG requirements.
- ☐ Azimuthal-angle resolution improves by ~20%.
- ☐ Polar-angle resolution not significantly impacted by these changes.
- The radius (and thus the length in z) can be reduced significantly (from $r_s \approx 22\,\mathrm{cm}$ down to $r_s \approx 13\,\mathrm{cm}$) while still achieving a momentum resolution better than the PWG requirements.
- ☐ It would be useful to have an order-of-magnitude rough estimate for the cost of these variants.