

# MDP Diagnostics Update (M3)

Time-Frequency Domain Reflectometry for Quench Detection

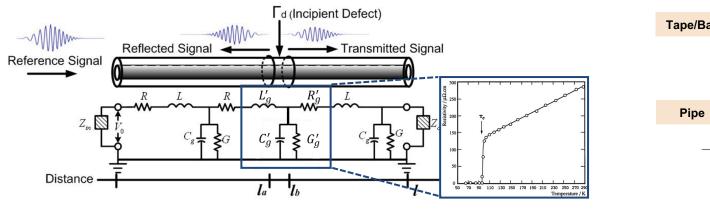
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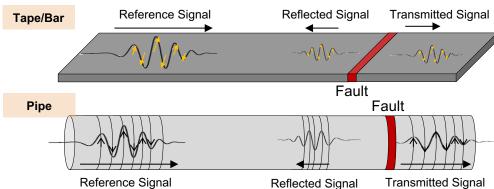
Presentation to US MDP General Meeting
Oct 27, 2021





## DEVELOPMENT Applicability of reflectometry to magnets





Electrical Signal Acoustic Signal

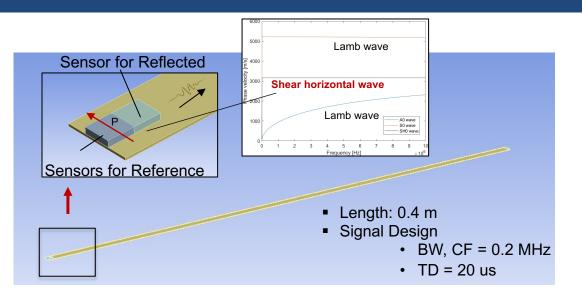
- Detection technique based on the reflection of waves at the discontinuity
- Electrical signal: Apply reference signal to two voltage lines with <u>insulation</u>
- Acoustic signal: Apply reference signal in the wave guide
- How do we apply reflectometry to the magnet?
  - 1. Additional wires with conductors
  - 2. Magnet mandrel (pipe)
  - 3. Conductor (tape/bar)
- Quench detection and localization
  - Crack, thermal load, thermal expansion ...

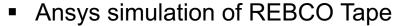
|          | Cers and 131 dipole   |
|----------|---|
| Allid-M3 | Development and test of a linear quench localization sensor on a Bi-2212 subscale and/or ReBCO CCT series |



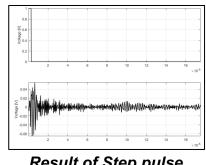


### Guided wave propagation in REBCO tape (ANSYS)

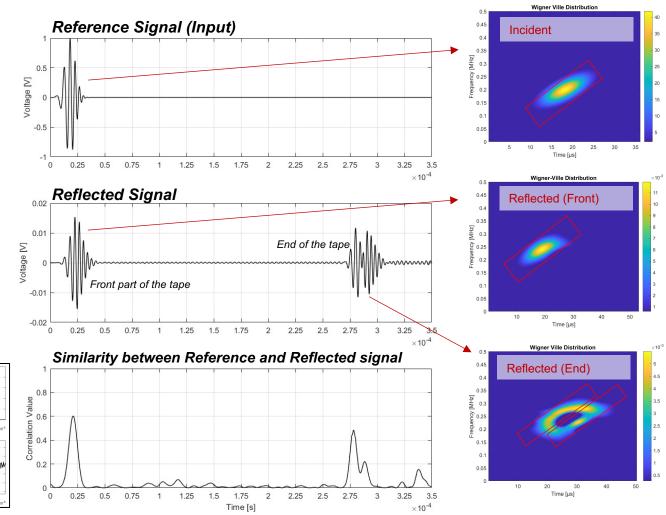




- SH (Shear-Horizontal) mode
- The chirp signal is easy for localization. (compared to step and sinusoidal)
  - Time-frequency domain reflectometry (TFDR)

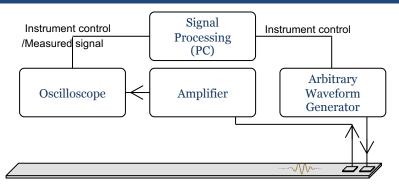


Result of Step pulse

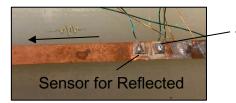




## DEVELOPMENT Fault detection and localization PROGRAM

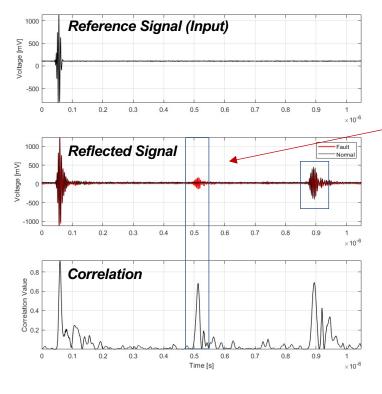


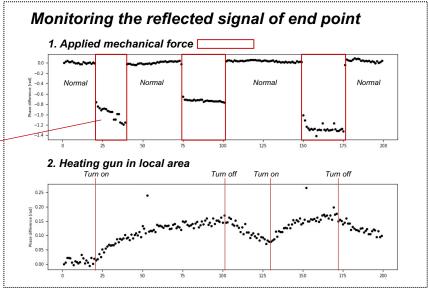
#### 2G HTS REBCO (SuperPower)

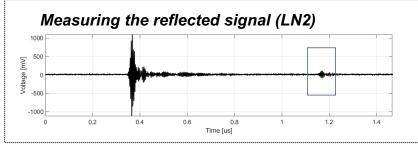


Sensors for Reference

- Length: 1.2 m
- Signal Design
  - BW, CF = 0.2 MHz
  - TD = 20 us







- Local change of HTS tape affects the acoustic wave propagation (Quench detection)
- Improvement is required for quench localization (hot spot)
  - Amplifiers, connector, new experimental setups







#### DEVELOPMENT Present and Future Plans PROGRAM

- Currently, amplifier is used only for measurement signals.
  - Changing the input voltage from 5V to 200V
- It is expected that the piezo sensor operation will be improved even at cryogenic temperature.
- Low temperature Elasticity of *Dysprosium*
  - Exhibits typical anomalies at specific temperature (87 K)
  - Tried with Foil type, but HTS tape will be covered with epoxy in powder in the next time.

• TFDR utilizing acoustic sensor can localize the mechanical failures for HTS tapes and cables (pipe), but improvement is still required to localize hot spots (thermal change).

